

# THE NAPAN

Vol. XLVI] No 49 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CAN

## THE DAYLIGHT STORE.

### Napanee's only Exclusive Dry Goods Store

Only 27 days left to do your shopping before Xmas, and every department in this great store has something to offer that will induce you to buy now. Might just as well make your selections at once. We will store anything purchased now until you call for it. The assortments are yet unbroken. Buy your Xmas presents now.

## Gloves!

The greatest event in glove-making ever happened in Napanee, and never before at a more opportune time to make a pair of Kid Gloves a Xmas box. 174 pair Ladies' Fine Kid Gloves, made from most carefully selected skins, grand prix seams, 2 clasp, well shaped, and the best made Pewny's Gloves in the market to-day. All sizes from 5½ to 7½ in newest shades of blue, red, green, tan, brown, mode, white and black. This is a very high grade glove. We bought too many, and our mistake is your gain. We will fit every pair perfectly and then there can be no mistake made, because "these Gloves positively will not be exchanged." The price of these gloves are \$1.00 per pair

(See Window)

Saturday 9 a.m. while they last 79c per pair.

Special

## OIL PAINTINGS.

Special

Saturday, November 30th, we will place on exhibition and sale one hundred Handsome Oil Paintings. These are genuine oils, imported from Munich, each one well mounted and framed in a handsome heavy gold burnished frame, set in polished oak outer frame. The frames alone are worth the price we are asking. There is a variety of Landscapes, etc. The handsome oil paintings were stopped in transit and we bought the consignment from the clearing house at a price, and it is your chance to get one of these beauties, valued at three times the price we are asking, \$2.50 to \$3.00

(Housefurnishing Dept.)

Saturday 9 a.m., November 30th, 69c each.

SEE WINDOW.

## Dress Goods.

5 pieces only best quality Tweed mixtures and black, 1 navy blue 44 to 54 inches wide, only 112 yards in all. To make a quick clearance of these splendid weight fabrics, regular 85c, \$1.00, and \$1.25

Saturday 9 a.m. 59c.

Splendid assortment of Corduroy Velvets in cream, red, green, etc., best velvets in the market for constant wear, nice large cord, regular 50c

Saturday 39c yard

Remnants of finest Dress Goods, Silks, etc., will be cleared at 50c on the dollar—we want more room.

(Dress Goods Section)

## FURS.

We carry the best line of Furs in Napanee. Cold weather will soon be here in earnest. Is it going to find you without a nice warm set of Furs, or a Fur Coat, or are you going to take advantage of the remarkable values and large assortment which we offer to those who buy this week. No where in Napanee will you find lines equal to ours, style, quality or assortment.

Stole and Muff to match for \$9.50 that has no equal.

Genuine Persian Lamb Coats, our price \$58.98 to \$150.00.

Fur Lined Coats our specialty.

Men's Coon Coats, we are headquarters.

(Fur Department)

## NOTION DEPARTMENT

Our assortment of Backcombs is marvelous, and our prices remarkably low. Beautifully studded Combs from 50¢ to special line of extra good quality Toilet Combs, regular 8c each, our price Saturday 5c each. A special in Hat Pins 5c each, call to see these, regular 25c each.

Ornaments for sleeves of children's coats, in red, white and blue, designs of stars, anchor, and coat of arms 5c to 10c each.

Newest novelties in rubber belting 50c yard.

An excellent range of Xmas Ribbons in Dresden, A. J. C. and other styles. Saturday 7c.

The latest in Opera Bags and Afternoon Bags pretty designs in light and dark silks, \$1.25 and \$1.50

The largest range of leather bags and purses. We are over stocked and some splendid samples of real leather bags. This assortment ranges from 50c to \$5.00 each.

## Fall in Line!

Don't wait until the eleventh hour for your

## Fall and Winter Suit or Overcoat

Order early when you have the full range to select from.

This is the busiest season we have ever had in our Tailoring Department.

There is only one explanation for it—we make stylish clothes and sell them on their merits.

## SUITS

\$15, 17, 20 and 24

## J. L. BOYES,

### TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,  
November 4th, 1907

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor H. Meng in the chair.

Members present—Reeve Lowry, and Councillors Graham, Williams, Simpson, Denison, and Kimmerly.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and confirmed.

### COMMUNICATIONS.

From the Excelsior Fire Brigade asking for their salary. Laid on table.

From the Excelsior Fire Brigade asking that the council engage Mr. John Chatterton for drawing the fire appliances to and from fires, night service only, at a salary of \$50 per year. Laid on table.

From G. C. T. Ward asking for payment of account rendered for charity cases. Laid on the table.

From W. S. Herrington, on behalf of the Public Library, asking that the council pay them the usual grant of \$250. The request was granted.

From the Home for incurable children, Toronto, asking the council for aid. Filed.

Mr. Davis, civil engineer of Berlin, was present at the Council and addressed the Board in reference to the sewage question of Napanee. He stated that he had been driven around Napanee and could say that the town was fortunately situated when the question of sewage was considered. From his examination of the McLean plan he gathered that it had been made with the sole purpose of taking care of sewage, and not for what is known as the combined system, which is intended to care for storm water, as well as sewage. As to the outlet for the sewer he favored Mr. McLean's idea—that is, that it should be on the other side of Light's wharf. In reference to the septic tank system in connection he

Ornaments for sleeves of children's coats, in red, white and blue, designs of stars, anchor, and coat of arms 5c to 10c each.

Newest novelties in rubber belting 50c yard.

An excellent range of Xmas Ribbons in Dresden, etc. A 25c range of plain ribbon, Saturday 7c.

Special assortment in Neck Beads in the newest color and white.

An enormous range of Toilet Pins in all shades and white, 1 doz pins to the card, for 5c.

## LINENS

Fancy Xmas lines arriving daily, best time to buy before the sets get broken, it costs no more to buy now and call for them when you wish.

Some beautiful dainty centre pieces in fine embroidery at \$3.50.

Cluny Lace Centres \$2.50.

Embroidered Centres, \$1.25.

Battenburg Squares, 40c.

Bedmask Squares, Trays, Doylies, etc., in large variety.

(Domestic Department.)

The latest in Opera Bags and Afternoon Bags pretty designs in light and dark silks, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

The largest range of leather bags and purses. We are over stocked and some splendid samples of the leather bags. This assortment ranges from 50c to \$5.00 each.

Novelty Hat Pins, and Swastika Pins 15c and 25 cents.

18 pair best white wool Gloves—all sizes, for a special, worth 35c per pair, Saturday, 9 a.m., 18c.

## Silk Embroidered Bolton Cloth.

Scarf, and Table Covers.

The finest things ever shown in Napanee in Bolton Cloth. These Scarfs are beautifully embroidered and the Toronto stores special price is \$4.89. Our prices for the three designs are \$3.00, 3.50, and 4.00, underselling the great metropolitan store by over 50 per cent.

Table Squares of this elegant type of embroidery are \$2.00 and \$2.50. The most elegant Xmas present you could think of.

(See Window.)

See the Paris Model Coats we are showing at \$12.00.

Visit our Readywear Department before you decide on your Winter Coat.

THE  
XMAS  
STORE.



Correct Dress  
for  
Women.

## LOOK HERE HORSESHOEING.

I am prepared to furnish snow, best and common shoes of all sizes, steel pointed at

25c. EACH.

A. O. SINE, Napanee.

## EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the estate of George McKeown, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 23, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 3, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of George McKeown, late of the Township of Lennox, in the County of Lennox and Addington, on, farmer, deceased, who died on or about the 1st day of October, A.D. 1907, are required to deliver or send by post, prepaid to Messrs. Deroche and Deroche, Napanee, Ont., solicitors for the last will and testament of the said Geo. McKeown, deceased, on or before the FIFTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A.D. 1907, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said Tenth Day of December, A.D. 1907, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

DEROCHE & DEROCHE,

Solicitors for the said Executors.

Dated the 7th day of November, 1907. 47d

## DOG LOST---\$10 REWARD.

Very small, silver grey and black (long haired) female. Sky or Scotch Terrier, weighs about 10 lbs., short tail, answers to the name of TRINIE. The above reward will be paid for the return of the dog to the Chief of Police, Napanee, or any one giving information that will lead to the recovery of the Dog will receive the above reward.

### WARNING

Any person or persons found with the dog in their possession after a reasonable length of time after this notice will be prosecuted.

A. B. McPHEE, Owner



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Servant's Quarters, R.M.C., Kingston, Ont." will be received at this office until Friday, December 6, 1907, inclusively, for the work above described.

Plans and specifications can be seen and forms of tender obtained at this Department, and on application to H. P. Smith, Esq., Architect, Kingston.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

FRED. GELINAS,

Secretary.

Department of Public Works.

Ottawa, November 18, 1907.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of Alphas Philip Wickware, late of the Village of Cloyne, in the Township of Angelsea, in the County of Lennox and Addington, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having any claims or demands against the late Alphas Philip Wickware, who died on or about the 11th day of August, 1905, at the Village of Cloyne in the Township of Angelsea, in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario are required to send by prepaid or to deliver to the undersigned Philip Almont Wickware, the executor and trustee under the will of the said Alphas Philip Wickware, their names and addresses and full particulars in writing of their claims and statements of their accounts and the nature of the securities if any held by them.

And take notice that on the 19th day of February, 1908, the said Philip Almont Wickware will proceed to distribute all the assets of the said deceased, then in his hands among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he then shall have notice and that the said Philip Almont Wickware will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any persons of whose claim he shall not then have received notice.

PHILIP ALMONT WICKWARE,

Sole Executor of the will of the deceased

Alphas Philip Wickware.

Dated at Cloyne this 19th day November 1907.

49d.

The farmers in the counties of Eastern Ontario from Belleville to Brockville have been compelled to sell fifty per cent of their stock because of the scarcity of feed," said W. J. Paul, M. P., at the Palmer House, Toronto.

"From Tunworth station 2,000 cattle have been shipped this fall and from the next station six miles away 3,000 head have been shipped. Hay is selling for \$22 and \$23 per ton, and the farmers cannot afford to pay that price in order to winter their stock."

Coal, Oil, Gas and Gasoline Stoves  
M. S. MADOLE.

examination of the McLean plan he gathered that it had been made with the sole purpose of taking care of sewage, and not for what is known as the combined system, which is intended to care for storm water, as well as sewage. As to the outlet for the sewer he favored Mr. McLean's idea—that is, that it should be on the other side of Eight's wharf. In reference to the septic tank system in connection he thought the cost would be some where in the neighborhood of \$10,000, roughly speaking. As to whether the septic tanks would prevent the emptying of germs in the river, he would not like to say. At any rate the septic tank system extracted about 50 per cent of the organic matter from the sewage. The septic tanks would, in all probability have to be cleaned about once in every twelve months. The contents would be pumped out and spread upon the ground, and after drying, would be piled up and burned. Mr. Davis seemed to be of the opinion that the town's first need was a good water supply for domestic purposes. Even though the town installed a complete sewer system, an outbreak of typhoid fever, similar to that of last summer, or even worse, might again be Napanee's portion, that is, if we are again visited with an unusually dry season. He stated that at a very small cost, mechanical filters could be installed above the falls and the water from the river when thus treated could be used for domestic purposes, and the town would then be free from contaminated water. When Mr. Davis returns to Berlin he will formulate a report and send it to the town, which will no doubt more fully explain matters pertaining to this important question.

Messrs. M. S. Madole, W. T. Gibbard, F. W. Smith and others appeared as a deputation in reference to the Hay Bay Ferry. Mr. Madole in a very clear and intelligent manner explained to the council how the business men of Napanee had taken up the question of this ferry, and besides devoting considerable time, and an amount of \$750 had done everything in their power to divert back to Napanee the trade which, in consequence of their being no ferry at this point, was going to Picton, and in his opinion, and to his certain knowledge, they had been successful. At the present time the committee who had charge of the construction of the ferry was a trifle behind financially, and was of the opinion that the town should subscribe something towards paying this off, and the deputation asked the council to contribute the sum of \$100.

The other gentlemen of the deputation spoke along the same lines as Mr. Madole.

Moved by Coun. Kimmerly, seconded by Coun. Lowry, that this council grant the \$100 asked for. Carried unanimously.

On motion of Coun. Denison, seconded by Coun. Graham, the matter of sending Wm. Appleby to the House of Providence, Kingston, was left in the hands of the Poor and Sanitary Committee with power to act.

Moved by Councillors Kimmerly and Denison that the clerk write the Waterworks Company asking them for a copy of the agreement drawn up in 1892, amending the original contract with the town.

On motion the clerk was instructed to write Dr. Ward and ask him to submit a detailed statement of his account.

On motion of Councillors Kimmerly and Denison the salary of the firemen was ordered paid.

Moved by Reeve Lowry, seconded by Coun. Graham, that the question of securing the services of Mr. John Chatterton for drawing fire appliances to and from fires be left in the hands of the Fire Water and Light Committee with power to act. Carried.

On motion of Coun. Simpson, seconded by Coun. Denison the clerk was instructed to draw an order on the

ENGLISH SPAVIN LINIMENT removes all hard, soft or calloused humps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ringbone, sweeney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by—T. B. Wallace,



# EE EXPRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

NADA—FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22nd 1907

treasurer for \$40 to pay Mr. Davis, civil engineer, of Berlin.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

Geo. Greer.....	\$ 23 38
M. S. Madole.....	81 92
Wm. Loucks.....	16 25
Madden Bros.....	59 50
Mrs. Richardson.....	3 00
Mrs. Fitchett.....	16 00
S. W. Pringle.....	3 00
Ball Telephone.....	1 25
Chas. Pollard.....	4 50
Electric Light Commissioners.....	81 33
John Foreman, Montreal.....	119 19
Chas. Walters, freight.....	3 79

An account of T. B. Wallace, \$15.87, was referred to the Town Property Committee with power to act.

The treasure was granted a voucher for payments amounting to \$88.65.

On motion of Councillors Lowry and Denison the services of Chas. Pollard, pound-keeper, was dispensed with for the season.

Council adjourned.

Free To Any Lady.

A spray of the newsst and one of the most delicate perfumes, free to any lady at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

## BATH.

Miss Clara Purvis has just returned from a two weeks' visit with friends in Kingston and Battersea.

Miss Northmore, Brooklyn, N. Y., is visiting her brother here, Dr. H. S. Northmore.

The schooner Briton arrived on Monday with a cargo of coal for G. A. Wartman.

Faber Covert left her on Thursday for Medina, N. Y.

P. C. Parvin spent Sunday in Kingston, the guest of Dr. C. C. Nash.

Everybody's Opportunity.

If your eyes are causing you trouble, or the glasses you are now wearing are not giving you perfect service, the optician in charge of the optical department at the Medical Hall will be pleased to locate the difficulty for you, free of charge. We guarantee satisfaction.—Fred L. Hooper.

## ERINSVILLE.

A number from here attended the at-home given in Baker's Hall, Marlbank.

The appearance of town was greatly improved by the completion of Mr. Hopkin's new residence.

Misses Maggie and Minnie and Mr. Will Kennedy spent Sunday the guests of Miss Maggie Lynch.

Mr. Turkington, Marlbank, passed through here on Sunday enroute to Tamworth.

Miss Cecily and Marion Murphy attended at McAvoy's, Stoco.

A Box Social will be held in St. Patrick's Hall in the near future.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

## TAMWORTH.

Mr. L. E. Rose and bride left Saturday morning for Boston, Mass.

Clarence Wagar, of Deloraine, Man, is visiting his brother, L. Wagar, for a few days.

W. J. Paul and his brother, Neil, made a flying trip to Ottawa Monday.

Frank Renaud, of West Port, is in town renewing acquaintances.

W. Carney went to Roslyn Tuesday for a visit to his home.

W. D. Mace, of Winnipeg, is in town making arrangements at his mill.

W. N. Wagar, Howard Armstrong, Jim Wood and John Wagar are out deer hunting.

## MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP PAYS BROCKVILLE WELL.

Brockville, November 19th—Brockville's municipal light and power department has just closed another highly successful year's business, as shown by the report of the town auditors of the board of commissioners. The revenue amounted to \$27,954.32 from gas, \$13,298.28 from electricity and \$58.50 for discounts, making a total of \$41,311.10. The working expenses were \$28,644.55, leaving an actual gross profit of \$17,666.00. Out of this was paid debenture interest, \$5374.50; on debenture debt, \$6727.23, written off for depreciation, \$3084.14; and law costs, \$514.05, leaving a net profit of \$1361.68. The year's revenue exceeds that of 1907 by \$810.35, notwithstanding that a cut of 12 1-2c per 1000 cubic feet was made in the price of gas to consumers. The figures of 1906 were: gas \$28,655.40; electricity, \$16,845.35.

In 1907 the gas revenue fell away somewhat owing to the reduction in the rate, while the electricity returns gained \$1452.93. The plant was purchased by the corporation seven years ago at a cost of \$100,000. Since then an additional \$65,000, raised by debentures also, has been expended in improvements. Out of the revenue from the plant the debenture debt has been liquidated from \$165,000 to \$128,357, besides a lowering of the rate of gas from \$2 to \$1.13 1-2 per 1000 cubic feet and the cutting of the price of electricity 50 per cent. The department has total assets of \$192,344.

Comparative revenue of the last six years follows: 1902-1, \$35,730.15; 1902-3, \$38,341.30; 1903-4, \$39,656.11; 1904-5, \$40,006.00; 1905-6, \$45,623.07; 1906-7, \$46,311.10. The actual net profits after liquidating debentures, interest and operating expenses for seven years are \$8451.85. Bad debts are unknown to the department. During the year every account due the department was collected.

Trial Catarrh treatments are being mailed out free, on request, by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. These tests are proving to the people—a penny's cost—the great value of this scientific prescription known to druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. Sold by ALL DEALERS.

## LAPUM.

G. C. Davey, who had charge of Lapum milk route to Robert Metzler's factory, made his last trip on Saturday. He has provided satisfactory to all.

Walter Brown, Wilton, will take charge of the meeting in the school house here on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Clara Lapum returned home on Saturday, after spending a few weeks with her mother, Mrs. R. Breden, Odessa.

A few from here attended the Halloween party at Ralph Burgess, Maple Avenue.

Mr. Daley's tea waggon, Napanee, passed through here on Monday.

A number from here attended the quarterly meeting in Wilton on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Pringle spent last Sunday in Murvale, with Mr. and Mrs. Michael VanLoven.

Mrs. Emily Simpkins spent Thanksgiving with her niece, Mrs. J. E. Boulton.

## DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE

Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and Portland Cement.

COAL FOR Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.

The Rathbun Co. R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

I.C.E.

Ice season is here. First comer first served.

S. CASEY DENISON,

FOR SALE—A good Base-Burner, at a bargain. Apply to T. W. JOHNSON, Newburgh Road. 45tf

## PICTON SCHOOL OF COMMERCE and FINANCE

A High-Grade Business College that fits students for all HIGH-GRADE office positions, Commercial Specialists' Examinations, Primary and Intermediate Chartered Accountancy Examinations, and expert Stenographic work. Our last two graduates were sent to positions at \$15 and \$21 per week respectively, and our last teacher at \$150 per annum. No graduate is out of a position. The student entering who knows nothing of the work, and the advanced student, receives alike individual attention. Enter any time.

Our "ALBUM" is FREE.

Drop a card to....

J. R. SAYERS, Picton,  
Prin. and Prop.

## HISTORICAL.

The village of Napanee was incorporated as a town in 1865. A list of the names of those gentlemen who occupied the Mayors' chair since that time follows:

- 1865-67—Benjamin C. Davy.
- 1868-9, 1870-1—James C. Huffman.
- 1872-3-4—Amzi L. Morden.
- 1875-6-7—Walter S. Williams.
- 1878—Archibald McNeill.
- 1879—Charles James.
- 1880-1—Alexander Henry.
- 1882-3—Charles James.
- 1884-5—Wilder Joy.
- 1886—Uriah Wilson.
- 1887-8—Dr. H. L. Cooke.
- 1879-1880—Thomas G. Carscallen.
- 1890—Jehial Alswoth.
- 1892—Edwin S. Lapum.
- 1893—Raymond A. Leonard.
- 1894-5—Charles Stevens.
- 1896—John Carson.
- 1897—Dr. G. C. T. Ward.
- 1898—Thomas Jamison.
- 1899—Thomas D. Prayn.
- 1900-1—Thomas G. Carscallen.
- 1902—George F. Rutman.
- 1903—John P. Vrooman.
- 1904—Marshall S. Madole.

## DOXSEE & CO.

The Best for the Prices.

## BLACK JACKETS

Our special coat feature is a serviceable line of Plain Cloth Coats for ladies, in all sizes, well tailored, lined and unlined.

Satisfactory winter UNDERWEAR for women and misses, all prices according to quality. Come and see before buying.

## MILLINERY.

All the newest and up-to-date goods in felts, feathers, flowers, wings and osprey.

## The Leading Millinery House.

HOUSE TO RENT—Desirable Brick House, on Bridge Street, hard and soft water, nice garden and barn. Apply to MRS. ALEX. WILKINS. 47

WANTED, by Chicago wholesale house, special representative (man or woman) for each province Canada. Salary \$20.00 and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Business successful; position permanent. No investment required. Previous experience not essential to engaging. Address Manager, 132 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

## VOTERS' LIST APPEALS.

Notice is hereby given that a Court will be held pursuant to the Ontario Voters' Lists Act, by His Honor Cornelius Vallean Price, Judge of the County Court of the County of Lennox and Addington, at the Court House in the Town of Napanee, on Friday, the 29th day of November, A. D. 1907, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, to hear and determine complaints of errors and omissions in the Voter's List, of the Municipality of the Town of Napanee.

W. A. GRANGE,

Clerk of the Municipality of the Town of Napanee and of the Court.

Dated at Napanee this 14th day of November, A. D., 1907. 48b

## FURS

Furs made and remodelled in First-Class Style. Prices Reasonable.

a flying trip to Ottawa Monday.  
Frank Renaud, of West Port, is in town renewing acquaintances.  
W. Carney went to Roslyn Tuesday for a visit to his home.  
W. D. Mace, of Winnipeg, is in town making arrangements at his mill.  
W. S. Wagar, Howard Armstrong, Jim Wood and John Wagar are out deer hunting.  
Quite a number of the local Orangemen went out to Centerville Friday night to receive the Black Degrees.

Axes, cross cut saws, buck saws, axe handles, saw files, saw sets at  
**BOYLE & SON'S.**

#### DENBIGH

The legal hunting season for Deer has closed again for this year and outside hunters have returned with what game they got to their respective homes. There were considerable more Settlers Permits to hunt deer issued this year by our Township Clerk than usual. The reason for so increased a demand was an unannounced call of a Government Game Inspector at some of the hunting camps in this district.

Mr. Hugo Schweneik sold his farm of 169 Acres to Miss Mary Greer and is going to quit farming. Miss Greer has placed her parents in possession of her new Estate, and left again for Cass City, Michigan.

Some more of our farmers, sons and daughters have left home for the winter at least. Miss Jane Dool went to Toronto, Misses Emma and Martha Stein to Ottawa and Fred Stein and Wm. Rahm to the Bessemer Iron Mines.

Miss Dora Chatson, of Toronto, and her brother, Frank, of Brockville, are home with parents for a good visit.

Mr. George Fritsch, of Renfrew, is also spending a couple of weeks visiting friends and relatives here.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the  
Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

A number from here attended the quarterly meeting in Wilton on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Pringle spent last Sunday in Murvale, with Mr. and Mrs. Michael VanLoven.

Mrs. Emily Simpkins spent Thanksgiving with her niece, Mrs. J. E. Boulton.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Brown spent Thursday with friends in Napanee.

Gideon Joyner, Yarker, spent Sunday, here with his brother, Chas. Joyner.

Mrs. James Huff and son, Clifford, spent Thursday with Mrs. William Pringle.

Edward Joyner is spending a few weeks with his sister, Mrs. Frances Wallace, Colebrooke.

G. Freeman, Sydenham, came over on Sunday to C Joyner's and was accompanied home by Mrs. Freeman, who had been spending a few days here.

Lamps for light, reading lamps, parlor lamps, hall lamps, hanging lamps. Largest stock and best made at

**BOYLE & SON'S.**

#### BELL ROCK

We have been favored with fine weather for a few days, which is a great boon to the farmers, the cattle are still ranging over the pastures, and the ploughing is finished up in good order.

There will be reopening services in the Methodist church here morning and evening on Sunday the 1st of December.

The first of a series of parlor socials will be given at the home of Mrs. Marten on Monday evening the 1st proximo.

Miss Maitland is training her pupils for a concert, which will be held on Friday evening the 13th Dec.

Visitors: Miss Goldie Sanborn at home; Richard Carrol, Tamworth, at J. Yorke's; Miss S. Vanvolkenburg and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Leeman at E. James; Rev. G. Churchill at Mrs. Marten's; Mr. Drew, LongLake, at E. M. Sanborn's.

1893—Raymond A. Leonard.  
1894-5—Charles Stevens.  
1896—John Carson.  
1897—Dr. G. C. T. Ward.  
1898—Thomas Jamison.  
1899—Thomas D. Pruyn.  
1900-1—Thomas G. Carscadden.  
1902—George F. Ruttan.  
1903—John P. Vrooman.  
1904—Marshall S. Madole.  
1904-6—John Lowry.  
1907—Herman Meng.

The Historical Society would like to secure a photo of each of the above gentlemen. It is impossible for the officers to call on the family of each to secure this photograph, and they would consider it a favor if the pictures were sent in as soon as possible. They will be properly framed to hang in the Historical hall.

The Society would also like a biographical sketch of each mayor, and anyone having the required information will aid materially by sending it to one of the officers.

Very faithfully,  
CLARENCE M. WARNER,  
President.

#### Big Discount Sale.

Of crockery, china, and glassware, for the next sixty days, especially in dinner sets of all shades and patterns and in prices ranging from \$5.00 to \$25.00. In order to reduce them considerable we will give a special discount of 10 off the regular prices for the next sixty days, we can assure any one wanting sets that they will do well to avail themselves of this chance as our goods and prices are always right and our stock of groceries etc., are up to date in all lines and will be sold at lowest prices.

**THE COXALL CO.**

We would call the attention of our readers to Andrew D. McFee's advertisement on page one, "Dog Lost." A reward of \$10 is offered for its return.

6 lbs. Salts or 6 lbs. of pure linseed meal (containing all the oil) for 25 cts. at Wallace's Drug Store.

D. B. Taylor is retiring after eight years as editor and manager of The Tweed Weekly News, during which time he has built up the circulation until, as he proudly relates, it is the largest in the County of Hastings, Belleville's dailies not excepted. Mr. Taylor, who will hereafter be connected with The Sentinel-Review and Rod and Gun, at Woodstock, will be succeeded at Tweed by Redfern Brown, formerly of The Hamilton Spectator and recently of The Belleville Sun. Mr. W. J. Taylor still remains the proprietor of the News.

**Steam, Hot Water and  
Hot Air Heating a specialty.  
M. S. Madole.**

## THE CROWN BANK OF CANADA

**NAPANEE BRANCH.**

**R. G. H. TRAVERS, Manager.**

Every customer's account is looked upon as our best account—There is no discrimination.

**This Bank is open every Saturday Evening from  
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School Children are welcome to our Savings Department.

Merchants, Professional Men, Farmers, Stock Raisers, Manufacturers, Housekeepers—are all asked to use our Bank.

**INTEREST PAID 4 TIMES A YEAR.**

Dated at Napanee this 14th day of November, A. D., 1907. 48b

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Furs made and remodelled in First-Class Style. Prices Reasonable, and Work Guaranteed.

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**MADE TO ORDER.**

All kinds of Furs, Pelts, Heads, Tails and Trimmings for sale.

**MRS. GEO. F. ROBINSON,**

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**PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000.**

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**UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS**

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Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid on same.

Interest payable quarterly, on the last days of February, May, August and November.

Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

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—A—

## CALENDAR

—FROM THE—

*Frontenac  
Business College*

**KINGSTON, ONT.**

will convince you of the superiority of our courses of training and the unexcelled advantages offered by our institution.

**RATES VERY MODERATE.**

Students may enter any time of the year, as all instruction is individual in character. No time like the present, write to-day.

**T. N. STOCKDALE, Principal.**

## 5c, 10c, 15c, and 25c COUNTERS

As introduced by us last year, but with larger stock and finer assortment

**NOW READY**

Think ahead for Xmas and save money.

Also the finest line of Xmas Post Cards ever brought to Napanee; prices from

**2 for 5c to 25c each**

See our Toilet Cases, Manicure Sets, Chocolates, Ebony Goods, Fancy China, Perfumes, Xmas Stationery, etc., and all sold as we sell our Drugs and Patents, at

**CUT PRICES.**

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# ETERNAL CROWN OF GLORY

Every Man Has in His Breast the Keys  
to His Own Heaven.

"The Kingdom of God is within you."  
—Luke xviii, 21.

The religion that has relations only to heaven and angels, or only to a supreme being remote and detached from daily life and from our families and friends, our business and affairs, issues in personal selfishness and in one of the causes of social disorganization and need.

It postpones to that distant future problems that ought to be solved in the present. It promises that a better life is ahead, but it does not show the way to it. It justifies and excuses the present with its promises and good of the future. It shifts to the future the problems that ought to be solved in the present. It shifts to the future the problems that ought to be solved in the present.

That kind of teaching ingrained in generations accounts for the dull patience, the stolid, brutelike content of the peasant in Europe; he is born a bearer of burdens, a tiller of the soil, to walk bent and never look up; it is all endurable because it is all so short; he some day will be better off than kings and emperors are now.

But as the generations are born the inspiring vision of that future loses its force; the ideals are gone and the children come into the world with their fathers content with their present condition, but devoid of aspiration and also devoid of their father's faith in the compensations of the future.

## THEN COMES THE REACTION.

Some daring spirits assert that if there is any good, if there is equity and rights, men ought to enter into and enjoy them here and now. And some who catch the vision of a God of real love are unwilling to believe that he keeps from his children the present joys of his home; they invite to a present heaven.

Then how easy it is to fall into the error of seeking only a material present day paradise, to live as if the only things worth living for were food and clothes and pleasant circumstances. Better a worthy, beautiful ideal afar off than an unworthy and debasing one already realized. The heaven that so many are seeking will but bring all men to the level of the brute.

The danger is that we shall miss the real benefit of this great truth and

whatever good is designed for man may be realized in large measure while he lives and shall make his good to consist only in goods. Better conditions of living easily become the foe of the best. Heaven is not meat and drink; it is the better heart.

Making houses and lands the supreme end of living is little better than looking forward to harps and crowns. It is easy, being freed from slavery to a superstition to relapse into slavery to our lower selves. We are in danger of living for a living instead of for our lives. We are "on the make" instead of being engaged in making manhood. We are digging the lead of commercial advantage with the gold shovels of character.

We may be measured by our own measurements. In sermons and orations we assure ourselves that we are a great people because we have here so many acres, so many millions of bushels of corn and of wheat, so high wages, so

## VAST FINANCIAL RESOURCES.

We are living in the glut of things and setting these things at the end of living.

All this does not mean that prosperity is wrong; it does not mean that misery or poverty is a virtue. The danger is not in our many acres, our high wages, our millions of money; the danger is that these are the ends instead of the means; that we are existing for our living; that we make the man the tool of his money instead of the money being the making of the man.

If he will man may find the riches of character; he may enter into the paradise of a mind at peace; he may taste of the divine joys of serving his fellows; he may, in thought, commune with all the good and great; he may hear the morning stars sing together.

The eternal crown of glory is the crown of character. The streets paved with gold are the fair, clear ways of virtue. The harps of whose music we never weary are the strings of sympathy and love and pain; these make the heavenly harmony. The angels are in the faces we learn to love. These make heaven when we see them in the light of the presence of eternal love.

HENRY F. COPE.

# THE S. S. LESSON

## INTERNATIONAL LESSON.

NOV. 24.

Lesson VIII. World's Temperance Sunday. Golden Text: Rom. 14, 13.

## THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Based on the text of the Revised Version.

The Epistle to the Romans.—The origin of the Christian Church at Rome is not positively known. It was probably founded by any of the apostles, but Jewish Christians who came from Asia Minor or Palestine to the Roman capital. At the time of Paul's writing his epistle to the Roman church this was already well established, consisting of a mixed Jewish and Gentile membership. The time and place of the writing of the epistle are more easily determined than in the case of some of the other New Testament books. Paul is writing from Corinth, and intrusts the bearing of the epistle to the deacons of that church.

each will be responsible, and proceeds in the verses of our lesson passage to exhort once more against censoriousness, adding also an exhortation to those strong in faith that they place no obstacles in the way of their weaker fellow-Christians.

So then—This verse belongs properly with verses 1-11, to which longer passage it forms a conclusion. Personal responsibility, the apostle has pointed out, should be a sufficient reason for consistency of action in one's own life and charity toward others.

13. Let us not therefore judge.—The apostle includes himself with those to whom more especially the letter is written. We note again the broad and general character of his argument.

This rather—There is a higher principle of action than that of discovering the error in another's life, and that is the exercising of great care that no man put a stumbling-block in his brother's way.

14. Nothing is unclean in itself.—The apostle is thinking of the ceremonial law and of the foods and drinks, the meats and wines offered in the public market place after having been dedicated to heathen idols. These latter were more considered as improper articles of food for a Christian because of their connection with idol worship.

# ESCAPED FROM SIBERIA

## RUSSIAN POLITICAL CRIMINAL'S RETURN FROM EXILE.

Suffering on Convict Trains — Transferring from One Village to Another.

I do not know who he is, and it would be indiscreet to say where I met him, but it was about a week ago, writes a Moscow correspondent of the London Evening Standard. By this time he must be safe over the frontier—in Germany, in Switzerland or possibly in London, which is rather in favor of late with those who are not in good odor with the Russian gendarmes. I short, he was a badly wanted "political criminal." He had just returned, without cognizance of the authorities, from an involuntary sojourn in farther Siberia.

In manner he was a gentleman and a man of education and culture. He was possibly a land owner, for his knowledge of country life and agricultural methods was considerable; possibly a university professor, for he spoke with that authority and with that rapid easy flow of polished verbiage generally confined in Russia to the more worthy of the university graduates. Of course, he was introduced to me by name, but the name properly belonged to a gentleman at Tomsk or Irkutsk, who had lent his passport for the return journey. He made no secret of that, and little need, for the system is by now thoroughly well established, perfectly well-known to the police, and only succeeds so generally because of the enormous numbers of "Siberian returns," and possibly a little secret sympathy on the part of the minor official who deals with passports.

## AT THE POLICE STATIONS.

The following is as much of his history as he thought fit to tell and I find advisable to publish:

"I was arrested in January, 1906, on a charge of complicity in the Moscow rising of the previous December, but there was absolutely no evidence against me, so they did not bother about a trial. You remember the trial of the 'trebels' here? A hundred boys and a few old men, mostly acquitted, none sentenced to death, and very few sentenced to long terms of exile and convict labor. And you remember the evidence—all hearsay and flimsy concoctions by officials, without a shred of independent corroboration. Well, they had not even that much with me, and with more than a thousand others whom they seized 'by administrative order' when the whole affair was over, and the real actors in the 'rising' were dispersed all over Russia.

"The gendarmes set about proving their utility by arresting every man they could find who was on their lists, and I went with the rest. We were six months in the Butirki convict jail, and I was chosen starosta of the crowd in our cell. [The starosta is the elder of a church, of a village, of an 'artel' of a convict gang. Prison life, even with real convicts, murderers, parricides, burglars, etc., is in Russia very much of a compromise between the demands of the regulations for prisons and the actual facts of life. The starosta is the representative of the prisoners in all deals with the prison authorities.]

"The chief of the prison soon took a hatred to me. I was suffering then from disease, and with that and the confinement, the wretched food and all that, I nearly went mad. I had put in through the proper channels a perfectly legal demand to be exiled to a spot within reach of medical aid, which most of the places selected for political exiles are not. The chief of prisons knew this and had his revenge on me by sending me off to Siberia before it was possible for my petition to reach

decently, and I am sure you have no wish to make trouble for me. If any of you escape between here and X—I shall get dismissed. I'm a married man with a family, and you know what that means in our service. Therefore, if any of you intend to return to Russia, I have only to beg you to put it off until you get out of my district."

"It seems to be the regular understanding there, as long as you do not make trouble for the authorities they will look the other way on your return, IF YOU RETURN BY THE SAME WAY. Very often there is only one road, and you must return by it, and if there were not some sort of understanding like this with the police it would be impossible to get back unrecognized. You see, neither the treatment these police officers get from their superiors, from the local governors right away to the St. Petersburg Government, nor the pay on which they have to live, induces them to do more than their bare duty.

"Now, when a man escapes from the waste places of the earth he carries the first news of it himself. It is not until he is safe away that the friendly police receive from headquarters behind them orders to find So-and-So, and then, of course, they set about finding him. But why should they put themselves out of the way to recognize a man without special orders? The next party of politicals that came along would soon make him regret any playing unfairly in this game. It is life and death to us, and only a matter of a little extra chancellery correspondence to him, so it works quite smoothly.

"We all kept fairly to the bargain until we reached X—. From there we tramped on and on, losing here and there a party of five or ten, who branched off into the wilds for their several villages. We talked all the time with our guides, the village elders, who are supposed to be responsible for us, and learned all we could about the local conditions of life. About a hundred miles beyond X—the 'escapes' began. By this time there were only thirty or forty men left of the 200 who had started from the last centre of civilization together.

"For myself, I simply got up in the night with another comrade, and went out into the village—we always spent the night at a village, quartered in twos and threes on the inhabitants. The guide could not be in two places at once, and if he is too zealous we can always give him plenty to drink. No one refuses drink out there under any circumstances. There is no benevolent Government drink monopoly to supply all you want, and a good glass of vodka is rather prized.

"Well, to cut a long story short, we just hired horses from a villager. I played the role of

## A TIMBER MERCHANT.

and my friend was my steward. I was supposed to have been out into the wilds to inspect a section of forest that I proposed to buy and cut down. This proved a good role in several ways, as the cutting of the timber promised work to the villagers, and they were quite interested in this. It was the right time of year for inspecting timber, and I paid well on my way. We met a police official only once before reaching the railway, and as I was at the very moment engaged in hiring men in a village to go to my supposed timber forest next month, he did not pay much attention to me.

"I gave the men hand money and promised to send my clerk to arrange further details when it was time to set out. The mujik mostly sympathizes with you in any case, and if he does not believe all you say and sees more than you want him to sometimes, at any rate he is either too stupid to give you away in time or he finds it pays better to keep quiet. I believe most of them make a second profit out of the police, the gendarmes who are sent to search for escaped politicals, but this is too late to do any harm. So we got safe to the railway, and reaching Omsk (or was it Irkutsk?) I was provided with a clean passport by my acquaintance

Asia Minor or Palestine to the Roman capital. At the time of Paul's writing his epistle to the Roman church this was already well established, consisting of a mixed Jewish and Gentile membership. The time and place of the writing of the epistle are easily determined from the case of some of the other New Testament books. Paul is writing from Corinth, and trusts the bearing of the epistle to its destiny to one Phoebe, an active member of the church at Cenchreae, the harbor section of Corinth. The house in which Paul at this time is staying is the meeting place of the Corinthian church, and belongs to Gaius (Rom. 16: 23; 1 Cor. 1: 14). One Erastus, described as the "economus," or treasurer, of the city, also sends greetings through Paul to friends at Rome. The mention of these names and other similar definite indications point to the time of Paul's visit to Corinth mentioned in Acts 20, 2 and 3, which, according to the most probable reckoning, occurred early in A.D. 58. The occasion for Paul's writing, as evidenced in the introduction to the epistle itself (Rom. 1: 1-15), was an intense desire on the part of Paul to come into communication with the Christian Church in the imperial city, and if possible to visit that church soon and preach the glorious gospel of salvation at Rome also. The purpose underlying the writing of this particular kind of a letter is not so evident. Doubtless, a providential reason is to be taken into account. It was part of God's plan that such a letter should be written for the admonition of Christians in after years. But in all probability there was a more immediate reason also. The apostle Paul certainly must have had some real knowledge of the character and needs of the Roman church, whose faith had been already "perfumed" throughout the whole world. He longs to communicate something to the spiritual upbuilding of this faithful company of disciples, and to lead them into a deeper knowledge of spiritual truths and Christian experience. He is planning a visit to Jerusalem, and a just confidence concerning the outcome of that visit as a tribute to his personal faith, and he is therefore anxious to put into writing some thoughts which will help the mature spiritual fruitage of years of personal experience in his Christian life. His wonderful conversion, the joy of a Christ manifestation in his life, and in the lives of others, and the love, joy, peace, the back of his hand, and gives color and direction to his argument in which he seeks, as it were, to materialize his personal experience for the life of the church, which is fast by faith. The first portion of his epistle (1: 1-16: 38), therefore, is a definite discussion of the great doctrine announced in verse 17 of the first chapter in the words "The righteous shall live by faith." Following this larger doctrinal section, the apostle has a brief introduction (17: 1-19: 1), in which he, in words of profound exhortation (12: 1-15: 16), touching the manner in which the Christian disciple is to adjust his relations as a fellow man and to the world and still live the Christian life. The closing verses of the letter (15: 14-16: 27) are a personal nature and contain greetings to various persons, a brief postscript, a benediction and a doxology.

Verses 12. The verses selected as the basis for our temperance lesson today are a part only of a longer passage (Rom. 14: 1-15: 6) in which the apostle Paul discusses the broader theme of Christian toleration, or the relationship between the strong and the weak in faith. In preceding chapters he has spoken of Christian sacrifice, of the relation of the Christian disciple to others not of the faith; he has discussed such subjects as Christian vengeance, the relation between the church and the state, the one great obligation of every Christian disciple, and the law of love. In this chapter he proceeds to exhort those who have grasped the fuller meaning of the Christian faith that they condemn not their fellow-Christians who are still bound by detailed rules relating to food and drink and the observance of certain days. He has urged upon his readers the necessity of each one becoming established in his own mind with regard to essentials and non-essentials of daily conduct. He does not that it is to Christ alone that

exercising of great care that no man put a stumbling-block in his brother's way. 14. Nothing is unclean in itself.—The apostle is thinking of the ceremonial law and of the foods and drinks, the meats and wines offered in the public market place after having been dedicated to heathen idols. These latter many considered as improper articles of food for a Christian because of their previous association with idol worship. Paul, however, insists that to him who is able to rise to the moral standard involved, even those things need not in themselves be defiling or wrong. Save that to him who accounteth anything to be unclean—Only if a man supposes that a certain course of action is wrong, and is compelled by the opinion and practice of his fellows to do violence to his own belief, he is led to commit sin. 15. Destroy not with thy meat him for whom Christ died.—A special application of the general principle announced in verse 13 that none should give another occasion for stumbling. 16. Your good.—The course of action concerning which you yourself are persuaded that it is right. Consent to adopt another course rather than have others look upon you as one who is doing wrong continually. 17. The kingdom of God.—An echo of our Lord's teaching. 18. Things which make for peace.—These are the essentials of conduct, and together with those things whereby Christians may edify one another can only be considered after the occasions for friction and misunderstanding among brethren have been removed. 22. To thyself before God.—If one's faith is sufficiently strong to enable him to see that things in themselves may be matters of indifference, it may still be his duty to be content to know this for himself without boasting of it to others who may not be as strong in faith as himself. Happy is he.—It is a desirable achievement to be able to constantly annoy scruples of conscience in minor matters of daily action. The person who has learned to order his life according to broader, higher principles is to be commended. 23. But he that doubteth is condemned.—Nevertheless, if such conscientious scruples do exist, they are not to be ignored. Obedience to the highest ideal which the individual possesses is of first importance. Sin.—That is, "a moral shortcoming," because contrary to the dictates of conscience, and hence contrary to one's highest present ideal of life.

**RUSSIAN PRISONS CROWDED.**

Six Thousand People Confined in St. Petersburg Alone.

The prisons in St. Petersburg and in the Russian provinces are full to overflowing. According to the Russ newspaper, there are 6,000 persons in the five St. Petersburg prisons and the thirteen houses of detention. There are 1,512 persons confined in the houses of detention, which are intended for 380 prisoners.

A telegram from Bielostok states that there are three times as many prisoners at the local prisons as can be accommodated with due regard for sanitary conditions.

Statistics issued by the Ministry of the Interior show that the number of persons wounded throughout Russia by firearms during 1906 was 64,310—over 100 per cent. more than in the previous year.

Between 6,000 and 7,000 persons received wounds from "cold arms" and about the same number other wounds which are not specified.

The Warsaw court-martial has passed 112 death sentences during the first nine months of the current year. This number does not include the death sentence of the drumhead courts.

A fool accuses others; a partially wise man himself; a wise man neither himself nor others.

confinement, the wretched food and all that, I nearly went mad. I had put in through the proper channels a perfectly legal demand to be exiled to a spot within reach of medical aid, which most of the places selected for political exiles are not. The chief of prisons knew this and had his revenge on me by sending me off to Siberia before it was possible for my petition to reach St. Petersburg. I was awakened in the dead of night, dragged from my bed protesting and thrust out of the cell into the corridor as I was.

The other "politicals" in the cell protested also, but myself I lost all control and simply raved like a madman at the injustice of the thing. Besides, I was ill and in pain, to say nothing of the state of one's nerves. Outside the cell door were half a dozen soldiers fully armed, with an officer. The officer, fortunately, was an old club acquaintance of mine, and that saved my life. The soldiers began their usual methods of "taming" a refractory prisoner, but he stopped them. I demanded to see the doctor, but it was all no use. I went off that night in the train for Siberia.

"Have you ever seen the inside of those convict trains? Not with the men in it, at any rate. It was a searching July and neither doors nor windows were opened once all the way. The carriage I was in was full, and you know the authorities have a refinement of cruelty now-a-days in putting us "politicals" into the same carriages with the scum of the earth. The filth, the air, the vermin! They are all three inconceivable and indescribable; you must go through it before you can imagine anything like it. There is never a train-load of "politicals" leaves Moscow without half a dozen men or women in it among the "criminal convicts," suffering from disease; and with these, too, you have to live for weeks in close and unavoidable contact.

"How did I escape? Oh, that is only a matter of a little money for incidental expenses. Friends one has everywhere now-a-days. All through St. Petersburg the very persons would do everything they could to show their sympathy with us politicals. The times are changed from those days when your convoy had only to drop a hint that his prisoner was suffering for having attempted the life of the Czar to alienate him from the common feeling of humanity. That horse won't trot any more in Russia.

**THE PEOPLE KNOW TOO MUCH.**

"The modus operandi of escaping from exile is simple and only requires a little nerve at possibly critical moments. All politicals for exile are sent to little villages of the aborigines—about the lowest savages on earth—in Siberia, in small parties of three or four. The only thing that keeps them there is the distance from home and the impossibility of traversing it without considerable expenditure. So long as you are in the train or passing through towns you are always well guarded by soldiers of the Convoy Commands or any other that may be at the disposal of the local authorities. They receive their prisoners with a sort of invoice, and must deliver them to the police officer of the succeeding district strictly according to the invoice. But at last you arrive at those waste parts of the earth where it is plain all civilization and authority cease.

"The last representative of authority one sees is the ispravnik (rural police-master) of some townlet on the verge of this waste. In my own case this officer spoke to us plainly, made a bargain with us, and we duly kept it, 'Look here, my friends,' said he, 'there are about two hundred of you for various villages along the road yonder. Now, from here you'll go on with my police—I haven't more than five men available now—as far as X—' which is the limit of my district. After that you will have only village, 'elders' or their assistants with you to guide each party of you to the village you are destined for. Now, I have treated you pretty

well you want him to sometimes, at any rate he is either too stupid to give you away in time or he finds it pays better to keep quiet. I believe most of them make a second profit out of the police, the gendarmes who are sent to search for escaped politicals; but this is too late to do any harm. So we got safe to the railway, and reaching Omsk it was at Irkutsk I was provided with a clean passport by our organization, and here I am.

"Next week I shall be over the frontier, and heaven knows how I shall make a living abroad; but life and liberty come first, don't they? No, I am not in too great a hurry here, Moscow seems safe enough for us; my passport has been written in at the police station. I am living quietly but openly at a hotel. Oh, no, there are far too many of us Siberian returns for the best memory to keep level with. Besides, they are always dismissing police and engaging newcomers. Some of them are friends of ours, too. Yes, they say quite a thousand of the Siberian returns are in Moscow at the present moment; but it is getting rather hot again with this wave of reaction; and the sooner they move on a bit the better. I am off next week, so this will be goodbye."

**JOKER SPOILT WEDDING.**

**BRIDEGROOM EXPLAINED TRADESMEN HAD BEEN HOAXED.**

All Sorts of Traders Visited the House—No Time to Prepare for the Wedding.

Saturday was to have been the happiest day in the life of a young bridegroom living in Abbey Street, Bermondsey, England; it was, instead, the most perplexing, says the London Daily Express.

He was the victim of an extremely well organized practical joke, which brought numbers of tradesmen to his door delivering goods he knew nothing about. The young man was, in fact, so busy turning away tradesmen that he had no time to prepare for the wedding, which accordingly was postponed.

The first visitor was an undertaker, who wished to take measurements for a coffin for his "deceased" mother-in-law. About an hour later a brewer's dray, bearing several barrels of beer, led a long procession of carts and vans which blocked the entire street.

All sorts of groceries, including soap and beans, were among the articles brought.

**WINKLES GOT SPILLED.**

There never was such a busy time in Abbey Street, Bermondsey. The unhappy bridegroom spent all his time explaining that everybody had been hoaxed. Each tradesman, as he became convinced, drew his vehicle a little further down the street and watched the others arrive. Newcomers were at a loss to understand the curious groups of barrels and vans, or why such a merry laugh went round as they knocked at the door.

Perhaps the most amusing case was that of a Billingsgate porter, who drew up as near as he could with a hand-barrow and an enormous quantity of winkles. He was inclined to argue the point with Thames Street emphasis. In the middle of it all somebody upset the winkles all over the road, and the man's wrath knew no bounds.

A man who came to make preliminary arrangements for a marriage to hold a wedding party of fifty, and a musician who called to suggest a programme for the Blue Hungarian Band were among the victims of the hoaxer.

The police managed to get the place clear at last, and they are now searching for the man who organized the joke. The bride and bridegroom have since been married.

Beware of the man who is always harping about honesty being the best policy.



# HOME.

## SOME DAINTY DISHES.

**Chicken Hash.**—Mince cold chicken and one green pepper and one-half can of button mushrooms, and add all to a rich cream gravy and season. For the gravy one tablespoon of butter, mix with one of flour, and add one cup of milk or more.

**Louisiana Chicken.**—Roll each piece of seasoned chicken in flour, put in iron frying pan and cover with clots of butter and one pint of milk. Cover tightly with weights on lid and bake in slow oven. When the milk has simmered down add another pint and bake until tender.

**Old Fashioned Stewed Chicken.**—One small minced onion to a tablespoonful of butter, fry golden brown, then add one tablespoon of flour, mix well, then one cup of tomatoes, pinch of ginger, cook up, and then add one pint of water and then chicken. Cook slowly and add more water if needed.

**Currant Sauce.**—To make the old sauce for venison, boil an ounce of dried currants in half a pint of water a few minutes; then add a small teaspoonful of breadcrumbs, six cloves, a glass of port wine, and a bit of butter. Stir it till the whole is smooth.

**Rotterdam Pudding.**—Melt half a pound of butter in a quarter pint of milk; mix it into one pound of flour, four eggs and two spoonfuls of yeast. Add half a pound of currants, and two ounces of sugar, beaten and sifted, and bake in a quick oven.

**Elaine Pudding.**—Grate three-quarters of a pound of bread; mix it with the same quantity of shred suet, the same of apples, and also of currants. Mix with these the whole of four eggs, and the rind of half a lemon shred fine. Put it into a shape, and boil it three hours. Serve with pudding sauce, the juice of half a lemon, and a little nutmeg.

**Prune Pudding.**—Fill a pie-dish about one-third with cold stewed prunes that have had the stones removed. Pour over some cold rice boiled in milk, and flavor with vanilla. Pour on the rice some nice custard to fill the dish, and just before serving add some ratafia.

**To Make Good Apple Sauce.**—Take six or eight large apples, half an ounce of butter, and a tablespoonful of moist sugar. Peel and core the apples, put them into a saucepan with a little cold water, and simmer till the pieces are easily mashed into a pulp. Add the sugar and butter, and serve hot. Those who do not like the sweet sauce with duck, pork, etc., should try it with boiled butter and suet puddings.

**Gingerbread Cake.**—Mix thoroughly together half a pound of flour and four ounces of butter, then add four ounces of brown sugar, one egg, a teaspoonful of ground ginger, and two tablespoonfuls of treacle. Stir all together again, and drop a tablespoonful of the batter on the baking-tins, and bake until cooked thoroughly.

**Apple Compote.**—Make a syrup of one cup of sugar and half a cupful of water. Flavor with a piece of cinnamon and the thin rind of half a lemon. Pare and core the apples (scour ones cook more quickly than sweet), then drop carefully in the hot syrup to harden the outer surface. Cover closely and cook very slowly till soft, but not broken. Serve cold in a bowl, with whipped cream on the top.

**Dutch Pickled Fish.**—Take some firm fish such as haddock or cod, cut it into steaks and fry in olive oil till cooked. Take a jar of a suitable size to hold the fish and with it put a layer of sliced onions fried to a nice brown. Scatter curry powder, pepper and salt over, and then a layer of fish, repeat these layers till the jar is full. Boil some vinegar with spices and bay leaves, and while still boiling pour it over the fish having sufficient to cover. Tie the jar down with bladder and keep it a few days before using. This will keep a fortnight if necessary.

**Potato short crust** is excellent if baked in a good sharp oven and is equally good for sweet and savory pies. Boil some

work then on anything else, with the exception, perhaps, of brass, and in summer it is always best to go over the brasswork with a duster daily so as to obviate the necessity for more strenuous measures. Should old fly stains, however, be difficult to remove, a little machine or bicycle lubricating oil will be found wonderfully efficacious, the oil being applied with a piece of coarse house-linen.

**To Black Brown Shoes.**—Dissolve a lump of common washing soda the size of a walnut in a cup of water. Remove the dirt, and then rub the leather all over with paraffin oil, apply the soda-water (lukewarm) with a piece of flannel, and some black ink. When nearly dry, rub all over with a little neat's foot or olive oil. The result will be excellent, and the process is quite harmless to the leather of boots, bags, etc.

**To Remove Marks on Polished Wood.**—The white marks made on polished wood by carelessly setting down hot dishes or hot-water jugs can be removed by rubbing them very quickly and very lightly with a rag which has been dipped in whisky or other spirits. The spirit should be wiped off quickly with a clean duster, and the wood polished at once with a good furniture polish. The white marks caused by heat on japanned goods and tea-trays can be removed in the same way by the use of spirits, but the article should be rubbed afterwards with a little linseed oil.

## BETRAYED THE SECRET

### LEADER IN THEFT SYNDICATE IMPLICATES PROMINENT MEN.

#### Men Hitherto Regarded as Reputable Citizens Revealed in Their True Guise.

Every day brings a new sensation in connection with the great crime syndicate of Paris, France, in which Antoine Thomas is at present the leading character.

Having learned that, despite the promise made to him, Mme. L., to save whose honor he returned to France and voluntarily surrendered, had been irremediably compromised in the stolen treasures scandal, by the action of the police, Thomas became very angry.

There was now, he declared, no reason why he should spare any of his accomplices, and he proceeded to give the magistrate the names of four well known Paris art dealers, against whom he made the most serious charges.

One of them he accused of being the instigator of the theft of several works of art at Solignac; another of offering him commissions of £1,200 and £300 if he obtained possession of certain statues; a third of buying, although he knew they were dishonestly procured, works of art stolen from the Gueret Museum, and another art dealer promising him £200 if he stole the eucharistic dove of Lagueune.

#### STARTLING ACCUSATIONS.

The text of Thomas' letter to the magistrate is as follows, the names of the persons he accuses being of necessity suppressed:

"Sir—I am absolutely determined to help you to the utmost of my abilities in discovering the entire truth with reference to this disgraceful affair. I have learned through my barrister of the police raid on the house of a woman whom I passionately loved, and for whose sake I had determined to say nothing. Now, however, that the veil has been raised concerning her, and her name has been given, I see no reason to remain silent.

"I propose to write you a circumstantial letter, in which I will give you full information concerning the complicity of persons now at large, and at whose houses no perquisitions have been made as yet by the police. Yet these persons were the instigators of the thefts which have committed

## FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

### NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

#### Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irish-Canadians.

Little wheat is now grown in County Fermanagh.

Belfast is raising a loan of \$375,000 to instal a new electric light system.

Tyrone County hospital is to instal its own electric plant at a cost not to exceed \$3,600.

In the sixty-four years between 1841 and 1905 population of Ireland fell by nearly 4,000,000.

Fire at Renmore, Galway, destroyed the old timber structure known as Cholera Hospital.

A valuable farm, containing 550 statute acres, was sold in Donegal county for \$7,200.

Upwards of a hundred thousand herrings have been netted in Galway Bay in a single week.

Ireland now sends annually \$3,500,000 worth of fowl to be fattened for the English market.

James Murtagh, aged 102, died at Derryhan, County Armagh, and was buried at the family graveyard, Tynon.

Judge Kilsby, K. C., declares that in some respects, Drogheda has improved more than any town in his circuit.

Judge Barry was the recipient at Carlew of gloves, testifying in a third instance this year of the absence of crime.

Many laborers were thrown out of employment when the principal shed of the Wexford dockyard was destroyed by fire.

St. Patrick's College, Thurles, was visited by an outbreak of enteric fever, and has sent seventeen students to the hospital.

Local Government board inspector is looking into a scheme to provide 68 cottages for laborers in the Dungannon district.

Parnell's memory was honored by a celebration at which A. Roach, M.P., promised £100 towards a Parnell monument in Cork.

Lioness in a circus at Newry jumped on its negro trainer, tearing his clothes and lacerating his arm before he could be rescued.

Royal Humane Society will award a testimonial to Daniel Norton, a postman, who last July rescued a lad from drowning at Newry.

Official information has been received that the extensive grazing ranch at Bannone, near Templemore, consisting of 1,700 Irish acres, will be divided amongst the people.

Poyntz Pass, County Down, has a postmistress, Mrs. McKelvey, appointed in succession to her late husband, who died after long service.

Four tenants, evicted years ago, were reinstated and allowed to purchase with their co-tenants, on the Saunders' estate at Cordul.

Rescommon County Council declined to pay a \$50 account for extra police sent out by Dublin Castle to uphold the grazing system.

Kilkenny boasts of one of the oldest men in Ireland, Dennis Burke, Lumber Lane, Earlsford, who has just passed his 102nd birthday.

Blue Anchor Line, trading to Australia via Cape Town, has placed orders in Belfast for two steamships with a tonnage of 7,000 each.

Cavan guardians insist on having cloth suits of Irish make, and Irish bacon instead of the American product hitherto used in the Union.

Strabane Rural Council has approved the spending of \$185,000 on building 518 laborers' cottages. Rent of each cottage to be 31 cents per week.

Derry is the first Irish town to put in a motor fire engine with an oil fuel burner for quick steam raising, and a capacity of 450 gals. per minute.

At the Michaelmas Sessions, the recorder declared that the County Dublin

## ON THE FARM

### WINTERING COLTS.

The longer a foal can have the easily assimilated milk of its dam the better horse it will make. But for various reasons mares are not often permitted to wean their own foals, because they are required to take part in the work of the farm or to be used for driving purposes.

Foals are usually weaned in October or November, that is to say when they are about five or six months old. At this time of the year, nights are getting cold and damp; pastures are on the wane, and the milk supply is falling off. If, however, as the result of constitutional weakness or backward growth, it is considered desirable that the foal should continue with the dam for an extended period, then both should be allowed an ample supply of grain and chaff and any demand that is being made on the mare for work, should cease.

In all cases the foal should be fed with oats, bran and good hay for at least three or four weeks before weaning, so that the loss of its mother's milk may not be severely felt. As to whether the separation of the foal should be made completely when weaning takes place, or gradually by allowing it to return to the mare at increasing intervals, is a matter upon which breeders are by no means unanimous, some adopting one course and some the other with equal success. In the majority of cases, however, the gradual process is the most rational and safer for both mare and foal. A good plan to adopt is to allow the foal to suck twice a day for a few days; and then for a few days more once a day, after which it may be kept from its mother altogether.

After weaning, give the foal a good big handful of oats and one of bran twice a day, and all the well-cured hay it will eat. A small quantity of flaxseed with the grain will be of advantage as it grows older. In the winter months this ration with a few roots added, plenty of water and exercise will be all that is required. Do not house in too warm a place, but give plenty of fresh air with protection from draught and allow it to carry a good coat of coat's hair.

Attention should be paid to the feet of growing colts or the toes may grow out too long. If this occurs they should be trimmed back and the hoofs kept shapely.

The restlessness resulting from separation from the dam will be greatly appeased by company, and especially by two or more foals being turned out together.

### "BUDEDEIZING" MILK.

Mr. J. H. Monard, well known to many Canadians, and who is now residing in Denmark, describes the method of preserving milk by the addition of hydrogen peroxide as follows: The hydrogen peroxide is added to the milk in the receiving vat from whence it passes through a pasteurizing heater and is thus heated to 55 degrees C., and sent to an insulated round tank where the temperature is maintained for two or three hours and the milk agitated with an up-and-down dasher; from this tank the milk is bottled with an apparatus somewhat like a beer bottling machine which appears to be rather hard to clean and the bottles (small-necked) are then corked and placed in a wooden tank with warm water till next morning, when the delivery takes place.

Mr. Monard states that this system, known as "Budeidez," after the inventor, is not as popular as one might think. While some medical men favor it, there are many who are strongly opposed to this plan of preserving milk.



...till the jar is full. Boil some vinegar with spices and bay leaves, and while still boiling pour it over the fish having sufficient to cover. Tie the jar down with bladder and keep it a few days before using. This will keep a fortnight if necessary.

**Potatoe short crust** is excellent if baked in a good sharp oven and is equally good for sweet and savory pies. Boil some nice potatoes dry, and when cold pass through a sieve or masher. Take three ounces of mashed potatoes, three ounces of flour, one teaspoonful of baking powder, and a pinch of salt. Mix all well together, and then rub into it (with finger tips) three ounces of lard or lard dripping. Add just sufficient water to make all into a stiff paste. Roll out thin and bake at once.

**Currant Dumplings.**—One pound of currants, three-quarters of a pound of suet, nine dessertspoonfuls of flour, three teaspoonfuls of powdered ginger, four eggs, one pint of milk, a pinch of salt. Method: Mix the flour, ginger, salt, currants and beef suet (finely chopped), and make the whole into a light paste with the eggs and milk. Roll the mixture into large balls; drop them into a large saucepan of boiling water, and move frequently that they may not stick. Boil for an hour. Or make the pudding into the shape of a bolster, roll in a cloth that has been dipped in hot water and floured, tie tightly at each end, and boil for one and a half hours.

#### USEFUL HINTS.

Remove inks from floors by scouring them with sand wet with water and a little oxalic acid. Then rinse with water.

To test ground coffee, place a teaspoonful of the coffee in a wine-glass containing water. If a part floats and a part sinks, it is undoubtedly adulterated.

A burned saucepan should be filled with cold water to which a rather liberal allowance of soda is added. Let this stand for a couple of hours, then heat slowly and simmer for ten minutes, and all stains of the burning will be eradicated.

Chamois leather gloves will be easily washed if rubbed in a good warm lather till the dirt is removed. Then rinse in a clean lather, squeeze dry, put the gloves on to the hands, remove, blow in them, and dry in the air. In this way the leather is kept soft and a good color.

Teacups, even when carefully kept, sometimes have dark stains at the bottom, caused by the action of the tannin in the tea. Salt, slightly moistened, will remove these, but in the case of very fine china, sometimes scratches it a little. Powdered whiting will be found quite harmless and equally good.

**A Simple Tooth Powder.**—One ounce of precipitated chalk, a quarter of an ounce of powdered orris root, and the same quantity of soap powder. The latter must be procured from the chemist so as to ensure having the right kind of dentifrice. Mix the powder by passing it three times through a sieve, and it is ready for use.

**Hair Tonic.**—Take a tablespoonful of tincture of quinine, one drachm of carbonate of ammonia and seven ounces of rosewater. First dissolve the ammonia in water, then add the tincture, and, lastly, the rosewater. This should be well rubbed into the roots of the hair two or three times a week.

**To Make Coffee Quickly.**—Put two heaped tablespoonfuls of freshly-ground coffee into a jug, and on it pour about half a pint of perfectly boiling water. Stir all together, and stand on the stove with a cover on the jug for the coffee to settle. After a few minutes add about a tablespoonful of cold water. Stand a minute or two more, and pour off steadily into a clean jug.

**To Clean Gilt Picture Frames.**—Mix by frequently shaking a little soft soap (about as much as will rest on a shilling) with half a pint of rain water, which has been previously boiled. Now add a wineglassful of spirits of hartshorn, and shake the whole well up together. Apply the compound carefully with a soft camel's-hair brush, and, after allowing it to remain for a minute or two, wash it carefully away with plenty of perfectly clean water. Dry the frame in a draught.

**Fly Marks on Brass.**—Fly marks show more conspicuously on brass and lacquer

and her name has been given, I see no reason to remain silent.

"I propose to write you a circumstantial letter, in which I will give you full information concerning the complicity of persons now at large, and at whose houses no perquisitions have been made as yet by the police. Yet these persons were the instigators of all the robberies I have committed. At the late hour at which I write this letter I can only make a few revelations.

"I accuse ——— a provincial antiquary of being the instigator of the robbery of the statue of the Virgin of Sauvetat, which was committed in 1904. I accuse him of having sold the statue to ——— (a Paris merchant) for £600. This ——— was merely the man of straw acting for ——— (another well known Parisian).

"I accuse the first of these of being the instigator of the robbery committed at Seignus in 1905, and of having sold the reliquary and other articles to the third person mentioned for a price which I do not know.

"I accuse ——— (a laird Parisian collector) of having proposed that I should carry off a statue from a church in the Department of the Alier, of having offered to pay me £1,200 for the theft of the portable altar in the Abbey of Conquest, and of having offered to take me to England with him to dispose of the stolen property. I accuse him of being the instigator of the robbery of the statue of St. Beaudine at St. Neaire, of having promised me £300 for the statue delivered to him in Paris, of which however, he refused to take possession for fear of a scandal.

#### INSTIGATOR OF ROBBERY.

"I accuse ——— of having bought from me all the articles stolen from the museum at Gueret, and of only having made restitution of a portion of these articles, which were fifteen in number. I accuse him of having instigated from the church of Lagueune, for which he promised to pay me £200. He refused to pay me when he found that the dove was modern and not ancient. Particulars of this transaction will be found among my papers. I likewise accuse him of having asked me to procure for him a large reliquary for which he had a purchaser.

"Moreover, by way of proving my entire good faith, I am happy to inform you that the dove will be found in the Seine in Paris, under the Bridge des Saints Peres.

"Thanking you for the charming manner in which you have done me the honor to treat me, and trusting you will accept the assurance of my profound respect—Antoine Thomas.

All the persons accused by Thomas are honorably reputed either as antiquaries or collectors.

#### EFFECTIVE AT ANY RATE.

A young Jap asked an English firm to give him a situation, and, finding that he could speak and write English admirably, the manager agreed to let him have a trial.

Some days after the cashier summoned him, and told him to write a letter to a customer, who had owed some money to the firm for a long time, and who seemed to have no intention of paying.

"Write briefly but politely," said the cashier, "but let him understand that we expect him to pay the money without further delay."

The Jap wrote the letter, and on the following day a cheque for the full amount due was received from the customer.

Considerably surprised, the cashier asked the Jap to give him a copy of the letter which had produced such quick effect, and here is what he read:

"Dear Sir.—If you do not send us at once the money you owe us, we shall be obliged to take steps which will cause you the utmost astonishment.—Respectfully yours," etc.

Strabane Rural Council has approved the spending of \$185.00 on building 518 laborers' cottages. Rent of each cottage to be 31 cents per week.

Derry is the first Irish town to put in a motor fire engine with an oil fuel burner for quick steam raising, and a capacity of 400 gals. per minute.

At the Michaelmas Sessions, the recorder declared that the County Dublin had reason to be proud of its immunity from serious and grave crime.

At a meeting of the Kilrush Board of Guardians three women applied for the position of nursery attendant at £70 a year with rations and apartments.

Mr. Chas. Babe, manager of a mill at Killybeg, was stabbed by a man who was said to have entered the mill for the purpose of stealing coal.

Col. George French, J. P., Maryville, Croam, who died suddenly on his way to the Petty Sessions, was aged 70, and married to a sister of the late Knight of Glyn.

A flock of sheep strayed on to the railway track between Newry and Goughwood. 21 were killed by the night train, and five so seriously maimed they had to be destroyed.

Balliberoo guardians refused to accept Guinness' stout for use in the hospital, because the brewer "is such an advocate of landlordism and British rule in Ireland."

In the course of recent researches, Mr. Taylor of Newtonbutler, an ardent antiquarian, discovered another relic of the past in the shape of a stone axe, in an old fort at Keeranmore.

Peter Fingleton, a Nationalist imprisoned in Kilkenny jail for two months in default of bonds to keep the peace, complains that he was compelled to exercise with common vags.

Four women of Ballintubber, County Roscommon, were released from Castlebar jail, after undergoing a term of one month's imprisonment for intimidating the proprietor of a large grazing ranch.

An extensive seam of coal has been discovered in the townland of Rossbeg, opposite the fault in the old Drumglass seam, which had been continuously worked for upwards of one hundred years.

An outbreak of fever in Bellderrig, in the Valley Castle district, Mayo, has stricken the Corcoran family, the father and daughter being already dead, while the mother and nine other children have been removed to the fever hospital.

W. D. Wilson, a large landed proprietor, addressed a public meeting in Enniskillen denouncing a sect called "Dippers," or "Go Preachers," which sect his two daughters and a son have recently joined.

#### COST OF CHINESE EXCLUSION.

##### Crops Rotting on the Ground For Lack of Labor.

Joaquin Miller discusses, in the North American Review, what he regards as "The Rumsus Cost of Chinese Exclusion." He tells how, for lack of labor, crops of various kinds are allowed to lie rotting on the ground in several far Western States he recently visited. He addressed the union laborers of San Francisco.

"And now let me ask you of the San Francisco union laborers who insist on the exclusion of Chinese labor. How do you compare, either in number or in strength, with the vast army of laborers in the interior who have neither time nor money to attach themselves to any sort of union? In the language of the Bible, you are, both in numbers and in strength, 'as grasshoppers in their sight.' Bear in mind that you and all your unions put together are only a very small part of San Francisco. Remember that all San Francisco put together is only a very small part of California, and that all California is only a small portion of the United States. And yet you, a small, contentious portion and faction of a single city, assume to say that California and all this vast interior of new homes shall let their crops rot to humor your blindness, which has already doubled, trebled, the price of your own bread!"

a wooden tank with warm water till next morning, when the delivery takes place.

Mr. Monard states that this system, known as "Buddelizing," after the inventor, is not as popular as one might think. While some medical men favor it, there are many who are strongly opposed to this plan of preserving milk.

#### FEEDING AND MILKING.

The practice when cows are in the stable of feeding them just before it is time to begin milking, is becoming more general. The cow will not stand quietly, nor will she give down her milk readily until she is fed, especially if she has been trained to expect her feed at a certain time. The drawback to this method is the danger of dust from the fodder getting into the milk. How would it do to feed say an hour before milking? This would allow the dust to settle before milking time, and the cow, having had her feed, would stand quietly and give down her milk more readily. At any rate, it would be better than milking the cows just before feeding as many do, when they become restless and eager to eat. If it is thought best to feed during milking, the dust difficulty might be overcome by wetting the fodder sufficiently to settle the dust, or by giving such feeds at this hour as would not create dust.

The points mentioned here are worth considering, and we should be glad to have the views of our readers upon them.

#### AIR CANNON NOW.

##### A Novel Scheme to Dissipate the Fog of London.

A scheme to disperse fogs by currents of air, shot over London from "projectors" six miles away, has been laid before the Public Control Committee of the London County Council, and Mr. Demetrio Moggiara, the inventor, is ready to start experiments.

M. Moggiara says his apparatus has already been subjected to severe tests at Milan, Italy, where fogs, clouds and mists were quickly dissipated. With his projectors, or "air cannon," placed within a radius of six miles from the Houses of Parliament, he says he will clear away the worst fog in London within 20 minutes.

"The theory is that the fog hangs over London simply because there are no air currents to carry it away," said M. Moggiara to a newspaper representative recently. "Now, my projectors, acting like cannon, furnish the necessary currents of air."

"Each projector is about 60 feet long. An explosion is caused as in a cannon, and the concussion has an effect for six miles. Thus, if ten or more of these were ranged over London from different directions, the fog would be lifted immediately to an altitude where the wind would blow it away. After the apparatus was permanently installed the cost would be 7d. for each explosion, and twenty explosions would rid the metropolis of its densest fog. The cost for original construction would be \$3,400.

"I am confident," said M. Moggiara, "that my experiments will demonstrate the practicability of a fogless London."

"The suggestion is no more incredible than wireless telegraphy," said an official. "Who knows but in a short time we shall have a department for the control of fogs and rain, with experts to regulate the proper proportions of sunshine and cloudy weather."

#### CHALKING UP A RACE.

Two Irishmen were about to run a race to a certain tree by different routes. Suddenly Mike slipped flat on the back and asked how they were to tell who reached the destination first. After a moment's thought Pat answered, "I'll tell you, Mike: if I get there first I'll make a mark on that tree with this chalk, and if you get there first you can rub it out."

## SOME UNSOLVED CRIMES

### THREE GENUINE MYSTERIES OF THE TORONTO POLICE.

#### Perpetrators of Well Known Murders Run to Earth But Not Punished.

During the past twenty years many murders have been committed in Toronto, most of which, however, have been successfully investigated by the detectives and the murderers brought to justice. Of course, there are several cases which have been either unsolved or unpunished, and many of these will be easily recalled by those who read the newspapers closely. In investigating murders and other cases a detective follows every clue possible, and often cases are cleared up to the satisfaction of the department for which no one is ever punished, though it is known who committed the deeds, but a lack of sufficient evidence or the whimsical views of jurors the murderers are allowed their freedom.

#### THREE GENUINE MYSTERIES.

Three cases of murder are considered as genuine mysteries by the Toronto police department, and several others have gone unpunished, and a short resume of them may be of interest.

On the morning of the 8th of June, 1893, Mrs. Jane Spears was found lying on the floor of her sitting room in her home at 18 Agnes Street, with her face badly disfigured and a rope tied around her neck. Mrs. Ward, a neighbor, went to Mrs. Spears' home to see the lady and found her in the condition described. The police were at once notified and several detectives were placed on the case. Mrs. Spears was removed to the General Hospital and died there about an hour after admission, without regaining consciousness. Every clue possible was followed, but the mystery was never cleared up. On the 13th of June a satchel was found in the Gladstone Hotel, which had belonged to Mrs. Spears. The satchel had been cut from the satchel and the money and papers it contained extracted. No other clues were ever cleared up, and the Spears murder has since been considered as the most baffling with which the detectives had to deal.

#### THE PRIESTMAN CASE.

The murder of Joseph Priestman, jr., in Parkade, on the night of Aug. 25, 1887, was also a baffling case, and the man and woman who were arrested and charged with the murder were afterwards discharged. Priestman was a real estate and insurance agent and lived with his wife and family at the corner of Dunn and Rose Avenues. On the night of the 25th of August he left his home about nine o'clock, telling his wife that he was going to the railway, but he never returned. Early next morning Constable Alex. Smith was walking near the railway tracks on Dufferin Street, when he found Mr. Priestman's body lying in the field west of Dufferin Street, just below the tracks. He notified Coroner Lynd. The police went to the scene and found a revolver lying on the sidewalk near the dead body. After a careful investigation Smith and his wife were arrested and charged with the murder of Priestman, but were discharged in the Police Court, and the mystery has not been cleared up since that time.

#### FAMOUS HYAMS TRIAL.

On the 16th of January, 1893, there happened an accident in a warehouse at 28 Colborne Street, which was the commencement of the famous Hyams case. William C. Wells, a bright young man, was found at the bottom of the elevator shaft with his life crushed out. Harry P. and Dallas Hyam owned the warehouse where the accident occurred.

shown that robbery was the motive. No one was ever punished for that crime. Another "unpunished" crime was the murder of Miss Rachel Ferguson at the gates of the jail on the 5th of January, 1900. A young man going home that evening heard groans emanating from the lawn inside the entrance to the jail grounds, and on investigating found the young lady lying on the ground, with marks on her head showing that she had been sandbagged. The police worked on the case and learned who committed the crime, but, as there was not sufficient evidence to convict the man, as no one saw the crime committed, it was placed on the records as an unpunished crime. The murderer is now in the asylum.

#### OTHER MYSTERIES.

Various other mysterious cases have been reported to and investigated by the police, such as the death of two young men in the Evans warehouse on Front Street, but there was no mystery in either of the deaths, according to the police. Other mysteries have been unraveled and the guilty parties either hanged or sent to the penitentiary for various terms, and the fact that during the past two decades there have been but three genuine unsolved mysteries, speaks very well for the entire Toronto police force.

#### MOST VALUABLE FIDDLESTICK.

##### An Empress's Treasure Pen—Thimble That Was a Wedding Gift.

The Queen of Siam possesses a thimble which was a wedding gift and is in the shape of a lotus flower. It is valued at £13,000. Each petal bears the enlaid initials of his Majesty King Chulalongkorn I. and Queen Pongsi, set in rubies and emeralds, while inscribed round the rim is the date of the marriage, the letters and numbering being decorated with diamonds and pearls, says London Tit-Bits.

The Empress Eugenie treasures a pen made from the quill of a golden eagle wing and richly mounted with diamonds and gold, which was used at her request by the fourteen plenipotentiaries who signed the Treaty of Paris in 1856. When the Hon. Mr. Ward, eldest son of Lord Benger, was married some time ago the register was signed with a quill pen which was used by the high contracting Powers in signing the Treaty of Vienna, and which has several times been utilized at weddings in the Ward family.

The most valuable fiddlestick in the world is the one used by Paganini at his farewell recital, afterward possessed by Verdi, the great composer. It was given by Paganini to his favorite pupil, the late Count di Cessole, and by him bequeathed to Verdi. Many large sums, ranging from £1,000, have been offered in vain for this unique possession, and its estimated value is at least £15,000.

Seventeen pounds is a long price to pay for a key, but this sum has been given by a member of the Rothschild family for what may be said to be the most valuable key in the world. It is marked with the arms of the Strozzi family and is believed to be the work of the great Italian artist Benvenuto Cellini, who flourished in the sixteenth century. The key is chiselled out of a block of steel, presenting two grotesque female figures and ornamented with various scrolls.

Five hundred and fifty pounds was paid by a nobleman at the beginning of the eighteenth century for a dog collar of gold. A collar of silver, with four small diamonds, costing 200 guineas, was sold to a society lady for her pet pug dog. It is fashionable in France to put gold bracelets studded with jewels on the forelegs of poodles. The plain gold collars with jewelled settings cost no less than £20, while the jewelled collars run to £100. The bracelets cost from £2 to £70 each.

A thermometer can be bought for a shilling, but there is one used at the

## FLIRTATION IN PERSIA

### INTRIGUE FORMS HALF THE LIFE OF THE COUNTRY.

#### Seclusion of the Women — Divorces Easily Obtained—Difficulties With Servants.

With the Persian one cannot discuss his womenfolk. To ask a Persian about his wife is a grave breach of etiquette. The most you can do is to ask about the "mother of his son." If he has only daughters he does not mention them; they are a misfortune to be suffered in silence.

While the sexes remain separated as at present there can be little real advance. The man does not see his wife until after the marriage ceremony; the woman still lives the secluded, stupefying life of the harem. "She grows up like a wild flower; nothing which Europeans generally keep out of their children's sight is concealed from her; she is left to the dictates of her instincts, which, as she sees very little society but that of servants and slaves, are not very elevating. Her religion is drowned in the lowest superstitions, and she is seldom taught to read and write, the only means she has of learning is from tales which would hardly have any meaning for us because they are so stupid."

She is kept secluded that she may remain faithful, and the inevitable result is that intrigue forms half the life of Persia. M. de Lorey relates an adventure that he had with a well-guarded lady of high rank in a jeweller's shop. He attracted her attention.

#### SHE LOWERED HER VEIL.

he gazed—one hazards the guess—admiringly, she dropped her jasmine, he picked it up. The next day they met again in the same shop. We could have wished for the conclusion of that story, but the author tantalizes us by breaking off in the middle. If it had no conclusion—the sad state of too many love affairs—we could almost have forgiven him had he done what a Persian assuredly would have done and invented the rest.

It will come as a surprise to many that divorce is as easy in the unchanging East as in the strenuous West. "It depends entirely on the will of the husband, who, under the pretext that his wife is bad tempered, barren, extravagant, excessively lean, invalid or blind can repudiate her. Adultery does not enter this category, because death settles that. The only drawback for the husband is that he must pay the dowry if the action is his. For this reason husbands are to be found who in order to avoid the nuisance lit treat and beat their wives till they themselves move for divorce—since in that case there is no necessity to pay anything."

In another way Persia reminds one dimly of the West, for there are such things as difficulties with servants, even in Teheran. The author dismissed one of his servants, who, as he had been a tailor, was incompetent to do anything but sew on buttons. The man protested: "What will become of me now that I have been eating your salt for such a long time and am driven out into the streets?" He was reminded that he had only been

#### EMPLOYED FOR A FORTNIGHT.

He answered that he felt it had been for years. He was told that he was no good; but his volubility only increased. "How can I be no good after having stayed with you? Can you forget what Sa'di said: 'A piece of clay having fallen into the Hamman from my beloved's hand into mine, I said to it, Art thou musk or ambergris that I am drunk with thy perfume, which catches at the heart?' It answered: 'I was but a worthless piece of clay, but I was in the company of the rose for a moment. This companionship transformed me, or else I should still be the same piece of clay that I was.'"

One can pity the state of an English mistress confronted with such an argument. The author lost his servant and

## SAVE-LIFE INDUSTRIES

### WHY OIL SELLERS DON'T CONTRACT THE PLAGUE.

#### Printers Have Advantages—Tan Yard Workers are a Very Healthy Lot.

The Government of India is seriously alarmed. During the past five years the plague has been slaying the natives at a rate of over 3,000 a day. Everything possible is being done to combat the dreadful infection, and scores of scientists are burrowing into the causes of the epidemic.

One odd fact which these gentlemen have discovered in the course of their investigations is that oil sellers are practically immune from plague. Now, paraffin, as we all know, is detested by insects. Consequently, oil sellers, whose clothes reek of their merchandise, are completely free from parasites of all kinds, and especially from that pest of the tropics, the flea.

The flea, it has been discovered, is the medium which conveys the plague germ from the rat, which is the chief carrier of infection, to the human being, and so it comes about that purveyors of paraffin are safe from plague.

Petroleum has other virtues. In the United States doctors will often tell a workman who is threatened with lung disease to go and find a job in a refinery or in the oil fields of Pennsylvania. If the disease has not progressed too far the man nearly always recovers his health.

It used to be supposed that the printers' trade was not a particularly healthy one. There is, of course, a certain amount of dust arising from type metal, and printers must stoop to some extent over their work. Yet the printers' work has its advantages.

#### YELLOW FEVER PASSES BY PRINTERS.

During the yellow fever epidemic of 1887 in Louisiana, Texas, and Florida, there was no case on record of a printer going under with the disease, and a little later, when cholera killed thousands in Chili, not one single member of the Typographical Union of Valparaiso succumbed.

Next to a bone manure factory, there is no industry where the odors are, from a visitor's point of view, more appalling than in a tan yard, and the stranger wonders how on earth the workmen manage to live in such an atmosphere. Yet, in spite of the smells, tan yard workers are a very healthy lot. Colds and coughs are rare among them and consumption is practically unknown. The astringent properties of the tan bark probably account for this pleasant immunity.

The owner of a large sealing wax factory in Birmingham, England, has ten times as many applications for situations in the resin department of his factory as he can possibly deal with. Some of the girls who write actually offer to work for nothing. The reason is that the medical qualities of resin are so well known that the part of the factory where the resin is prepared has become famous as a specific for anaemia and consumption.

After three months' pale, thin, hollow-cheeked girls regain their appetite and fill out in a way which is simply amazing.

#### SEWERS AS A HEALTH RESORT.

Only second in efficacy as a cure for anaemia is that part of a sweet factory where chocolate cream is made. This may sound like a joke, but it is not so. A mere diet of chocolate cream would not have at all the same effect.

Another extremely valuable health resort is a spice factory. One of the largest in England is to be found at Leeds, and visitors to it are pleasantly astonished at the delightful contrast



On the 16th of January, 1893, there happened an accident in a warehouse at 28 Colborne Street, which was the commencement of the famous Hyams case. William C. Wells, a bright young man, was found at the bottom of the elevator shaft with his life crushed out. Harry P. and Douglas Hyams owned the warehouse where the accident occurred, and at the time no action was taken by the police, for the general opinion was that the death of Wells was purely accidental. On the 9th of May Harry Hyams was married to Wells' sister Martha, and it was learned then that Wells' life had been insured in favor of the Hyams twins and that Mrs. Harry Hyams was also insured in their favor. The police, therefore, took up the case and on the 12th of January, 1895, the Hyams twins were arrested by Detective Cuddy on a charge of having murdered William Wells. They were brought to trial on the 9th of May and on the 24th the jury disagreed and was discharged. On the 5th of November the twins were again brought to trial, and on the last day of the month a verdict of "not guilty" was returned by the jury. The twins were immediately re-arrested on a charge of conspiring to murder Harry Hyams' wife, but were discharged.

Later, the twins were placed on trial for forgery and were allowed out on bail. They crossed the bail and left for South America and have not since been heard of.

### OLD LADY POISONED.

Mrs. Essie Moore, who was poisoned at her home, 71 Edward Street, on Wednesday, Jan. 6th, 1887, was a quiet old lady who had many friends and few enemies. She died and was buried, and several days afterwards her friends became suspicious and demanded an autopsy. The body was therefore examined, and at the autopsy a verdict was returned by the jury that Mrs. Moore had been poisoned by some party or parties unknown. The police worked hard on the case, but the mystery was never unraveled.

The murder of Frank Westwood at the door of his home in Parsloke on the evening of the 6th of October, 1894, is still fresh in the minds of those who read of the case at the time, and the conviction of Clara Ford, the young mulatto woman, with the deed. On the night of the murder Westwood went to the door of his home and was shot and almost instantly killed. It was learned by the police that Clara Ford was near the Westwood home on that night, dressed in male clothing, and she was therefore arrested. On the 29th of November Clara Ford confessed to Detective Return that she shot young Westwood, but at her trial, in the Spring of the next year, the jury returned a verdict of "not guilty" and she was released from custody. At the time of the murder an attempt was made to connect Clara Ford with the murder of Prichard, but it was not generally conceded that she was mixed up in the other case.

### THE WOODBINE MURDER.

The murder of Joseph Martin at the Woodbine, on April 28th, 1896, is another of the "unexplained crimes" on the police records. Martin was a wealthy horse owner, and had taken his horses to the Woodbine in preparation for the races that year. On the night of his murder he went to the Woodbine Hotel for a few minutes and left alone. A few minutes later a man named Wm. Nichols left the hotel and started for the stable. He saw a man dragging something over the ground, and thinking it was Martin moving some hay, called to him. The man who was carrying the supposed bundle at once dropped it and ran, after being joined by another man. Nichols hastened to the spot and found poor Martin lying on the ground unconscious, and with his face and head terribly beaten. He was removed to the General Hospital, and died there from a fractured skull. The men who had assaulted him had stolen four thousand dollars, and it was thus

per pug oag. it is as handsome as France to put gold bracelets studded with jewels on the forelegs of poodles. The plain gold collars with jewelled settings cost no less than £20, while the jewelled collars run to £100. The bracelets cost from £2 to £70 each.

A thermometer can be bought for a shilling, but there is one used at the Johns Hopkins University in the United States, known as Prof. Rowland's thermometer, which is valued at £2,000. The graduations on the glass are so fine that it is necessary to use a microscope to read them.

Mr. Singer of sewing machine fame paid £12,000 for a pair of opera glasses. The lenses are, of course, the best obtainable, but it was the fact that the "glasses" were of solid gold, surmounted by a live encrusted with diamonds and sapphires, which accounted for the "tall" price.

Women's hats are both common and costly as a rule, but a woman in Brunswick, who made no great pretensions to fashion, holds the record for the highest price paid for an article of millinery. She bought a hat with a lottery ticket which the merchant accepted in place of the money. A few weeks later the ticket drew the grand prize of £15,000, and though the woman's husband tried to induce the merchant to share the result he only received £25. That hat cost £14,975!

### WOOLEN FORTUNES.

Most Valuable is the Famous Pose Tree of Hildersheim.

When Thwaitell's oak, said to be the finest tree in Norfolk, was sold some years ago, the trunk alone fetched £44. The branches sold for £25, while the bark and chips realized another £20. So the whole tree fetched more than £90, a sum which would have been greatly exceeded had the cost of getting such a mass of timber to its destination not been so great. The trunk alone weighed more than 20 tons, and it took a 14-horse-power engine a day and a half to get it to the road, says *London Answers*.

Oak is the most valuable of any British timber, but its value is small, indeed, compared with that of foreign wood as used for veneering and other ornamental work of the kind. About five years ago there were sold in Liverpool two logs of African mahogany, which between them contained the trunk of a tree for the immense sum of £1,536. The trunk of this splendid tree was extremely fine, and cut into veneers these two mighty logs now grace the dining-room of a Park Lane mansion, being used in place of wall-paper.

The famous rose tree of Hildersheim, in Germany, which has been growing and blossoming since the year 1092, against the side of the famous old church of St. Michael, has the honor of being the tree for which the record sum has been offered. Some years ago an American millionaire offered £5,000 down for the tree as it stood. Philomani, as the Germans are, the enterprising Westmer was really rather fortunate in getting off with his life. As a great favor, shoots are sometimes sold, and these realize very large prices.

The average man who sees camellia blossoms in florists' windows at sixpence a piece would not mind owning a camellia tree which grows at Pillnitz, near Dresden, and is one of the sights of the district. It was imported from Japan about the middle of the 18th century, and at present stands just over 50 feet high. It has an annual average of 40,000 blossoms, which, if sold at 6d. apiece, would realize exactly £1,666.

### CONSIDERATE.

"Say, pa, won't you buy me a drum?"  
"No, I'm afraid you'll disturb me with the noise."  
"No, I won't, pa; I'll only drum when you're asleep."

perfume, which catches at the heart? It answered: "I was but a worthless piece of clay, but I was in the company of the rose for a moment. This companionship transformed me, or else I should still be the same piece of clay that I was."

One can pity the state of an English mistress confronted with such an argument. The author kept his servant another week, and he remarks disconsolately that in that time he discovered that if the tailor was a poet he was also a thief.

### A ROYAL NURSERY.

Description of the Home of the Heir to the Spanish Throne.

The little heir to the Spanish throne has begun his babyhood in a suite of rooms arranged entirely after the fancy of his royal mother. Spanish etiquette requires her to conform to ideas other than her own on most points, but in the fitting of the nursery her word is law. The furnishing, decorating and entire arrangement are English, and offer everything that could possibly conduce to a baby's health and happiness.

The suite, directly over the queen's apartments, on the sunny side of the palace, consists of living-room, dining-room, bedrooms for the baby and head nurse, bath and sewing-room.

The living-room is decorated in green and white, with showers of little pink roses. The vaulted ceiling is enameled in white, and round the walls runs a frieze of animals in Noah's-ark-like procession. Light green shades temper the sunshine.

The angles of furniture and walls are all softly rounded; so the approved method of standing a naughty child in the corner face to the wall could hardly be adopted in this case. With the exception of the rose-colored English carpets, everything in the suite is washable.

The wide window-sills are cozily cushioned; an iron lattice, light and blue-like, but very strong, secures the windows from windout.

In the bedroom three large paintings represent "Morning," "Noon" and "Night." The first is a sunshiny picture of a baby awakening in his little bed. "Noon" shows him busy with porringer and spoon; and in "Night" he has folded his chubby hands in prayer before going to sleep.

The woodwork is white enameled, and round the ceiling is a frieze of dancing children charms the eye, as does the exquisite tint and design of the blue and white tiling of the fireplace.

The little prince sleeps in the cradle that rocked father and grandfather before him. It is a stately affair, resting on four Corinthian supports. It was formerly contained in the richest lace, flowing from beneath a Spanish crown; but the young queen mother had the crown removed, lest it fall and injure the sleeper below; and the lace curtains were suppressed to allow freer access of air.

The cradle linen shows embroidery of fern-like fineness, the outer coverlets sewn with hatteries and roses in white silk.

The dining-room furniture is white mahogany, with the royal arms of Spain skilfully inlaid in each piece. Throughout, simplicity and good taste distinguish this ideal dwelling for a young child.

The rooms are considered the best ventilated in all Madrid, for the young queen inherits her love of fresh air from her illustrious grandmother, the late Queen Victoria of England.

### HARD!

"Oh, dear!" sighed Miss Mudd. "I do wish I knew an effective way to preserve my complexion."

"If you keep the box in a cool place it will be all right, won't it?"

A newly married man protects his wife by putting his armor round her.  
"Please, Mr. Editor," wrote a correspondent of an Irish paper, "can you tell me how to prevent bleeding at the nose?" "To prevent bleeding at the nose," replied the Irish editor, "keep it out of other people's business."

where chocolate cream is made. This may sound like a joke, but it is not so. A mere diet of chocolate cream would not have at all the same effect.

Another extremely valuable health resort is a spice factory. One of the largest in England is to be found at Leeds, and visitors to it are pleasantly astonished at the delightful contrast which its employees offer when compared with workers in other near-by factories. Even that part of the establishment where garlic is crushed, and where the odor is pungent enough to make one weep, is tenanted by most healthy-looking men and women.

Of all unpleasant places to visit, a gas works is one of the worst, and it might well be supposed that the men employed would suffer from breathing the gas-laden air. Perhaps they do, but it is worth noting that they have escaped very lightly in every one of the epidemics of influenza which have swept Great Britain.

Still more startling is the well-established fact that sewer work is far from unwholesome. The air in a sewer, contrary to general impression, is actually purer than that in the street above, and has the advantage of being entirely free from dust.

Take them all round, and you will not find in London a more sturdy and healthy-looking set of men than those who work far below the light of day in the sewers of the great city.—Pearson's Weekly.

### WORRIES WONT DO IT.

King of Portugal Has His, But He Keeps as Fat as Ever.

Worry is supposed to be a sovereign remedy for obesity. Troubles have reduced many stout folks to the condition of the lean and hungry Cassius. But they have no effect upon the King of Portugal. He has been having a hard time of it lately trying to convince his people that he should be allowed a free hand in running the government. Instead of relieving him of some of his superfluous avoirdupois, however, his worries have served only to increase his enormous girth. By the strict orders of his physicians he has now to submit himself to a strict and rigorous course of dieting. He sits down to a sumptuously spread table, but only the most frugal fare, and not much of that is allowed to pass his lips. A physician is in attendance at every meal and watches every mouthful. When he cries stop the King has to obey. The cup that cheers is absolutely forbidden him.

It is too early to say whether this Spartan treatment will produce the desired shrinkage in the monarch's bulk, or whether he will have the self-denial to adhere to it long enough to give it a fair chance, but several pairs of royal eyes are now turned toward Portugal, watching the experiment with keen interest for possible future adoption.

Among others who are keeping an eye on the King of Portugal is Prince Gustav of Denmark. He is only 24 years old, but he weighs 336 pounds and is still swelling. He has never tried the effect of worry, for he has nothing to worry about, but he has tried all sorts of other remedies without success. He caught the measles some time ago. That is rather a dangerous disease for adults, but Prince Gustav told a member of the royal household that he was glad he had it because it would pull him down a bit. But it didn't. When he was pronounced convalescent by the doctor he was fatter than when he took to his bed.

### COURT AGREED.

There are few places that have given birth to more humor and wit than the court-room. Many have heard of the famous Lord Ellenborough. One day a young member of the bar rose to address the Court in a grave criminal case, "My unfortunate client"—he began! repeated it two or three times, and then stopped short. "Go on, sir, go on!" said Ellenborough, "So far the Court is with you."



## THE BOOK OF NEHEMIAH

### THE GERMANS FIND A NOTABLE PAPYRUS IN EGYPT.

Petition of the 17th Year of Darius for Leave to Rebuild Temple of Jehovah.

Prof. Clermont Ganneau has given the public, so to speak, advance sheets of the important discoveries lately made by the German scientific mission, working under Herr Rubensohn side by side with the French, on the island of Elephantina on the Nile. Latterly the sands of Egypt have been yielding up their treasures in lavish profusion. Last month it was a lost comedy of Menander, and not long before the "Logia" of Jesus, taking us back to the origins of Christianity. But while explorers were almost daily unearthing relics of the Greek and Egyptian eras, it was seldom that any Jewish fragment was turned up. Now, however, among some papyrus found by the Germans within fifty yards of Prof. Ganneau's diggers, is an official document of the seventeenth year of Darius, addressed to the Persian Governor of Judea by the Jewish priests of the Temple of Elephantina. The document is long and interesting, but its inestimable value lies in the fact that it calls up historical figures familiar in the Bible, such as Johanan, high priest of Jerusalem, and Sanballat, the Governor of Samaria.

The papyrus, which is in the Aramaic character, has been deciphered by Prof. Sachau of Berlin, and turns out to be an authentic page to be added to the Book of Nehemiah.

#### THIS WONDERFUL DOCUMENT

is a petition addressed by the Jewish inhabitants of the island of Elephantina, speaking through the priest, Judayah, and his colleagues, to the Lord Bagohi, the Persian Governor of Samaria in the seventeenth year of the reign of King Darius. After having invoked, in terms of almost identical with those of the papyrus of Turin, the blessing of the "God of Gods" on the head of the Governor, the petitioners made supplication as follows:

Three years previously in the absence of Arsam the Satrap of Egypt, summoned to meet his King, the Egyptian servants of the god Khnum of Elephantina intrigued with the Governor of the island, Widrang (bribed by them, according to the famous Euting papyrus), and procured from him an order for the military commandant of Syrene for the destruction of the temple of Jehovah that stood on the island of Elephantina. This temple, say they, was builded by their forefathers in old times and was there when the land of Egypt was conquered by Cambysses, who spared it while he destroyed all the temples of the Egyptians.

According to the description the petitioners incidentally give, this temple must have been an imposing pile, built of massive blocks of stone, with seven monumental gates, columns of granite and a roof of cedar. The orders of Widrang were ruthlessly executed, and the troops, helped by an Egyptian horde, demolished the venerable sanctuary, destroying all that it contained with fire after carrying away the vessels of gold and silver and

#### OTHER PRECIOUS OBJECTS.

All the Jewish population of Elephantina, men, women and children, plunged into the depths of affliction by this calamity, went into mourning and wept and fasted, calling upon Jehovah, the "God of Gods." No more did they anoint themselves with ointments or drink any wine. Some time after Widrang fell into disgrace and was forced to make restitution, while those who had executed his orders were all slain in just expiation of their sins. Nevertheless, the petitioners say, they have not to this day, in spite of all their striving, obtained leave to rebuild their temple, and so for three years they have not left off their mourning, being precluded from making their ritual sacrifices on account of the impurity on the altar.

## NURSERIES OF ROYALTY

### CHILDREN IN FOURTEEN OUT OF EIGHTEEN COURTS.

Prince Olaf Stands Up for His Parents' Rights—Infante of Spain Grants a Petition.

Certainly in fourteen and probably in fifteen of the eighteen empires and kingdoms of Europe there are families of young children who are growing up as heirs, direct or presumptive, to the throne. In a few cases they are children of the sovereign; oftener they are grandchildren or nephews. In the case of Sweden there is a great-grandson.

The most pathetic of the childless courts is that of Holland. In Austria and Portugal the ultimate living heirs are young men still unmarried.

The doubtful case is Turkey. The "Almanach de Gotha" gives no particulars as to the domestic status of Selim Effendi, the Sultan's eldest son. But he is 37, and it is highly probable that he is childless.

As a rule efforts are made to bring royal children up simply and modestly and to shield their nursery life from the public gaze, but it is inevitable that a great many details leak out.

One little Prince who has been very much before the public in his brief life of four years is Olaf, Crown Prince of Norway. When he visited his grandfather in England a few months ago with his father and mother he attracted little less notice than King Haakon and Queen Maud.

#### A SELF-WILLED PRINCE.

He is said to be a very self-willed young gentleman, with a large sized idea of his own and his parents' rights. The last story told of him represents him as stamping his foot when a little playmate climbed into a big armchair in one of the private saloons in the palace at Christiansia.

"Get out of there!" he ordered, "that is my father's place."

The little visitor looked scared and King Haakon hastened to comfort him. The King picked him up and set him on his knee, but the young Prince Olaf became even more enraged. He stamped his foot again as he fairly shouted:

"Get out of there; I tell you, that is my father's place!"

The latest arrivals in the rank of heirs direct are the baby Princes of Spain and Germany, both born within a few months, the one as Crown Prince, the other the Crown Prince's son. Both are still in their cradles, so personal anecdotes are lacking, but there are stories about the Spanish heir all the same.

One tells of the appeal of a poor woman, the widow of an officer who fell in Cuba, for an increase of pension. She had repeatedly made application through the ordinary channels, but without result. Then she hit on the device of addressing a memorial to his Royal Highness Alfonso, Infante of Spain. The letter was opened by the Prince's secretary—he has a whole suite of officials and eunuchs to reinforce his buxom Andalusian nurse—who of course referred the memorial to the King.

#### THE KING READ IT AND SMILED.

Holding it in his hand he made his way through the corridors of the Escorial, the secretary and a few other attendants tagging on behind him. In the nursery they found the Queen and the baby Prince sitting up in his crib.

The King explained the situation and then with a formal bow returned it to the secretary.

"But what shall I do with it, sire?" the latter asked.

"Why, give it to the Prince, to whom it is directed, of course."

The secretary with his best obeisance laid it on the royal cradle. The baby grabbed at it and smiled.

"Well, what does the Prince say to it?" asked the King after a pause, turning to the nurse.

"Really, your Majesty, he appears to me to say nothing," was the matter of fact reply.

## THE CONVICTS OF CANADA

### REPORT OF THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE ON PENITENTIARIES.

Eleven Per Cent. of the Inmates are Youths Under Twenty Years of Age.

The annual report of the Minister of Justice as to penitentiaries in Canada for the fiscal year of nine months, ending March last, issued recently, shows the average daily population of the penitentiaries for 1906-07 was 1,433, an increase of 26 as compared with the preceding year. The figures for the last five years indicate that the gradual increase in the number of convicts corresponds with the increasing population of the country, and is not indicative of any noticeable advance in criminality. The number of criminals, the report notes, who accompany the rush of immigration, is evidently offset by the existing facilities for employment at a remunerative rate.

During the year 157 convicts were released on parole, 29 were pardoned and 12 died.

#### THE PAROLE LAW.

The report of Parole Officer Archibald states that the operations of the parole law continues to be satisfactory. The number of pardons granted during the past seven years is 260, as against 381 granted during the preceding six years.

As health resorts Canadian penitentiaries have an enviable record. The number of deaths occurring in prison during the past three years has been less than one per cent. per annum. Only one convict successfully escaped last year. The escape occurred a few days after the opening of the Alberta Penitentiary, and was due to the inexperience of the guards. The number of absolutely illiterate in the penitentiaries is equal to about 17 per cent., while not more than 10 per cent. have had the advantage of a good common school education. Fourteen per cent of the convicts last year were total abstainers, 44 per cent. were temperate and 42 per cent. were intemperate. Lads under twenty years of age constitute eleven per cent. of the total, notwithstanding the unsuitability of penitentiaries for

#### IMMATURE CRIMINALS.

"It is safe to say," says the report, "that not more than one in a thousand of this class is benefited by a penitentiary experience."

The percentage of Canadian-born convicts is 61, as compared with 70 in 1897. The percentage of convicts born in Great Britain and Ireland is less than in 1897, while the percentage of those born in the United States remains the same as it was ten years ago. In regard to religions, the number of convicts to each 10,000 of population was as follows: Church of England 4.7, Jewish 4.2, Roman Catholic 3, Baptist 2.2, Methodist 1.6, and Presbyterian 1.6.

#### DEBTS IN AFRICA.

They Are Never Outlawed Among the Natives of that Country.

In civilized life debt is regarded as a purely personal matter, for which the individual who contracts it is alone responsible. Almost the only important exception is in the case of a wife or minor children. In that case the husband and father is responsible. But in Africa an older practice still persists, and debts may be collected from other relatives, as, indeed, they may among many Oriental peoples.

A debt among the native tribes of Africa is never outlawed. It descends from the father to the children, even unto the third and fourth generation. In

## BUILT THE DREADNAUGHT

### HOW SIR THOMAS MITCHELL, NAVAL CONSTRUCTOR, WON SUCCESS.

Career of the Man Who Constructed the Greatest Battleship in the World.

Sir Thomas Mitchell, whose official career has just been so happily terminated by His Majesty's bestowal of a knighthood in recognition of his long and distinguished service, has a record which will remain for a long time unbroken. This was in connection with the building of the Dreadnought. In order that he might superintend the construction Sir Thomas was specially chosen by Sir John Fisher when he had been barely twelve months Chief Constructor at Chatham Dockyard, and he therefore went to Portsmouth in the same capacity. He received the drawings of the great man-of-war on July 10th, 1905; he laid the keel-plate on October 2nd; and His Majesty the King launched the ship on the following February 10th—only four months and eight days after she had been begun. Within a year of her keel being laid she was at sea.

How great an achievement this was may be seen by comparing the Dreadnought's record with that of another battleship, the Trafalgar, the building of which Sir Thomas superintended on the occasion of his first going to Portsmouth Dockyard as

#### FOREMAN OF THE YARD.

Before the building of the Trafalgar it was a regularly understood thing that a man-of-war took six years to build and prepare for sea. The Trafalgar, however, was built and in commission in less than four years, thus effecting a great saving in the cost of labor. Sir Thomas's work on her received official recognition by his appointment as a second-class assistant constructor on the Royal Corps of Naval Constructors. It was only a few months, however, before he passed the necessary examination, and thus became a first-class assistant constructor on the Royal Corps.

These facts show what no one needs telling, that Sir Thomas must have had a special aptitude for naval construction. It manifested itself at a very early age and decided his career, although, so far as he is aware, none of his relatives ever had anything to do with shipbuilding. He was, however, brought closely into contact with it through the fact that he was born in Chatham, and he entered that famous dockyard as a shipwright's apprentice, having passed the necessary examination at the top of the list. He remained there five years, when he volunteered to go to sea. On his return from two years' seafaring he was again sent to Chatham as

#### AN ASSISTANT DRAUGHTSMAN.

when he was appointed to survey the merchant shipping to see if the steamers selected were fit for transport service.

After having built the Trafalgar and spent a couple of years at Jarrow-on-Tyne as Admiralty overseer, where he superintended the building of two battleships, Sir Thomas was appointed constructor at Hong-Kong, where he so endeared himself to the Chinese, who formed practically the whole of the employees, that when he was leaving to return home, after having been appointed senior constructor at Devonport Dockyard, the men subscribed to present him with an enormous illuminated address. It is made of silk, and is between two and three yards long and over a yard and a half wide. On one side the names of the subscribers are written in English characters, and on the other in their native Chinese. Apart altogether from its sentimental value,

time after Wilfrong fell into disgrace and was forced to make restitution, while those who had executed his orders were all slain in just expiation of their sins. Nevertheless, the petitioners say, they have not to this day, in spite of all their striving, obtained leave to rebuild their temple, and so for three years they have not left off their mourning, being precluded from making their ritual sacrifices or offering up incense on the altar of Jehovah the "God of Gods." In vain after the catastrophe did they appeal to Bagohi himself, Governor of Judea, and then to Jehonathan, High Priest of Jerusalem, and to his brother, Ostan Anan, and to the princes of the house of Judah. Wherefore they come now, a second time, to implore Bagohi to show them favor and allow them to rebuild an Elephantia the temple of Jehovah as it once stood.

In return for this boon "they will offer up sacrifices to Jehovah on the new altar in his name, and until it is built all the Israelitish men, women and children of the island will never cease praying for Bagohi." Furthermore, they give him to understand that he will reap more substantial benefits in a sum of 1000 talents of silver in the offerings, without count of the gold, concerning which he has already been informed. And, in conclusion, they mention that they have written also to

#### DELAHAY AND CHELAMAYAH.

son of Sanballat, Governor of Samaria, but that the Satrap Arsam, read by Darius, knows not of the matter. From other papyrus and fragments not yet published it is seen that, thanks to the intervention of Bagohi and Delayah, the permission was granted and the temple of Jehovah rebuilt.

The inestimable value of these new discoveries lies in their corroboration of the Biblical story, and, besides the names of Jehonathan and Sanballat mentioned in the Old Testament, the Governor Bagohi is to be found in the historian Flavius Josephus, in the Greek form of Bagous. Prof. Clermont-Ganneau, who gives the above details, has especial reason to be congratulated on this discovery, although not actually made by himself, since it seems to place beyond all doubt the correctness of the belief that the old temple of Jehovah was on the island of Elephantia—a belief that he was almost alone for a long time in holding against the majority, who located it at Cyene, on the opposite shores of the Nile. At present he is in charge of a French mission subventioned by the Academy, by the Ministry and also by M. Edmond Rothschild, which is excavating on the island side by side with the German explorers, and the keenest rivalry naturally exists between the two groups, who are working literally shoulder to shoulder within a few yards of each other, each, however, with a radius exactly defined and marked out by wire fences.

#### ATTENDED 12,000 WEDDINGS.

Parish Clerk of Great Yarmouth, England Had Amusing Experiences.

E. J. LUPSON, parish clerk of Great Yarmouth, England, who has just completed forty-four years' service, has attended 12,000 weddings at the parish church, and has been absent from church only three times out of nearly 2,300 Sundays.

He has given away more than 1,200 brides, and has lately unfolded a story of amusing experiences in a book which he has written, entitled "Cupid's Pupils."

It seems that couples who have called on Mr. Lupson to arrange for the publication of the banns, experienced some difficulty at times in stating the object of their call. "Suppose you can guess what we are come after?" commenced one young fellow; while another said his bride-to-be was "coming to do with her tongue what she couldn't undo with her teeth." "This young lady wants to come for better or for worse. If it should prove for worse, I'll bring her back again," promised another.

#### ACCORDING TO DEFINITION.

"He's only a glazier, but he's a genius in his way."

"I'd-ed!"

"Yes; he has an infinite capacity for taking puns!"

"Why, give it to the Prince, to whom it is directed, of course."

The secretary, with his best obeisance laid it on the royal cradle. The baby grabbed at it and smiled.

"Well, what does the Prince say to it?" asked the King after a pause, turning to the nurse.

"Really, your Majesty, he appears to me to say nothing," was the matter of fact reply.

"All right, silence gives consent," said the King. "Mr. Secretary, see that the letter is forwarded to the War Department with the proper endorsement and write to the woman that the Prince grants her request."

The Russian imperial children lead a beautiful, outdoor life, for the most part at Tsarskoe-Selo, always with a powerful guard of soldiers and secret police agents just beyond their range of vision. It is a wonder that the poor little Grand Duke, who is the heir to the dignity of Czar, is not already overwhelmed by his title.

#### TITLES OF A LITTLE GRAND DUKE.

He is now just three years and three months old and he is Hetman of All the Cossacks, Chief of the Regiment of the Guard of Finland, Colonel of the Fifty-first Regiment of Infantry of Zlotovsk, of the Twelfth Regiment of Infantry of Eastern Siberia, of the Corps of Cadets of Tashkend, Captain of the Fourth Battery of Horse Artillery of the Guard, Commandant of the Military School at Moscow, of the Forty-fourth Regiment of Dragoons of Nijni-Novgorod and of the Forty-fifth Regiment of Dragoons of Sevsk. He is also a Chevalier of the Order of St. Andrew. Notwithstanding these dignities it is said that his greatest joy in life is a red and blue Punchinello and that he occasionally scraps with his youngest sister, Princess Anastasia, who is six years old, for possession of it.

Sometimes odd things happen to royal children. Not long ago the carriage in which the youngest daughter of Kaiser Wilhelm was driving with her governess in Berlin ran over a little boy. The Princess, who is fifteen, jumped out and ran after the crowd that was carrying the little chap to a drug store near by. Then a vigilant policeman who formed the idea that she was trying to escape dashed after her and caught her by the arm.

"You must come with me to the police station," he growled. "What is your name and who are your parents?"

"My name is Victoria Louise," replied the little girl, with a fine air of offended dignity, "and my father is the Kaiser."

Then apologies flowed freely.

#### PRINCE OF WARESS CHILDREN

are all animal lovers. Their grandmother, Queen Alexandra, instilled this characteristic into them.

Prince Albert's pony, Midget, is his pet. Prince Edward, the heir presumptive, is devoted to his terrier, Puck. Both boys are good fencers and can go through the manual of arms in good style; but it is said their sister Victoria can give points to either. She can't box, however, and they can and they do. One day when they quarrelled and started to pummel each other there was a rush of governesses and tutors and servants to separate them.

"Oh, nonsense," exclaimed the King, who happened to be looking on, "let them fight it out."

Royal mothers are, in the present day at least good mothers. There is not a single case in which the Queens and Princesses who have children growing up to the honors and responsibilities of royalty do not devote much of their time to directing their education and caring for their health.

The Queen of Spain began by nursing the little Prince, and she planned the nursery for him herself. The Zarina not only directs her children's study but makes herself their playmate.

In other courts conditions are in general the same. The time when etiquette was a barrier between Kings and Queens and their families seems to have completely passed away.

Bald Customer—"Can you really recommend this pomade?" Hairdresser—"Very highly, sir. Look what a head I hair I've got, end now" (removing his wig) "see what I looked like before I used it."

exception is in the case of a wife or minor children. In that case the husband and father is responsible. But in Africa an older practice still persists, and debts may be collected from other relatives, and, indeed, they may among many Oriental peoples.

A debt among the native tribes of Africa is never outlawed. It descends from the father to the children, even unto the third and fourth generation. In the journal of G. Harry Agnew, a missionary, the following account of native law and methods of dealing with offenders is given:

If a man has committed some misdeed and runs away, it is customary to arrest his father, or his wife, so that the relatives may be forced to look for him.

Elephants ceased to exist in the neighborhood of Inhambane many years ago, yet there are debts among the people there to-day which originated in the sale of elephants' tusks perhaps forty years ago. An instance of this kind will illustrate the matter.

Fazenda is a native Christian. Her father is a petty chief. Her grandfather was a kind of under-buyer for a white man, who would give him cloth with which to purchase ivory.

One day a native came to him with a lot of ivory, more than he had cloth to pay for, so he invited the native to go with him to the white man, who would buy it.

Instead of paying for the ivory, the white man took it and drove them away. The owner then made claim against Fazenda's grandfather, who could not pay, so the debt descended to his son.

The son, to settle the matter, gave a girl to the son of the man who had lost the ivory; but this girl died, so, according to native custom, he had to give another girl. This he did by handing over Fazenda.

The matter finally got more complicated, as the man who got Fazenda died, and she became the property of his brother.

She left this man, and another offered to buy her. Accordingly, her father took cloth from the second man in order to settle up with the man she left. But Fazenda refusing the bargain, the second man would not take back his cloth, but demanded gold sovereigns instead.

Finally Fazenda went to work for a missionary, earned some money of her own, and was able to settle up the complicated affair.

#### SENTENCE SERMONS.

He cannot do who does not dare. Opposition often is the best aid.

Living for men is the best evidence of loving God.

It takes an uplifted eye to keep a clean heart.

No man can be great until he can see greatness.

He cannot pray for himself who prays only for himself.

It takes some frost to fign the best fruits of the heart.

He denies himself the best who cannot deny himself.

The weeds of prejudice grow in an intellectual desert.

If there is nothing heavenly here there is no heaven there.

A heavy heart does not prove that you have a burdened brain.

Many a preacher would be seldom at church but for the sermon.

The best way to maintain good cheer is to comfort the cheerless.

Corns on your hands will do more for the good of the world than crowns on your head.

There are too many trying to whiten the world by thickening others.

You can as soon cross the ocean on a chart as save the world by a creed.

Every choice in life is an impact that determines the shape of character.

You always can measure a man by the things that provoke him to angerment.

There is no vital power in a religion you can pigeonhole into one day of the week.

Your religion is not to be measured by what you are giving-up, but by what you are giving-out.

The difference between what you are and what you would be is the prophecy of what you will be.

led senior constructor at Devonport Dockyard, the men subscribed to present him with an enormous illuminated address. It is made of silk, and is, between two and three yards long and over a yard and a half wide. On one side the names of the subscribers are written in English characters, and on the other in their native Chinese. Apart altogether from its sentimental value, it is intrinsically worth a good deal of money by reason of the fine artistry with which it is executed.

In Hong-Kong Sir Thomas had more than one uncomfortable, not to say dangerous, experience. It was the custom at that time for the people to walk out to the Mount Austin Hotel.

#### (THE HIGHEST POINT IN THE CITY.

which was reached by a narrow spiral path up the side of the mountain. One Sunday, as Sir Thomas was going along the path, a gentleman just in front of him stopped suddenly. Sir Thomas stopped too, for immediately in front of them a large cobra was lying across the road.

Without a moment's hesitation the gentleman stooped, and the next thing Sir Thomas saw was the cobra raised aloft in his hand. The gentleman had seized it just behind the hood, and, in spite of its squirming and wriggling and the desperate efforts to escape from the firm grip in which it was held, the reptile was carried in that way to the hotel, where it was killed.

The gentleman subsequently explained to Sir Thomas that he had over and over again seized cobras in that manner, for when held just behind the hood it is impossible for the beast to turn round and bite its captor. The attempt to catch it is, however, not without danger, for in the event of its being grasped a little too low down, or not being caught, the creature would be able to strike and inflict a dangerous, if not fatal, wound.

Over and over again, too, in Hong-Kong Sir Thomas found centipedes in his bed. When he did so before turning in it was easy to kill them. Occasionally, however, he would be awakened by feeling one of them.

#### CRAWLING UP HIS LEG.

Had he attempted to brush it off he would have endangered the amputation, which would have gripped his flesh with its strong impers, which would so tightly that a knife would have had to be used to get them out, though, contrary to popular belief, the bite is not fatal.

Under those circumstances Sir Thomas always adopted a device he learned from a civil engineer. Slowly straightening his leg he would get it out from under the bedclothes, and then, bending his knee, would start swinging the limb very slowly. This always caused the centipede to turn round and make its way down Sir Thomas's leg to his foot, whence it dropped to the ground, where it need hardly be said it was immediately killed. It, however, always left the marks of its many feet on Sir Thomas's flesh.

While in Hong-Kong Sir Thomas had a novel experience in dealing with a snake. For he had to do so in a hand clock, which, though built in much the same way as an ordinary clock, has to have planks placed against the sides to hold the supports of the ship.

Although he has just retired from His Majesty's service, to the great regret of King Edward and of all those who have been brought in contact with him, Sir Thomas was really retained in the government employ three years longer than the ordinary regulations allow. It is, however, unlikely that he will be content to spend the rest of his life in idleness, for no one who sees his tall, erect figure and well-preserved appearance could by any possibility call him an old man; though his hair and moustache are almost white.—London Times.

Zigzby: "There goes the fellow who whistles at danger." Docksy: "Ah, must be a very brave fellow. Why he?" Zigzby: "A locomotive driver."









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## POLITICAL NEWS!

The test of political merit is the prosperity that waits on the people. Under Liberal rule the record from 1896 to date has been marked by a degree of prosperity and material progress never before known in Canada. The farmers have never been so well-to-do, never so successful and contented; the manufacturers have never been so busy and prosperous; never did they get better wages.

### Great Deeds Done

The manner in which the great West has been opened up is a monument to the sagacity of the Government, and the results a marvel of the century. The land and water transportation problems of Canada have been solved in the interests of the Dominion as a whole. The National Transcontinental Railway, to build which the Government received a direct mandate from the people, is being rapidly pushed to completion, and very shortly Canada will have another line stretching from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The finances of the country have been so ably and economically administered that each year of Liberal rule has round the debts of the country promptly discharged, no new debts created, and a handsome surplus remaining. Lower tariff, producing a greater revenue, has been less burdensome to the people and accomplished the purpose for which it was designed. The Post Office Department has been managed in a business-like manner resulting in a surplus for the first time in history of the country. Every department of the Government has been conducted upon business principles, in which honesty and economy have become apparent in the satisfactory results secured.

### What Electors Demand

What does the average elector re-

the day.

### Compare Records.

The condition of the public debt is a good indication of the measure of prosperity enjoyed by the people. The public debt in 1896, after the Conservatives had been in office eighteen years, was \$258,497,432. When they assumed power in 1878, the public debt was \$140,362,069, so that in eighteen years they added to the burdens of the people the sum of \$118,135,363, equivalent to an average increase of about six and a half millions per annum. During eleven years of Liberal rule there has positively been no addition to the public debt, but surpluses have been created amounting to \$20,000,000. Sir Wilfrid Laurier once said, when speaking at Toronto, that it was not necessary to quote a long array of figures to prove the prosperity of the country, for, said he, "You will be the judge of prosperity in your pockets." This prophecy has been remarkably fulfilled, for that the Canadian people have felt the jungle of prosperity in their pockets is everywhere acknowledged.

### Trade Returns Analyzed.

The total trade of the country in 1896, after the Conservatives had bungled things for eighteen years, kept the people poor by excessive taxation, debarréd, our manufacturers from foreign markets militated against the exportation of farm produce, was \$221,429,485. Compare this with the total trade of Canada for the year ending August 1901, which amounts to \$610,338,127, an increase of \$378,925,720 over the previous twelve months.

The trade policy of the Government was condemned in unmeasured terms by the Conservatives. Stung into indignation when they observed the Liberals casting off the worn-out methods which had been so abortive of good results, and applying intelligent principles of political economy, premises

### How's This?

Wouldn't One Wonderful Remedy? It would for any case of Catarrh, that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by him.  
J. W. KINSMAN & MARSH,  
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.  
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 37¢ per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.  
222 Hall's Family Pills for easy cost.

In the new and enlightened policy which was to govern public affairs from the time the Liberals assumed office the Conservatives could but scold and sneer. Said Sir Charles Tupper, "One universal wall of anguish from the nation grows would resound from north to south." There was no wall of anguish, but a tribute of praise and thanksgiving that the commercial interests of the country had been redeemed from bankruptcy, and the election of Canada cannot do better than dignify the Government above and then deliver a verdict and pronounce upon the relative merits of the two parties.

### Public Works Constructed.

The Liberals have been charged with neglecting public works, and the Conservatives credit for great activity in this regard. What are these facts? In addition to the construction of additions to the Trent canal and the building of the great Kirkfield lift-lock the Department of Public Works has pursued the most vigorous course with a view of cheapening and facilitating transportation between the great Northwest and the Canadian Atlantic seaboard, official and energetic attention has been directed towards the following projects:

1. The harbors on Lake Superior where the western grain is delivered by the railways and stored for distribution.

2. The harbors for trans-shipment to the Ontario coast.

3. The lines of routes between the Province of Ontario and Montreal and other cities, both by rail and water.

4. The means for receiving storing and shipment for the ocean voyage.

5. The St. Lawrence ship canal, from Montreal and Quebec, to the St. Lawrence river.

There is no work has been to create a new system through which would be the St. Lawrence as the main artery of the province, the products of the province and the products of the United States and American States. The Government has provided at the same time that the work has been done at Port Hope, Port Colborne, Godfrich, Oshawa, Midford, Saint S. E. M. and other places, and at some of the wharves and breakwaters have been built. Perhaps the most important work of this department is the construction by the Government of the St. Lawrence ship canal, from Montreal and Quebec, to the St. Lawrence river. The Government, at this time, is doing nothing in this respect, as the work is being done by the Liberal Government, and powerful means are being taken to build and improve the St. Lawrence ship canal, in the most efficient manner, with the highest quality of shipbuilding.

Powerful Neglected. The Government facilities in respect of work might be found fairly well, but the work has also been greatly neglected. In the Maritime Provinces, the greatest attention has been paid to the needs of the province, and the fishing industry. Each time money was voted,

### Well Managed Post Office.

The management of the Post Office Department affords a striking instance of intelligent administration and liberal methods compared to the slipshod manner in which business was conducted in Conservative times. In 1896, the last year of Conservative rule, this department was run at a loss of \$75,152. Last year, under Liberal rule, there was a surplus of over a million dollars, after the establishment of hundreds of additional post offices. In addition it may also be said to the credit of the Government that the postal rates have been greatly reduced, a boon for which the people are grateful.

### Preserving Public Domain.

The policy of the Liberals to preserve the public domain for the settler is too well-known to be enlarged upon, but it is interesting in this connection to remind the people that the Conservatives voted as subsidies to railroads no less than 56,087,072 acres. These are the people who accused the Government of alienating the public lands and favoring the speculator at the expense of the settler.

### Tories Made Settlers Suffer.

As a matter of fact, the lands alienated by the Conservatives were naturally selected along the right of way of the various railroads and were consequently of greater value (in respect to transportation of products) to the settler who was compelled to buy from the corporation at a high figure the land which he would otherwise have been entitled to take up from a homestead. This is the manner in which the Conservative Government protected the homestead of the west by forcing him to buy from the railroad or to leave so far from the line that it became of no service to him. What will the people think of the man who cry "the land for the settler" when they compelled the settler to purchase from the corporation at a high figure, land which

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After taking \$5.00 worth of Psychine my lungs are well and life

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# Heart Strength

Heart Strength or Heart Weakness, means Nerve Strength, or Nerve Weakness—nothing more. Positively, not one weak heart in a hundred is, in itself, actually diseased. It is almost always a hidden tiny little nerve that really is all at fault. This obscure nerve—the Cardiac, or Heart Nerve—simply needs, and must have, more power, more vitality, more controlling, more governing strength. Without that the heart must continue to fail, and the stomach and kidneys also have these same controlling nerves.

This clearly explains why, as a medicine, Dr. Shoop's Restorative has in the past done so much for weak and ailing hearts. Dr. Shoop first sought the cause of all this painful, palpitating, suffocating heart distress. Dr. Shoop's Restorative—this popular prescription—is alone directed to these weak and wasting nerve centers. It builds; it strengthens; it off-re-sets, genuine heart help.

If you would have strong hearts, strong digestion, strengthen these nerves—re-establish them as needed, with

## Dr. Shoop's Restorative

"ALL DEALERS"

the corporations seemed for nothing?

If the settler is compelled to pay a high price for his land he owes it to a Conservative Government, which fritters away this heritage of the home-seeker. The evils of land to us—to wealthy monopolists must be laid to the Conservatives, and if the West suffers to day in having land adapted to agriculture held at prohibitive prices the blame must be placed where it properly belongs.

The Liberal Government, appreciating that railways were necessary to the development of new territory, extended assistance by payment of a cash subsidy upon which interest was charged, thus the subsidy became practically a loan. The Liberal Government imposed other conditions with respect to rates charged and the Government upon all subsidizing railways which effected a great saving each year. Had this policy been adopted by the Conservatives in the early history of rail road building, many millions of dollars a year of the people's money would have been saved.

### Pre election Promises Kept

To make even a short list of all the good things accomplished by the Liberal Government since 1896 is quite impossible in a short article. It may be said with truth that what the Liberals promised before the election, in 1896 and before every general election since, has been more than performed. That the people have this is proved by the fact that in the elections the Government has lost, but one seat. London and in the case of Liberal candidates was nominated. The Conservatives have not been so fortunate they have steadily lost the slight hold they had on the public confidence.

### Future Safe With Liberals

Sir Wilfrid Laurier put the case well when he said the Liberals had not been failures, had not walked in beaten paths, but had found a way to meet difficulties as they arose, policy suited to the conditions and the time. As it has been in the past, so it will be in the future, the Liberal Government will face and find the means to every problem as it arises, and solve it in the best and most economical way possible.

## THE RATTLESNAKE.

Removing Its Poison Fangs Does Not Render It Harmless.

A common misconception which is apt to lead to serious accidents is the belief that a rattlesnake rendered perfectly harmless, so that it can be handled with impunity. The removal of its poison fangs, the fangs, two in number, and the glands which secrete the

ous amount of whisky which was immediately administered to him, which illustrates another mistaken idea. It is a pity to shatter a pleasant illusion, but alcohol, except in very small doses, is harmful rather than beneficial as an antidote to snake bite poison.

As a matter of fact, although the symptoms of rattlesnake poisoning are most painful and alarming, an adult rarely dies from the bite of the variety common in the north. The diamond backs of the south attain a much larger size and consequently inject more venom, and their bite is proportionately more dangerous.—Francis Metcalfe in Outing Magazine.

## A SEAT IN THE COMMONS.

Going to Parliament a Costly Honor For Englishmen.

Every Englishman who is not fortunate enough to be a peer wants to become an M. P. Every man who has succeeded in business or professional life feels that a coveted seat in the commons is necessary to round out his career. But many men of moderate means are deterred from pampering their ambitions by the big expense entailed. No salaries are paid, and, besides supporting himself, an M. P. is called upon to meet heavy drains upon his pocketbook during his entire term.

At the most moderate estimate the expenses of a campaign are \$5,000. Once elected, the member must "buy" his constituents. Clubs and charities are the greatest beneficiaries of this nursing, but many individuals come in for assistance also. Not less than \$3,000 a year is required for this item, which for a term of five years represents an outlay of \$15,000.

All told, then, a prospective member faces an outlay of \$20,000 in addition to his living expenses, which in London are far from moderate when he maintains himself in keeping with the dignity of his position.

Many of the commoners of course spend far more than the above amount. And, in addition to the cash outlay, some of them find their lives embittered by the worries and exactions of their positions.

## BALLOONING.

With an Experienced Pilot In Charge It Is Not Dangerous.

The uninitiated are prone to look upon the balloon as a sort of country fair attraction, whose principal interest lies in the risk the aeronaut takes. This is a mistake.

Like the automobile, the balloon requires an experienced pilot, and when such a one is in charge serious or fatal accidents are never recorded. Most balloon clubs require all ascensions to be made under a regularly licensed pilot, who receives his certificate from the club only after having demonstrated his fitness. The pilot who is willing to go up only in favorable weather and to come down at the proper time need never endanger lives. He knows he has only to open the valve and he can descend. He has only to throw out a handful of sand, and he can prevent his balloon from coming down or can send it up. When he is ready to land he picks off a favorable spot ahead of him, lets his balloon come gradually down near the ground, cuts loose the anchor which stops his progress, then opens the valve again if necessary. When the ear touches the ground he tears out the riding strip, and the balloon stretches out on the ground, a flat and empty bag.—F. P. Lahm, U. S. A., in Outing Magazine.

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## A SINGULAR DUEL.

How the Death Penalty Was Administered to Two Indians.

The following story illustrates very well one of the characteristics of the Indian, as it shows that Indians, as a rule, did not mind dying so much as they were particular about the method. It was a good many years ago at Pine Ridge, when there was trouble with the Cheyennes. Major Cooper was there as agent, and there were two young Cheyennes who were badly wanted for murder. They had waylaid and killed a prospector. They were not caught, and the chances were that they would not be unless the soldiers were called in. If this were done it was likely to precipitate trouble with the whole tribe, and Major Cooper laid the case before the headmen. They were told that if the soldiers were sent for there would surely be trouble and were requested politely to ask the two young fellows to come in and be hanged.

Word was sent to the two young Indians, Head Chief and Young Mule, who were out in the hills. They sent word back that they had no objection to dying if it would keep the rest of the tribe out of trouble, but that if they had to die they preferred to die fighting, and they wanted it distinctly understood that they would not be hanged. It was entirely against the customs of the government, but rules did not go for much in those days. Results were the chief things, and Major Cooper sent word to them that if they wanted a fight he would risk accommodating them. A date was set and early in the morning they rode toward the agency, fully armed. Major Cooper was out to meet them, and the rest of the tribe, the potential hostiles, were gathered on the hills to see fair play. The two fellows rode into the open and slipped off their horses, using it for cover and shooting across the saddle.

The two young Indians galloped up to within short range, and commenced climbing, landing on the left side of their horses and shooting under their necks at spots their heads. The fact was that it was that if they were killed it was all right, but if they got the best they would pull out into the hills and wait for some other challenge. As their shot did not last long, they had a heavy buffalo gun and killed and wounded, shooting him through the chest and the other leg of the horse, and several shots were exchanged and the Indian was shot through the back. He knew it would be all over in a few minutes and that he was going to



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fail if your Eyes bother you ever so little, to call and consult our Expert Optician, who took another first graduate course in vision, while in Toronto last spring, and having better success than ever.

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## DR. C. H. WARTMAN

DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue out of town visits, but if our friends of Napanee and Tamworth will give me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will be most pleased to please them. All work guaranteed best class.

## GET THE BEST



## GRAND PRIZE

Highest Award  
WORLD'S FAIR  
ST. LOUIS

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apt to lead to serious accidents is the belief that a serpent is a harmless, perfectly harmless animal that can be handled with impunity. The removal of its poison fangs, those fangs, two in number, are situated on the upper jaw and he should expect a bite and a serpent strikes, when it is provoked, and the closing of the fangs compresses the poison glands and forces the venom through minute openings in the skin. In striking its prey it is able to charm the serpent and is able to get its victim within its grasp. It is then, upon the victim to give the enemy 80 green snake fangs that are broken, and nature has provided a full supply of reserve weapons with the serpent. In the gums and which within two weeks will develop into a disease of the fingers and hand.

An acquaintance who returned from a hunting trip with twenty-five full grown rattlesnakes kept them in his office for a few days and then he found a cobra snake which he had seen. He handled the cobra snake as he had handled the rattlesnakes, but when shown a cobra snake he had developed a perfect rule of new ones there was a snake in the local snake market. It was preserved and sent to the snake dealer, where it is a short time afterwards produced a large litter of cobra snakes which could have easily been taken through the screen and while the mother had been kept. As each of the cobra snakes possessed the poison apparatus in full commission and was without the power to rattle, they would have been even more dangerous than a cobra snake.

Professional snake handlers are often ignorant of the power to quickly replace fangs removed by rattlers, had this ignorance been a serious accident to one of them. He was badly bitten and nearly killed, but his recovery being attributed to the gener-

alizing step, and the obvious stretches out on the ground, a flat and empty bag—F. P. Lahm, U. S. A., in "Outing Magazine".

To check a cold quickly, get from your druggists some little Candy Cold Tablets called Preventics. Druggists everywhere are now dispensing Preventics, for they are not only safe, but decidedly certain and prompt. Preventics contain no quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh nor sickening. Taken at the "sneeze stage" Preventics will prevent Pneumonia, Bronchitis, La Grippe, etc. Hence the name Preventics. Good for feverish children. 18 Preventics 25¢ Trial Box 50¢. Sold by—All Dealers.

### What Is a Midshipman?

By luck I for the first time in my life have found a plausible definition for midshipman. It would appear that in the days immediately after the food the vessels were very high at the ends, between which there was a "deep waist," giving no ready means of passing from one to the other. To meet this difficulty there were employed a class of men, usually young and alert, who from their station were called midship men, to carry messages which were not subject for the trumpet shout. If this explanation holds water, it, like forecasts and after-glow and knighthood, gives another instance of survival of nomenclature from conditions which have long since ceased.

Whatever the origin of his title, it well expressed the anomalous and undefined position of the midshipman. He belonged, so to say, to both ends of the ship as well as to the middle, and his duties and privileges alike fell within the broad saying that what was nobody's business was a midshipman's. When appointed as such in later days he came in "with the layseed in his hair" and went out fit for a lieutenant's charge, but from first to last, whatever his personal progress, he continued as a midshipman, a handily-billy.—Captain A. T. Mahan in Harper's.

### The World's Gypsies.

The gypsies have passed under a variety of names, arising either from their supposed original country or the callings and characteristics of the race. The old English, Egyptian, the Spanish Gitanos and the Magyar Pharas nepek (Pharaoh's people) all point to an Egyptian origin. The Scandinavian Tattare identifies them with the Mongolian hordes which terrorized early Europe, while the French Bohemian suggests yet another country as their origin.

As to the names bestowed by their supposed character, the Arab boldly calls them haragi, a villain, the Dutchman heidens, or heathens, and the Persian takes his name from their complexion and dubs them karachi, or swarthy. A charter of William the First, as early as the twelfth century, mentions their Scotch name of tinklers, which is commonly supposed to be a corruption of tinkers, although possibly the substitution of "t" for "z" has produced this form of the Italian Zingaro, one of the most widespread of gypsy appellations.—London Chronicle.

### Regular Caller.

Pearl—What ever became of that young man you used to like so much, the one you called "plain, everyday Mr. Brown?"  
Ruby—Oh, he is "plain" every night Mr. Brown!  
Pearl—Indeed! How is that?  
Ruby—Why, we are engaged.—Chicago News.

ing him through the body of his horse. The other leg of the horse, and several shots were exchanged, till the Indian was shot through the body. He knew it would be all over with him in a few minutes and the only feeling of his came. But the attack had held good, and he was dropped, and the Indian was able to escape. The Indian was able to escape. The Indian was able to escape.

### The Love of Nature

A Japanese friend of mine lived in Paris for a year. One day on a winter's morning, he found that snow had fallen at the night. As a matter of course he took his way to the Bois de Boulogne to admire the beauty of the snow upon the trees. What was his astonishment when with his companion, a combatant, he arrived in the Bois to find it entirely solitary and deserted. The two Japanese paid their vows to beauty in the whiteness and the stillness of the morning and at last beheld in the distance two other figures approaching. They were comforted. "We are not quite alone," they said to themselves. There were at least two other "just men" in that city of the indifferent and the blind. The figures drew nearer. They also were Japanese.—London Saturday Review.

### Choosing a Husband.

A well known after dinner speaker in New York said the other day: "Choosing a husband is like choosing mushrooms. If it is a mushroom you live; if it is a toadstool you die."—What to Eat.

### Perpetual Question.

An English juror once asked the judge after the verdict was returned whether the fact that he differed from his eleven brethren justified their knocking him down with a chair.

### Only Then.

"Does your husband spare in his sleep, madam?"  
"Well, does. I have never noticed him snoring at any other time."—Baltimore American.

### CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

## NOBODY NEED HAVE INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM!

THAT'S FACT THAT MEDICAL SCIENCE CAN PROVE TO YOU EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR. CARELESSNESS COURTS IT. PRECAUTION PREVENTS—IT'S NOT A CONTAGION THAT STEALS IN UNAWARES!

## South American Rheumatic Cure

is the fortunate remedy which you may be perfectly secure, and why take chances if you are to be tormented and wet, you feel those unwelcome chills, then the fever, then the sweating, then the pains in the joints. Do not miss the opportunity of the treatment of rheumatic and neuralgia cures. Experience shows that the duration of inflammatory rheumatism, and ordinary treatment, will cover a period of six to eight weeks; and what a wretched time to the sufferer, and it seems almost incredible that the great South American Rheumatic Cure has, in thousands of instances, controlled and conquered most stubborn and next to baffling cases in from one to three days.

Lumbago is one of the many ailments, full brothers. It comes and prostrates at times with the violence of a thunderclap, and yet, as in the most acute inflammatory cases, the great South American Rheumatic Cure comes as a mighty angel, holds out its healing hand, and bids the bent and halibroken take on the suppleness of youth. Lots of testimony for the taking.

Healthy kidneys are kept so by South American Kidney Cure, and unhealthy kidneys are cured by the same great remedy

Sold by T. B. Wallace

**Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People**

**of Tonics**

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**NO LUNG**

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advertising space, but it can't buy a successful record of wonderful and its cures of the most difficult and lung and stomach troubles. Such is thousands of cases given up by leading incurable have been quickly and persichine. It is an infallible remedy for pneumonia, consumption, indigestion, wasting diseases.

again worth living."—Mrs. J. Richards, Marlboro, N.S.  
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"Psychine saved my life."—A. Walden, Cornwall St., Toronto.

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**The City of Roses.**  
Isfahan, Persia, is known as the "city of roses," but a traveler says that the streets "are only alleys between two high mud walls, without a single window or opening to be seen—merely here and there a low, narrow doorway, always impenetrably closed. The ground is thickly coated with dust, the streets are rarely straight, and never have they got any name. The sense of ruin is everywhere—here a wall is falling down, there a palace is in ruins, a little farther a deserted mosque is skirted. Such is Isfahan, which from having at one time a population of 1,000,000 is now reduced to barely 100,000 inhabitants."

**The Slow Train.**  
A conductor on a certain train noted for its slowness asked a hoary headed, white bearded passenger for his ticket. "I gave it to you," said the old man. "I guess not," the conductor replied. "Where'd you get on?" "At Buxby's Crossing." "Why," the conductor cried, "there wasn't anybody got on at Buxby's Crossing except one little boy." "It," said the aged one, "was that little boy."—Lippincott's.

# COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

## Treasurer's Sale of Lands for Taxes.

County of LENNOX & ADDINGTON,  
To Wh:

BY VIRTUE OF A WARRANT under the hand of the Warden and the Seal of the County of Lennox and Addington, bearing date the 10th day of August, 1907, and to me directed, commanding me to levy up on the lands mentioned in the following list for arrears of taxes due thereon and the costs as therein set forth.

I hereby give notice that unless the said arrears and costs are sooner paid I shall proceed to sell the said lands, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the taxes and costs, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, by Public Auction on TUESDAY, THE TWENTY-SIXTH 26th DAY OF NOVEMBER (AND THE FOLLOWING DAY IF NECESSARY) in the present year 1907, beginning at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, in compliance with the provisions of the Assessment Act.

The public will please remember that this is a Strictly Cash Sale. Private cheques will not be taken in settlement of purchase unless accepted by the bank on which they are drawn.

### TOWNSHIP OF ANGLESEA.

Description of Lot	Con.	Acres.	Years due.	Taxes	Expenses.	Totals.	Remarks.
Lot No. 26 R.A.	100	Three years or over	\$17 41	\$3 69	\$21 10	Patented.	
Lot No. 32 R.A.	100	Three years or over	12 96	3 58	16 54	Not Patented.	
Part Lot 30 R.A.	95	Three years or over	13 13	3 58	16 71	Patented.	
Lot 27 R.A.	50	Three years or over	8 57	3 47	12 04	Not Patented.	
Lot 33 R.A.	100	Three years or over	12 46	3 58	16 54	Not Patented.	
Lot 38 R.A.	100	Three years or over	12 96	3 58	16 54	Not Patented.	
Lot 39 R.A.	100	Three years or over	12 96	3 58	16 54	Not Patented.	
Lot 9 R.A.	100	Three years or over	4 33	3 50	7 83	Not Patented.	
Lot 5 R.A.	5	Three years or over	9 02	3 50	12 52	Patented.	
Lot 31 R.A.	6	Three years or over	5 36	3 50	8 86	Not Patented.	
Lot 30 R.A.	7	Three years or over	5 36	3 50	8 86	Not Patented.	
Lot 8 R.A.	12	Three years or over	11 96	3 55	15 51	Patented.	
Lot 8 R.A.	13	Three years or over	17 18	3 70	20 88	Patented.	

### TOWNSHIP OF EFFINGHAM.

Lot 4 R.A.	5	100	Three years or over	11 20	3 53	14 73	Not Patented.
Lot 6 R.A.	6	100	Three years or over	15 04	3 63	18 67	Not Patented.

### TOWNSHIP OF KALADAR.

S. W. 1/4 S. 1/4	1	50	Three years or over	9 65	3 50	13 16	Patented.
S. 1/4 2/4	1	108	Three years or over	8 42	3 50	11 92	Not Patented.
W. 1/4 1/4 and W. 1/4 2/4	2	250	Three years or over	7 58	10 00	17 58	Not Patented.
Lot 2 R.A.	2	194	Three years or over	6 34	3 50	9 84	Not Patented.
S. E. 1/4 1/4	3	100	Three years or over	6 72	3 50	10 22	Not Patented.
N. W. 1/4 2/4	1	50	Three years or over	8 93	3 50	12 40	Not Patented.
N. W. 1/4 1/4	5	65	Three years or over	16 46	3 67	20 13	Patented.
S. E. 1/4 1/4	5	130	Three years or over	9 92	6 75	16 67	Not Patented.
Lot 2 R.A.	6	151	Three years or over	17 85	3 70	21 55	Not Patented.
N. 1/4 1/4 2/4	7	130	Three years or over	10 61	3 52	14 16	Patented.
Lot 7 R.A.	8	173	Three years or over	13 65	3 60	17 25	Not Patented.
N. 1/4 1/4 2/4	9	330	Three years or over	18 72	6 97	25 69	Not Patented.
Lot 7 R.A.	10	230	Three years or over	18 77	3 72	22 49	Not Patented.
N. 1/4 1/4 2/4	10	100	Three years or over	8 19	3 50	11 69	Not Patented.
Lot 6 R.A.	11	270	Three years or over	25 11	3 92	30 33	Not Patented.

### TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD.

Lot 27 R.A.	3	200	Three years or over	16 87	3 55	20 42	Not Patented.
Lot 11 R.A.	11	200	Three years or over	16 85	3 70	20 55	Patented.

**L. L. GALLAGHER, IRVINE PARKS,**  
WARDEN. TREASURER, COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

County Treasurer's Office, Napanee, August 12th, 1907.

First published in THE NAPANEE EXPRESS at Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, on August 23rd, 1907.



**REMARKABLE INVENTION FOR THE CULTURE OF HAIR**

# LONDON PICKPOCKETS

Tricky or Brutal and Vicious, According to Their Class.

## METHODS OF THE "GUN MOB"

The False Arm Game and the Use of the Pocketless Overcoat—The Pipe and Red Pepper Trick—How a Gang Will Pluck a Victim in a Crowd.

"Gun mob" is simply English thieves' slang for a pickpocket and his gang of confederates—"gentlemen" who reap an annual harvest of anything they can lay their hands upon in a crowd. Summer time, when race courses, athletic grounds and seaside places are crowded, is the pickpocket's favorite and most profitable season, and when an event occurs like a royal garden party at Windsor the light fingered gentry positively chuckle.

Twenty plain clothes detectives attended the last garden party to protect his majesty's guests from the tricks of the pickpockets, but the latter left Windsor richer by hundreds of pounds in spite of Scotland Yard and carried away with them the gold hunter watches of several of the titled guests.

At one time the modern detective was apt to despise the pickpocket somewhat, characterizing him as a low and not particularly clever thief. His ingenuity, daring and coolness today, however, "compel our admiration," to quote one of the cleverest detectives, "and we feel pleased when we lay one of them by the heels."

The British pickpocket's tricks are many and various, and he is adding to their number every day. The false arm game is one of the cleverest and is calculated to deceive a detective, even although he may have his eyes on the operator. A coat is thrown loosely over a false arm, which is held naturally. Apparently both of the pickpocket's hands are in view, while in reality the skillful fingers of one hand are going through the pockets of the man beside him.

The use of the pocketless overcoat, or the cape coat, which makes an entire cover for the hands, is an old dodge, which nevertheless is still popular with the pickpocket. He often prefers, however, to use a novel invention known as the sash method. The sash consists of a piece of black silk or alpaca two yards long and three-quarters wide. It is folded the same as a neck scarf and crossed centrally beneath the coat and vest, both ends being brought under the arms and placed in the hip pockets of the trousers. When ready for action the "tool," as the man is called who actually picks the pocket, places his hands behind the folds of this device, and it enables him to conceal his purpose as he "fronts" a man to rob him of his watch or money if the latter is in his trousers pocket.

A "tool," however, has other means of covering his hands without resorting to the aid of coat or sash. A newspaper or theater programme is often used. Beware of looking over a stranger's shoulder to glance at a newspaper or programme—a little action we are often guilty of when it only necessitates a turn of the head. You may be risking nothing, but, on the other hand, you may be seated or standing by the side of a professional pickpocket, who has only to hold the

## WOMAN RESCUED.

Ottawa, Ont.—Slavery is not dead. Daily, the traffic in human souls goes on. Only a short time ago, a number of Chinese were arrested as they attempted to smuggle young girls from Canada into the United States. In Eastern countries, the slave trader gives his vocation in the market place. Some go into another kind of slavery—unknowingly—yet make a valiant effort to escape. Ottawa is all agog over the wonderful escape of one of her charming matrons from that physical slavery, Rheumatism. Mrs. R. C. Small says, "I was a constant sufferer from rheumatism for over seven years. I used many treatments—consulted doctors—cried 'hot baths'—used almost every known mineral water—but nothing did me any real good. The pains were in my joints and back, and I had frequent headaches and bad indigestion. About a year ago, I saw 'Fruit-a-tives' advertised and decided to try them. After I had taken two boxes, I was much better. Altogether I took seven boxes. I have had no rheumatism for over six months now and feel that I am quite cured. I have gained over ten pounds in weight."

"Fruit-a-tives" cure because the intensified fruit juices and tonics strengthen the kidneys—regulate the bowels—and invigorate the skin. This means pure blood, free of uric acid.

Cure yourself. Take "Fruit-a-tives" now and be free of Rheumatism all winter. 50c a box; 6 for \$2.50. At druggists, or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

the other men devote part of their attention to watching any of the passengers who may be inclined to suspect mischief, and with their boot toe in close proximity to that of the "tool" they can convey a danger signal without fear of attracting the least attention. When such a signal reaches the "tool" he will desist in his attempt at plunder, and, though he has never turned his head to see who prevented larceny, he will completely lull the suspicions of the same individual by his manner thereafter.

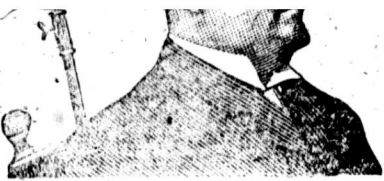
Generally speaking, the profits of pickpocketing are not worth the risk. Occasionally thieves make a good haul, as in the case of the king's garden party already alluded to, but often great risk is run to secure a man's pocketbook, for instance, only to find that it is simply filled with cards and memoranda.

Hard cash is what the pickpocket likes to secure. For jewelry he can only get about one-half of what it is worth from the fence, while for watches he rarely gets more than one-fourth. Consequently the professional pickpocket must be industrious to earn a livelihood.

## Dawn on the Prairies.

While we ate the eastern sky lightened. The mountains under the dawn looked like silhouettes cut from slate colored paper. Those in the west showed faintly luminous. Objects about us became dimly visible. We could make out the windmill and the adobe of the ranch houses and the corrals. The cowboys arose one by one, dropped their plates into the dishpan and began to hunt out their ropes. Everything was obscure and mysterious in the faint gray light. I watched Windy Bill near his tarpaulin. He stooped to throw over the canvas. When he bent it was before daylight; when he straightened his back daylight had come. It was just like that, as though some one had reached out his hand to turn on the illumination of the world.





# CULTURE OF HAIR

THE EVANS' VACUUM CAP is a practical invention constructed on scientific and hygienic principles by the simple means of which a free and normal circulation is restored throughout the scalp. The minute blood vessels are gently stimulated to activity, thus allowing the food supply which can only be derived from the blood, to be carried to the hair roots, the effects of which are quickly seen in a healthy, vigorous growth of hair. There is no rubbing, and as no drugs or chemicals of whatever kind are employed there is nothing to cause irritation. It is only necessary to wear the Cap three or four minutes daily.

## 60 DAYS' FREE TRIAL!

The Company's Guarantee.

An EVANS' VACUUM CAP will be sent you for sixty days' free trial. If you do not see a gradual development of a new growth of hair, and are not convinced that the Cap will completely restore your hair, you are at liberty to return the Cap with no expense whatever to yourself. It is requested, as an evidence of good faith, that the price of the Cap be deposited with the Chancery Lane Safe Deposit Company of London, the largest financial and business institution of the kind in the world, who will issue a receipt guaranteeing that the money will be returned in full, on demand without questions or comment, at any time during the trial period.

The eminent Dr. E. N. LOVE, in his address to the Medical Board on the subject of Alopecia, (loss of hair) stated that if a means could be devised to bring nutrition to the hair follicles (their roots), with out restoring to any irritating process, the problem of hair growth would be solved. Later on, when the EVANS' VACUUM CAP was submitted to him for inspection, he remarked that the Cap would fulfil and confirm in practice the observations he had previously made before the Medical Board.

Dr. W. MOORE, referring to the invention, says that the principle upon which the Evans Vacuum Cap is founded is absolutely correct and indisputable.

An illustrated and descriptive book of the Evans Vacuum Cap will be sent, post-free, on application.

## THE SECRETARY, EVANS VACUUM CAP CO., LIMITED.

Regent House, Regent Street, London, W.

## Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

### GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Modern Standard Time. No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Napanee									
Stations. Miles. No. 1. No. 4. No. 3. No. 5.									
A.M. P.M. A.M. P.M. A.M. P.M. A.M. P.M.									
Lvo Deseronto	0	7 00	12 30	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lvo Napanee	9	7 20	1 15	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lvo Napanee	9	7 40	1 35	12 10	4 25	—	—	—	—
Strathcona	15	8 05	1 40	12 25	4 40	—	—	—	—
Newburgh	17	8 15	1 50	12 35	4 50	—	—	—	—
Thompson's Mills	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Camden East	19	8 30	2 00	12 45	5 00	—	—	—	—
Arr Yarker	23	8 45	2 15	1 00	5 15	—	—	—	—
Lvo Yarker	33	9 30	2 47	1 00	5 15	—	—	—	—
Gairbrath	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Moscow	37	9 20	2 55	1 15	—	—	—	—	—
Modlake Bridge	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enterprise	39	9 35	2 50	1 30	4 45	—	—	—	—
Wilson	34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tamworth	38	10 00	3 10	—	1 48	—	—	—	—
Erineville	41	10 10	3 25	—	—	—	—	—	—
Marbank	45	10 25	3 40	—	—	—	—	—	—
Larkins	51	10 45	4 15	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stocco	56	11 00	4 20	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arr Tweed	58	11 15	4 35	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lvo Tweed	61	11 25	4 50	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bridgenorth	64	11 35	5 10	—	—	—	—	—	—
Queensboro	70	12 05	5 30	—	—	—	—	—	—
Allans	73	12 20	5 45	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arr Hallowell	78	12 40	6 00	—	—	—	—	—	—

Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston									
Stations. Miles. No. 1. No. 3. No. 5.									
A.M. P.M. A.M. P.M. A.M. P.M.									
Lvo Deseronto	0	7 00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lvo Napanee	9	7 20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lvo Napanee	9	7 40	12 10	4 25	—	—	—	—	—
Strathcona	15	8 05	12 10	4 40	—	—	—	—	—
Newburgh	17	8 15	12 40	4 50	—	—	—	—	—
Thompson's Mills	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Camden East	19	8 30	12 50	5 00	—	—	—	—	—
Arr Yarker	23	8 45	1 05	5 15	—	—	—	—	—
Lvo Yarker	33	9 30	1 05	5 15	—	—	—	—	—
Frontenac	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Harro Smith	39	9 40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sydenham	39	9 10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lvo Mervale	35	9 22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Glennville	38	9 32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
G. T. R. Junction	47	9 50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arr Kingston	49	10 00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

### LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE TO DESERONTO and PICTON.			
TRAINS		STEAMERS	
Leave Napanee	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Picton
2 30 a.m.	2 50 a.m.	7 00 a.m.	8 30 a.m.
3 30 "	3 50 "		
6 30 "	6 50 "		
9 30 "	9 50 "		
1 00 "	1 15 "	1 40 p.m.	3 00 p.m.
2 05 p.m.	12 25 p.m.		
3 20 "	1 40 "	5 30 p.m.	7 00 p.m.
4 20 "	4 40 "		
4 30 "	4 50 "		
6 55 "	7 10 "	7 00 a.m.	8 30 a.m.
9 50 "	10 10 "		
8 15 "	8 35 "		

Daily. All other trains run daily. Sundays excepted.

WALTER RATHBURN, President. H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent. D. A. VAILLEAU, Asst. Superintendent.

newspaper or programme—a little action we are often guilty of when it only necessitates a turn of the head. You may be risking nothing, but, on the other hand, you may be seated or standing by the side of a professional pickpocket, who has only to hold the paper at a certain angle while you are engrossed in some item to cover his movements as he relieves you of your valuables.

The black silk handkerchief and hat are employed in the same manner as the paper, only the former is sometimes used in the "sling method" to carry a supposedly crippled arm. The manner in which that arm would rest against your face, as if raised to avoid some one striking it, while the other hand took your scarfpin and watch would excite compassion from the victim himself.

The pickpocket's most dastardly trick—but one, be it noted, which is only used by the man who is too clumsy to perform that sleight of hand upon which the clever thief prides himself—is that of blinding the victim with pepper blown through a pipe. The bowl of the latter is filled with a false bottom and second tube, the cavity below the false bottom being filled with cayenne pepper, while tobacco is placed above it. Approaching a gentleman in an ill lighted street, the thief asks for a light for his pipe, and while the victim feels for his matches he is suddenly blinded by a discharge of cayenne pepper, which the scoundrel blows through the hole in the bottom of the pipe into his eyes. Maddened with the terrible pain, the victim presses his hands to his eyes, and the robber snatches his watch and chain and decamps, to repeat his exploit on some other unsuspecting pedestrian.

It is not very often, however, that the pickpocket works alone, although women who belong to the light fingered fraternity—and who, by the way, are often more successful than men—usually prefer to do so. Men thieves like to work in "mobs," for the simple reason that they can transfer the "boodle" from one to the other in a crowd. Consequently if recognized by a detective and arrested on suspicion there is nothing in their possession on which they can be convicted.

Besides, confederates—or "stalls," as they are called in the vernacular of the "profession"—are necessary to do that little bit of hustling which makes the "tool's" task so much easier and lessens the risk of detection.

Many are doubtless aware that tram terminals in busy thoroughfares are places where the pickpocket is always looking for plunder, and a "mob" of four will often work together in such a crowd. A prosperous looking victim is selected, and as he attempts to board the car the four quickly surround him, with the "artist" behind.

The confederate in front uses every subterfuge to block the progress of the victim until the coup has been brought off, and while the men on each side keep him in and distract his attention with their hustling the man behind helps himself from his pockets. It is a trick which rarely fails with cool, expert thieves, although amateurs at the game are often caught through lack of nerve and quickness.

The "stall" or confederate will not allow any one who has been chosen for a victim to change his position until a peculiar cluck tells him the trick has been accomplished or unless there has been an alarm from an outside source. When more than one "stall" is used

Trick Catarrh treatments are being mailed out free, on request, by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. These tests are proving to the people—without a penny's cost—the great value of this scientific prescription known to druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. Sold by—All Dealers.

Bill near his tarpan. He stooped to throw over the canvas. When he bent it was before daylight, when he straightened his back daylight had come. It was just like that, as though some one had reached out his hand to turn on the illumination of the world.—Stewart Edward White in Outing Magazine.

A tickling cough, from any cause, is quickly stopped by Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. And it is so thoroughly harmless and safe, that Dr. Shoop tells mothers everywhere to give it without hesitation even to very young babies. The whole-some green leaves and tender stems of a lung-healing mountainous shrub, furnish the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. It calms the cough, and heals the sore and sensitive bronchial membranes. No opium, no chloroform, nothing harsh used to injure or suppress. Simply a delicious plant extract, that helps to heal aching lungs. The Spaniards call this shrub which the Doctor uses, "The Sacred Herb." Demand Dr. Shoop's. Take no other. Sold by—All Dealers.

# A TRAINER

## After Years of Experience Regard to Them

Mrs. Martha Pohlman of 55 Chester Avenue, Newark, N.J., who is a graduate Nurse from the Blockley Training School at Philadelphia, and for six years Chief Clinic Nurse at the Philadelphia Hospital, writes the letter printed below. She has the advantage of personal experience, besides her professional education and what she has to say may be absolutely relied upon.

Many other women are afflicted as she was. They can regain health in the same way. It is prudent to heed such advice from such a source.

Mrs. Pohlman writes: "I am firmly persuaded, after eight years of experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that it is the safest and best medicine for any suffering woman to use."

"Immediately after my marriage I found that my health began to fail me. I became weak and pale, with severe bearing-down pains, fearful backaches and frequent dizzy spells. The doctors prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I would bloat after eating and frequently become nauseated. I had pains down through my limbs so I could hardly walk. It was as bad as a case of female trouble as I have ever known. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, however, cured me within four months. Since that time I have had occasion to recommend it to a number of patients suffering from all forms of female difficulties, and I find that while it is considered unprofessional to recommend a patent medicine, I can honestly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for I have found that it cures female ills, where all other medicine fails. It is a grand medicine for sick women."

Money cannot buy such testimony as this—merit alone can produce such results, and the ablest specialists now agree that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most universally successful remedy for all female diseases known to medicine.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful periods, weakness, displacement or ulceration of the female organs, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



## RESPONSIBILITY.

It Develops the Power and Ability That is in a Man.

Responsibility is a great power developer. Where there is responsibility there is growth. People who are never thrust into responsible positions never develop their real strength. This is one reason why it is so rare to find very strong men and women among those who have spent their lives in subordinate positions, in the service of others. They go through life comparative weaklings because their powers have never been tested or developed by having great responsibility thrust upon them. This thinking has been done for them. They have simply carried out somebody else's programme. They have never learned to stand alone, to think for themselves, to act independently. Because they have never been obliged to plan for themselves they have never developed the best thing in them—their power of originality, inventiveness, initiative, independence, self reliance, their possible grit and stamina. The power to create, to make combinations, to meet emergencies, the power which comes from continuous marshaling of one's forces to meet difficult situations, to adjust means to ends, that stamina or power which makes one equal to the great crisis in the life of a nation, is only developed by years of practical training under great responsibility.

There is nothing more misleading than the philosophy that if there is anything in a youth it will come out. It may come out and it may not. It depends largely upon circumstances, upon the presence or absence of an ambition arousing, a grit awakening environment. The greatest ability is not always accompanied by the greatest confidence or the greatest ambition.

There is at this moment enough power latent in the clerks or ordinary employees in almost any of our business houses to manage them as well or better than they are managed today if the opportunity and necessary emergency came to call out this dynamic force.

But how can clerks who remain behind counters measuring cloth, selling shoes or hosiery, year in and year out, ever know what latent power for organization or executive ability, what initiative they possess? It is true that some of the more ambitious and courageous get out and start for themselves, but it does not follow that they are always able than those who remain behind. Sometimes the greatest ability is accompanied by great modesty and even timidity. Then, again, employees conscious of great ability are often deterred from taking the risk of launching out for themselves because of possible disaster to those depending upon them for daily bread. But thrust great responsibility upon a man, drive him to desperation, and the demand will bring out what there is in him. It will call out his initiative, his ingenuity, his resourcefulness, his self reliance, his power to adjust means to ends. If there are any elements of leadership in him, responsibility will call them out. It will test his power to do things.—Success.

### The Last Execution at Tyburn.

The last execution at Tyburn took place on Friday, Nov. 7, 1783, in the person of John Austin, convicted on the preceding Saturday of robbing John Spicer and cutting and wounding him in a cruel manner. In Walford's "Old and New London" it is erroneously said that "the last criminal executed here was one Ryland, who was hanged (shot in the neck) in 1783." William Ryland is executed on Aug. 22, two months before the date of

The finest quality calfs-foot gelatine and pure fruit flavors—that's

## Greig's White Swan Jelly Powder

In 15 delicious flavors—both fruit and wine.

Just add boiling water and leave it in a cool place and you have a delicious, appetite-enticing dessert. Ask your grocer. Price, 10c.

The ROBERT GREIG CO., Limited  
Toronto, 2



## RARE COPPER CENTS.

Coin Collectors' Theory to Account For Their Scarcity.

That some of the rarest and most valuable of the United States cents, particularly those dated 1799 and 1804, owe their scarcity to the fact that Fulton built the steamboat Clermont is the theory held by some coin collectors. They believe that thousands of the old time large copper cents went toward making the copper boiler for the pioneer steamboat.

This theory would explain the mystery that has long puzzled coin collectors as to the reason for the almost total disappearance of the cents of the dates mentioned.

The first cents struck at the United States mints at Philadelphia were of large size. The copper blanks, or planchets, were imported from England, being sent over in kegs.

Copper at this period was a scarce article in this country. With the exception of the small quantity produced at the only copper mines then known in the United States, those at Granby, Conn., nearly all the metal used here came from England.

Builders of steam engines in those days were of the opinion that boilers constructed of iron were unsafe and impracticable, and as a consequence boilers were made of copper, all the boilers that came from England being, it is said, constructed of that metal. Fulton was likewise of the belief that copper was the only fit metal to be used in boilers.

It is therefore possible that, finding a scarcity of metal with which to construct the boiler of the Clermont, he finally resorted to the most convenient source of supply, which happened to be the large United States copper cents. Of course the cost of such a boiler would represent a large sum, but it is on the records that the steam frigate Fulton, launched in 1815, the year of the inventor's death, had a boiler entirely constructed of copper, which alone cost the large sum of \$23,000.

That the supply of cents of this period was large enough to meet such a demand is also likely enough. From 1793 to and including 1795 1,066,033 cents were coined and in 1796 974,000 were struck.

### Lucky Editors.

When the late N. Villemessant, the proprietor of the Paris Figaro, died he left the paper to the three men who had done the most to aid him. But there were many old contributors on the paper, men with well known names, who made an outcry at this division of property. They insisted that they ought to have been consult-

## FINANCIAL CANADA.

To the writer and many other Canadians it is most amusing during the present time of strained, or rather of over strained financial difficulties of the world, one might say, to be continually confronted by the financial writers in the Canadian dailies with their assurance of the exalted position Canada occupies in a financial way. In the Toronto Globe of Saturday, November 16th, we read as follows; "Canada will not be immune from a general trade reaction which affects the whole world but it may hope to escape being forced to share in the penalty of American over speculation (by this I think the writer means the United States) when the fever of that speculation was not felt here".

The writer of above then proceeds to say that "they protest to much".

In this connection it is not well to ask if the London financial views are not correct. In proportion to its population and in extent of its financial operations, I maintain Canada has not escaped the penalty of over speculation any better than the United States. The banks of Canada commenced rather soon to curtail their advances which assisted in their self protection earlier in the game of liquidation, thereby extending the agony of the speculative community over a longer period of time which permitted of a more gradual acquaintance with their financial recuperative impotence, but the banks themselves are in a quandry somewhere or one might ask.

Why is it necessary for the Banks to discontinue discounts to their customers at such a time?

Why is it necessary for the Government to come to the assistance of the North west to permit the crops of that country being moved to market if our position is one of financial exaltation?

Why is it necessary for large financial concerns to mortgage their personal property in large amounts to secure Banks, in this way illustrating their distress causing a shock in financial circles already over sensitive, if there has not been over speculation?

Why is it that our Bank stock quotations have dropped and are continuing to drop?

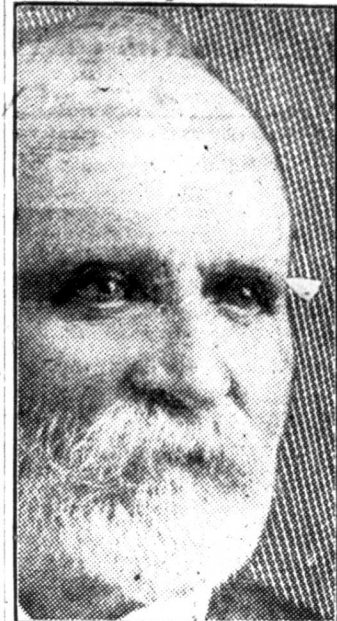
It seems unnecessary for any one to refer to quotations of bank, railway, or industrial stocks, bonds and so forth to realize that Canadians have over speculated and are "hard hit". The banks, it is fair to assume, are in some way handicapped at the expense of their elasticity as financial agents in the interests of commercial Canada.

"The Britons have a good opinion of Canadian securities in their reception of Canadian General Electric stock". So says the previously mentioned financial writer of Toronto Globe. This same stock, classed as a ten per cent dividend payer is now quoted at eighty five. Canadians begin to feel that the policy of a company paying such dividend is bad, when it is apparent such dividend is continued to permit the company to place more obligations on the market, consequently question the management and leave the stock alone. This is only one example of how hard hit Canadians have been in industrials, and one so favorably mentioned above. Again the same financial writer mentions Cobalt and speaks of the tendency of such stocks to wither and the tide of depression, owing to stocks being in strong hands. Would it not be more honest to say there is no one now in a position to buy Cobalt stocks except a favored few owing to the great losses sustained in the fearful liquidation in all stocks which has taken place during past season and still continuing, whereby the market has no support or recuperative strength. Money is required, it is short crop at present, and

## NASAL CATARRH PRODUCES DEAFNESS

### RELIEF IN PE-RU-NA.

Mr. R. J. Arless, 401 City Hall Ave., Montreal, Quebec, is an old gentleman of wide acquaintance, having served thirty-eight years in the General Post-office of Montreal, a record which speaks for itself. Concerning his use of Peruna, see letter given below.



MR. R. J. ARLESS.

"I have been afflicted with nasal catarrh to such a degree that it affected my hearing."

"This was contracted some twenty years ago by being exposed to draughts and sudden changes of temperature."

"I have been under the treatment of specialists and have used many drugs recommended as specifics for catarrh in the head and throat—all to no purpose."

"About three years ago I was induced by a confrere in office to try Peruna."

"After some hesitation, as I had doubts as to results after so many failures, I gave Peruna a trial, and am happy to state that after using eight or ten bottles of Peruna I am much improved in hearing, and in breathing through the nostrils."

### Smallest Deer in the World.

The "mousedeer" is the chevrotain, one of the smallest of hoofed animals. It stands less than twelve inches in height at the shoulder. The prevailing color of the fur is brown, finely speckled with yellow. The spots are large and sometimes run into each other and form stripes. The underparts of the body are white. It possesses the peculiar habit of walking on the tips of its hoofs. This lends a stiffness to the legs, which has gained for the chevrotain the reputation of having no knee joints. It has no horns or antlers. But, as in the case of the musk deer, the male is provided with large canine teeth or tusks in the upper jaw. It is of exceedingly timid disposition and lies hidden in the jungle throughout the day and only ventures to feed in the early morning and after dusk in the evening. In captivity this tiny native of India is gentle, quite tame, but always shy.

### Transformation.

She, I fear Jack Gale christened his new boat the Lobster. He—Yes, but is no larger a Lobster. She—Why? He—Because it turned turtle.



...the preceding Saturday of robbing John Spicer and cutting and wounding him in a cruel manner. In Wal-ford's "Old and New London" it is erroneously said that "the last criminal executed here was one Ryland, who was hanged (sic) for forgery in 1783." William Ryland was executed on Aug. 24 two months before the date of Austin's conviction, and many a poor wretch made the fatal pilgrimage to Tyburn in the interval, hanging by wholesale being the rule in those days. The long procession westward had been attended by such disgraceful scenes that the authorities resolved to hang criminals henceforth outside New-gate prison, straight from the con-demned cell. Accordingly on Dec. 3, 1783, the recorder ordered the erection of a scaffold in front of the jail, of which a notice and descriptive engrav-ing appear in the Gentleman's Maga-zine for the same month, and on the 10th the new hanging place was in-augurated by the execution of ten malefactors.—L

# ED NURSE

ence, Advises Women in Their Health.



nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. The needless suffering of women from diseases peculiar to their sex is terrible to see. The money which they pay to doctors who do not help them is an enormous waste. The pain is cured and the money is saved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is well for women who are ill to write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., The present Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, her assistant for many years before her decease, and for twenty-five years since her advice has been freely given to sick women. In her great experience, which covers many years, she has probably had to deal with dozens of cases just like yours. Her advice is strictly confidential. Compound Succeeds where Others Fail.

proprietor of the Paris Figaro, died left the paper to the three men who had done the most to aid him. But there were many old contributors on the paper, men with well known names, who made an outcry at this division of property. They insisted that they ought to have been consult-ed, and they threatened to found an opposition paper to Figaro. This alarmed the three principals, and they made a proposition to the ef-fect that they themselves should take each £7,000 out of the concern yearly and that the other men should each have a salary of £1,500 for the work they were to do and at the end of the year draw a like sum out of the prof-its, thus insuring them £3,000 a year each. Yet these men did not write an average of more than half a column a day each—if, indeed, that much—so that they had a very easy time of it. It was one of the conditions that when any one of them dies his share goes to the others, so that the last sur-vivor will have an enormous income.—London Observer.

**How the Artists' Model "Happens."** Most of our models are not made; they just happen. Girls, in most cases of breeding and intelligence, want to make a little money for some special occasion. Some acquaintance recog-nizes that they have distinction and style and gives them the address of an illustrator who happens to need just such a person. They pose once in this way, more or less from necessity, find they can make an independent living in a congenial manner, and so come again. In consequence the women who pose for a livelihood in New York are exceedingly nice as a class. The preva-lent idea that the words "artists' model" necessarily mean a highly paid, greatly petted and utterly de-praved individual is ridiculous in the extreme. A first class artists' model in New York city receives \$3 a day for six hours' hard work. A photographic model has of course a different propo-sition. She has shorter hours and higher rates.—From "Being a Model," by Charles F. Peters, in Bohemian. ries.

**Fake Telephone Calls.** The second day after the new maid came the mistress had company. Just before the callers arrived the maid said confidentially: "Shall I go out and telephone to you while they are here?" "Telephone?" exclaimed the mistress. "What on earth should you telephone to me about?" "Oh, anything," responded the maid. "I always did it at the last place I worked and the place before that. The ladies wanted me to. It gave the im-pression that they were very popular and were overrun with engagements." But the mistress, remembering many suspicious telephone calls that had in-terrupted the conversation when she herself had been calling, declined to purchase popularity on those terms.

**Fishes That Are Lost.** It is pretty well established that the common mackerel, for example, lays some 50,000 eggs and that out of the number not more than two come to the reproduction stage. Presumably the loss is equally great in the eggs of other fishes. The greater part of this loss occurs, of course, while the young are too small to look out for themselves. By hatching the eggs artificially and maintaining the young until they can shift for themselves it is claimed that in place of one in 25,000 one in a dozen may live to maturity.

Cord wood and Block wood for sale. Robt. Light 21-t-f

position to buy Cobalt stocks except a favored few owing to the great losses sustained in the fearful liquidation in all stocks which has taken place dur-ing past season and still continuing whereby the market has no support or recuperative strength. Money is re-quired, it is short crop at present and before any improvement can take place those who are holding stocks will in many cases be obliged to sell and a lower market will be the result. Bank funds not being available for com-mercial purposes, will not be permit- ted to assist the stock market except in very individual and favored cases, so the lowering of prices will continue. Nipissing will no doubt sell at par or less. The time has not yet arrived for people desiring to invest for making purchases. They should abide their time awaiting such times when the banks are again in a position to at least as-isst their own commercial customers. All financial writers should beware at the present time and not "protest to much".

## CURIOUS X-RAY RESULTS.

One of the most curious results of the use of the X-rays is a form of burn over the place which is subjected to the rays. Mr. C. R. Wilson of Toronto, Junc-tion, says: "Some time ago I had oc-casion to use the X-rays on my hand. The rays burned the back of it and left the skin in a peculiar condition. During the winter one of the knuckles so affected, cracked, and it would not heal. I was advised to try Zam-Buk, and to my great pleasure this balm healed the crack very quickly. I pra-se this skin-healer very highly, and have no objection to your publishing the re-sult of my trial of it. It is a splendid healer." Zam-Buk cures blood poison, cuts, bruises, old wounds, running sores, ulcers, boils, piles, eruptions, scalp sores, eczema, itch, chapped hands, barber's rash, burns, scalds, rheuma-tism, neuralgia, etc. Sold by all drug-gists and stores at 50c. a box or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. 3 boxes for \$1.25. A free sample box will be sent on application. Enclose 1c stamp for postage.

# Feel-Rite Dyspepsia Tablets

The Best Remedy for the Positive Cure of Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

Are recommended by everyone who uses them—they can't help it, for they immediately invigorate the stomach by letting it take a rest. Feel-Rite Dyspepsia Tablets destroy dyspepsia, belching, that "lump of lead feeling," burning sensations, indigestion, loss of appetite and aversion to food. Have Feel-Rite Dyspepsia Tablets handy, where you can take one after each meal. Then you will know what a blessing it is to have a good appetite and to get all the good possible out of everything you eat. You'll feel happy and good-natured. Feel-Rite Tablets only cost 25c. a box and are positively superior to any other on the market. You cannot afford to be without a box of these Tablets. Get them to-day, and if you are not satisfied with the result your money will be cheerfully refunded. A Free Sample may be had from The Medical Hall, or The Red Cross Drug Store, or by mail from THE FEEL-RITE CO., Napanee, Ont. Full particulars and directions with each package. Price, 25c., or 5 Boxes for \$1.00.

**TRANSFORMATION.** She—I hear Jack Gale christened his new boat the Lobster. He—Yes, but it's no longer a Lobster. She—Why? He—Because it turned turtle. When the Stomach, Heart, or Kidney nerves get weak, then these organs always fail. Don't drug the Stomach, nor stimu-late the Heart or Kidneys. That is simply a makeshift. Get a prescription known to Druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Re-storative. The Restorative is prepared ex-pensively for these weak inside nerves. Strengthen these nerves, build them up with Dr. Shoop's Restorative—tablets or liquid—and see how quickly help will come. Free sample test sent on request by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Your health is sure-ly worth this simple test. Sold by—All Dealers.

**Your Office Stationery**

Will be neat and pleasing and of the highest standard if printed by us. Our range of Linen and Plain Writing Paper, with Envelopes to match, is large and well assorted. We guarantee that the printing will be of the best.

**THE NAPANEE EXPRESS**  
JOB DEPARTMENT.

**APPLES WANTED!**

Evaporating Apples Wanted at

**COLLIER BROS'. EVAPORATOR**  
Formerly old Soap Works  
Next Reindeer Dock.  
**HIGHEST PRICE PAID**  
Apples may be delivered at any of the docks along the bay and will be called for by Str. Reindeer.  
**COLLIER BROS.**

# A MAN'S REVENGE;

## OR, THE CONVICT'S DAUGHTER.

### CHAPTER VIII.—(Continued.)

As they passed the lonely cottage where Sinclair had found his uncle, Sir Ralph Freer, Bill nodded his head towards its hazy lights.

"Who lives there?" he asked. "A funny place for a village that, about two miles from St. Lawrence, eh?"

"Yes," replied Sunbeam. "It belongs to old Captain Nash, a dear old man. I've often had tea with him. He's about the only person who doesn't—" She hesitated.

"I know. Who doesn't turn his back on you 'cos I'm your father. Five years your aunt has lived ere and the wooden caddis cruttins 'avent found out that there's more good in her little finger than in their great bodies. Fools! And so this old cap'n is good to you?"

"He was. He's been gone now a month or two. He went to Hull, where his married daughter lives, and the cottage was empty until a week ago. Some invalid gentleman is there, I think. But I did not catch the name."

"Oh, well, it don't matter to me. No one with a lot o' cash would come there. Too simple like an' too quiet. And I ain't the fellow to frighten a sickly man. Not if you told me your old cap'n had his floors paved with gold, I shouldn't have the heart to rob off him when he'd bin good to my little maid."

She squeezed his arm lovingly. A glow of relief thrilled her. She felt sure she would be kind.

A few minutes later they stopped. They had reached the Half Way House. Bill opened the door and entered the bar. Sunbeam followed and smiled recognition on the woman behind the counter.

"You'll have a drink," said her father. "to keep the fog out." He handed her a glass as he spoke.

"No, thank you," she exclaimed hastily.

"But you must. We're two miles an' a half from 'ome, a wretched walk in this mist. Besides," he added in a low voice, "you want it; we've a lot o' talkin' ahead o' us."

"Been to the town?" asked the woman, smiling.

"Yes," exclaimed Bill, hurriedly. "A nasty walk, and no one to give us a lift. Bad evening for your trade, missus. We seem your only customers."

"Well, I ain't had many yet. But it's early! About eight, that's all. We don't often see you this way, missie," she added, smiling again at Sunbeam.

"You'll see her oftener now I'm ere!" laughed Bill, flinging a coin down and wiping his mouth with the back of his hand. "Now then, Sunbeam, we must trudge on. Haven't you finished that? Gimme it then."

He emptied her glass and put it down noisily. Then rolled across the room and opened the door.

"Good night, marm good luck to you," he said, as Sunbeam passed out in front of him.

Outside he seized her arm and drew her round the house down a lane that led to the crowded out-houses. From there, the lane, instead of terminating, as one might have expected, in a yard, continued just the buildings between two high hedges.

"Where are we going?" asked Sunbeam, surprised, a vague fear trembling in her voice.

"To Gentleman Dan's," replied her father.

"But there are no houses here! It is only a middle road. There's nothing beyond but fields—and a wood."

But even as she said her heart sank

at a low refined voice; "I was wondering if you were coming to-night. Or rather if you were going to bring Miss Sunbeam. Come in; you must be tired after your walk," he added, turning to her, his eyes fixed insolently on her pale face. "How you've grown! But you're just the same. I should have picked you out of a crowd."

She smiled weakly. His big black eyes shot terror into her. With the full light on his dark, clean-shaven face, her old dread of him revived, intensified. She remembered whispered tales, told by her aunt, of his refined cruelty, his utter wickedness. Everybody was afraid of him, even her father.

She sat down, trembling, and looked round the room. It was very bare. A small deal table stood in the middle. On it, a candle burning low in the socket, a whiskey bottle and a couple of glasses. Three rush-seated chairs, a rusty fender, a couple of shelves with coarse crockery upon them, completed its contents. Another door led into a scullery with stairs to the top floor.

She wondered how Gentleman Dan, who was known to be fond of comfort, could have taken such a dreary place. And then the remembrance of the murdered man flashed upon her mind and she turned to her companions.

They were talking hurriedly in low tones, Bill now and then raising his glass to his lips and drinking greedily. Dan, his eyes gleaming with excitement, glancing occasionally across at her with a little smile upon his thin straight lips. She shuddered. Those terrible eyes!

Scraps of sentences fell upon her ears. They were sufficient to tell her that they were laying plans for what promised a big "haul." A feeling of intense nausea crept up in her. Why oh why had she been given such a father? Horror at her disloyalty quenched the thought. She began to pray silently, her eyes closed.

Suddenly their voices grew louder. Her name was repeated frequently. She paused in her prayers to listen. The terrible moment was upon her. Soon she would have to join in to face her father, who, now that he had been drinking heavily would be difficult to manage, and listen to Gentleman Dan's smooth sneers and cruel soft voice.

Sunbeam'll go... then we'll try her at Lady Denver's. I've had my eye on that tiara for years... then Lady Cruise will be there... her diamond necklace makes me mouth water... Haven't been a toff yourself, you can see they'll never suspect 'er o' elping us."

The words died off in a gurgle. She winced and opened her eyes. Gentleman Dan was looking at her. But she sat silent, a smile upon her lips, a peculiar expression upon her face.

Bill turned heavily in his chair.

"Sunbeam!" he called huskily. "Come ere! Roight ere, near the light. I want to speak to you. I want to 'ear your answer to my question, the one wot I asked yer this mornin'. Come on. Wot are you waitin' for, 'ave you gone to sleep?"

She started. The terrible moment had come at last. The heavy mist without seemed to weigh upon her breast. Her lips were dry and her tongue unable to articulate. She felt incapable of moving. But only for a moment. As he burst out into a storm of curses she rose, Sinclair's words rang in her ears. She would be brave.

She stepped across the room and stopped in front of him. The light fell full upon her face. It was as white as death, but in her eyes shone a look of

the better for us both. I don't like to interfere between parent and child. But as you've promised her to me I think I've a right to know whether she really means what she says. Your blustering, Bill, is enough to frighten a wild cat. You're not patient enough. You can't expect her to see things with your eyes. If you'd followed my advice and trained her to the profession things would have been different; instead, you educate her like a lady, send her to swell schools and the like, and look fit to murder her 'cos she won't fall in with your ideas of right and wrong. Ladies don't steal each other's money or jewels, they keep to stealing each other's reputations with their tongues. If your daughter's a failure, you've yourself to blame. However, you remember our compact. But be patient with her; patience is a virtue in all trades, even in ours."

"Patience be blowed!" ejaculated Bill, banging his fists noisily on the table. "I've 'ad enough patience. These years in quod I've spent laying my plans with 'er actin' 'er part in them. Do you think I'm going to give 'em up for a slip o' the cat like 'er. Gorn with your sermonizing. And you, Sunbeam, just say again wot you mean? I'll 'ave the patience to 'ear you again. Here's Dan awaiting to claim you. Which do you choose, to obey me and come home, or to marry 'im?"

She drew a long breath and leaned heavily on the table. Her face had grown paler as Dan spoke and she turned appealingly to her father as the smooth silken tones ceased, to shrink back alarmed at the vehemence of his rough retort. For she realized that she could hope for no relenting from him. He was already half-drunk and the devil of evil had chased all softening influences from his blackened heart. She knew that she was entirely at their mercy, and, for a second, fear held her in its throes. Then again the vision of Duncan's face floated before her eyes and courage returned to her. Right was right. Had not he said so?

With a little gasp she flung back her head, exclaiming loudly—

"I choose neither!"

With an oath Bill thrust out his hand and struck her violently on the mouth. She staggered back giddily. The blood rushed from her heart. A numbness seized her in every limb. But above and beyond all was the thought that the man she had loved in spite of his misdoings, had so disgraced his manhood.

Tears gushed from her eyes. "Father," she murmured, moving unsteadily towards him. "You don't mean it. You made a mistake. You love me—"

He flung her back roughly.

"Ungrateful hussy," he spat "I wash me hands o' you now. Dan, you can have her when you like. You can keep her here to make sure o' her. I trust you. Lock 'er up or—"

"Oh father, father! What have I done that you should be so unkind? Let me come home with you; at least," she pleaded, shaking off Dan's detaining hand and seizing her father by the sleeve. "Have you forgotten your Sunbeam, your little girl?"

Great sobs choked her. She clung to his arms pleadingly, the tears pouring down her upturned face. "I love you, father. I'll do anything for you, if you'll take me back."

Half-ashamed, he turned to her eagerly.

"Then stop that blubbering and say you'll do wot I want. We've wasted enough time over that a ready. Dan's worn out with your ysterics."

Gentleman Dan laughed.

"Not at all," he murmured softly; "it amuses me, Miss Sunbeam."

But, unheeding him, she drew back her hands from her father's arm, saying in as quiet a voice as she could command—

"I will do anything but that, I shall never change on that point."

Bill's anger returned in full force. He swung round upon her, his hand upraised. But as she cowered before him, her eyes raised in alarm to his furious face, he drew back with another oath.

"Then keep to your pint," he stormed. "An' leave me alone or I'll murder you. Don't you see, the devil's up in me? Gorn out o' my sight or I'll kill you as I stand."

### A FARMER'S TRIALS.

#### Weak and Worn Out Through Overwork and Long Hours.

The farmer's life is always a hard one, but if he is weak or suffering it is almost unbearable. The hours are long and the work so hard that none but the strongest can stand it. An illustration of the fact of hard work on the system is given by Mr. Geo. Huntsberg, a farmer of Spry, Ont. He says:—"I have lived nearly all my life in the Bruce peninsula. I am a farmer and have always had my share of hard work and like a good many other men I thought there was no wear-out to my system. In this I was mistaken, for about a year and a half ago I began to go gradually down hill. I would tire at the least exertion, my appetite failed me; I had a severe pain in my side and around my heart. The doctor told me I was suffering from pernicious anaemia; that I was almost bloodless. I doctored for six months, but instead of improving I grew so weak that I could hardly move without assistance. I lost flesh till I was almost a skeleton. A friend from Stokes Bay told me of the great benefit she had derived from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and advised me to try them. My sister-in-law had also received great benefit from their use, so I decided to give them a trial. After using the pills about a month I began to gain strength and from that on I improved rapidly. New blood seemed to course through my veins; my appetite improved, the pain left my side and heart and I gained in weight. After using about a dozen boxes of the pills I was again enjoying the best of health. I have nothing but praise for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as they cured me after medical treatment had failed—I really believe they saved my life."

### TIME TABLE OF ABUSE.

#### Matrimonial Troubles of Mrs. Florence Clements Carefully Scheduled.

The matrimonial troubles of Mrs. Florence Clements, who summoned her husband at Stratford Police Court, London, England, for persistent cruelty, may best be judged from the following time table of the said husband's doings on Sept. 24, as related by the wife:—

1.30 a.m.—Caught her by the neck and flung her to the floor.  
10 a.m.—Thumped her on the head with his fists and threatened her with a saucepan.

11 a.m.—Scolded her and said, "Now I'll do you in."

11.10-11.50—Short interval for sleep.  
12 noon—Threw her down again and again; threatened her with a knife and again said, "I'll do you in."

Previous to this the woman had had the following articles thrown at her:—

Pail of water. Chopper.  
Jug ditto. Stones.

Loaves of bread.  
Continuing her story, Mrs. Clements said she had been assaulted fifty times in the last six months. She had gone away from her husband once, but he begged her to return. She did so, and within twenty-four hours he had felled her to the ground.

The husband then gave his version of the family disagreement. He said he and his wife got on very well until others came between them.

It was his wife's mother and a young woman who came there as a servant. There had been no cruelty whatever; it was all a pack of lies. He was quite willing to be bound over for her.

The bench adjourned the case for a week to hear other witnesses.

### THOUSANDS TRY THIS

#### HOME-MADE MIXTURE SAID TO BE CURING RHEUMATISM.



had past the buildings between two high hedges.

"Where are we going?" asked Sunbeam, surprised, a vague fear trembling in her voice.

"To Gentleman Dan's," replied her father.

"But there are no houses here! It is only a bridle road. There's nothing beyond, but fields and a wood."

But even as she spoke her heart sank. For she remembered that beyond the wood stood a cottage which had belonged to an old hedge-cutter. The man, who had lived alone and was supposed to have great savings hidden about the premises, had been found murdered in the early spring, about two or three days after the dead had been committed. And the mystery had never yet been solved. The cottage had remained unoccupied ever since, people shunning it with horror.

"Oh, yes, there is," replied Bill. "There's a cottage beyond the wood where a murder was done. Dan has rented that cottage for a bit. He got it cheap. He rents it from the people at Half Way House."

"But," exclaimed the girl, "if he's known to be suspected of the—"

"Not to be sure he runs no risk. But you mustn't think of that. I had the same thought when he showed me the place. Oh, did he know about the place? Any way, nothing to do with it. Our business isn't about murder, and if you're angry, I've never yet damaged one man with blood. Strike me dead if I lie."

She remained silent, puzzling about Dan's motive in taking the place. Could he have murdered poor old Dick for the sake of a few pounds? And was he here for the purpose of finding the hidden money? The idea, however, seemed so improbable. He was there by compulsion, so as to make his plans with Bill, free from interference.

But her nervousness did not leave her. And that fear is not easily lulled into sleep. She crept closer to her father as he lay, opened the window, and peered with wide-open eyes at the ghost-like trees and bushes as they seemed to spring up and loom before them. The light streaming in from the open door of the cottage was greeted by her with a sigh of relief. A second her dread of Gentleman Dan was forgotten.

But when, hearing their footsteps, he appeared, the blood left before them. Her heart gave a great bound, and for a moment she forgot to sleep. Although she had not seen him for some years, she recognized him at once, and, although his back being to the light, his features were barely discernible, she could have described them accurately, so vivid had been the impression made by him throughout her childhood. She shrank back behind Bill. Now that she was face to face with Dan, the terror of the wood was all mere pagello.

"So there you are!" he exclaimed, in

seemed to weigh upon her breast. Her lips were dry and her tongue unable to articulate. She felt incapable of moving. But only for a moment. As he burst out into a storm of curses she rose. Sinclair's words rang in her ears. She would be brave.

She stepped across the room and stopped in front of him. The light fell full upon her face. It was as white as death, but in her eyes shone a look of such calm resolve that her father blinked in astonishment at her, and his curses died away in a low growl.

"Then clearing his voice, he demanded softly:

"Well, then? What have you got to say for yourself?"

#### CHAPTER IX.

A silence sharp as a blade fell between them. She looked steadily into his flushed face. Gentleman Dan leaned across the table, his eyes fixed compellingly on hers, his lips parted as though about to speak.

"Now, then, what do you mean? 'Ave you lost your tongue?' blurted Bill with an uneasy laugh.

"I told you this morning what I meant, father. I have not changed my mind," she said quietly, laying her hand on the table as though for support.

He uttered a curse and started towards her. Then, felt back heavily in his chair, his eyes rolling with anger, his hands heavily clenched.

"You mean that you refuse to 'elp us to repay me all I've done for you—you want me and your aunt to die o' want when you could 'elp us to comfort you—offer us a stone 'stead o' bread. Ungrateful, bussy. You actually refuse to do your duty by your old father?"

"I refuse to do that," replied Sunbeam "because it seems wrong to me. If I can earn money honestly I will, but not in that way. I'd would rather die than—"

She choked nervously over the words. The color crept to her brow as she met Gentleman Dan's sneering smile. What was the good of talking to them like that? They could not understand.

Bill turned to his companion.

"I've heard that?" he spluttered, putting himself out another glassful of the spirit with a shaking hand. "That's the girl I slaved for an' risked my life for. That's her gratitude. I told 'er that it was that or you. I could 'ave sworn she'd choke that and leave you to get your bride elsewhere. But—"

"Fool," ejaculated Dan, his eyes flashing. "Do you think I shan't have her, that you use me merely as a threat? Sooner or later she shall be mine. I swore it years ago. Now, that I've seen her, I say it again. Things remain as I said. If she will enter into our plans I'll leave her alone for a bit, if she won't she sooner she marries me and learns to turn her education to some account

never change on that point. Bill's anger returned in full force. He swung round upon her, his hand upraised. But as she cowered before him, her eyes raised in alarm to his furious face, he drew back with another oath. "Then keep to your point," he stormed. "Ave leave me alone or I'll murder you. Don't you see the devils up in me? Gorn out o' my sight or I'll kill you as I stand."

She crept to the door, even the wood was preferable to this. Out in the cool air her beating strength would return.

But as she laid her hand on the knob Gentleman Dan put his upon it.

"Not yet, my girl," he said, smiling knowingly. "You forget that you are mine. Your father has given you to me, and I do not mean to let you go."

She sprang aside with a little cry and leaned panting against the wall. Dan smiled, evidently understanding, and enjoying her horror of him. His eyes gleamed with anything but friendliness, though his coolness was not even ruffled.

Bill, tolling across the table, his eyes sharp and bloodshot, chuckled gleefully.

"That's it, tame her, my boy. Clip her wings and teach her wot I cannot."

She glanced at him despairingly. In that moment of terror and loneliness death would have been sweet.

"As I can't trust you away from me, now you're mine, bright Sunbeam, I'm going to keep you here, until to-morrow. After that I'll teach you the duties of a wife. And if, in a few months you're not the sharpest woman in our profession my name isn't Dan Hubbard. As you treat me so will I treat you. That's fair, isn't it?"

Her head dropped on her breast.

"Kill me," she murmured; "kill me, and get it over now."

He laughed.

"Kill you? Not I. You're to be my little wife to-morrow. Your father has given you to me."

Then before she could guess at his intention he had seized her in his arms and carried her across the room.

"Father! father! help me," she cried, struggling frantically, as Dan bore her up the steep staircase.

But to low chuckle and a volley of oaths were his sole response.

"He's given you to me," murmured Dan, laughing softly. "I'm not going to give you up now."

She flung back her arms and hit him wildly in the face. With a low exclamation of rage he stopped and covered her face with burning kisses.

"There!" he said. "I'll teach you to show your temper. And now you can cool yourself in here. This is your cage, good-night. To-morrow, when you are good I'll let you out—my tamed dove. Until then, good-bye. You need fear no harm. No one will come near you. You're as safe as death."

He pushed her from him as he spoke. She staggered back against a bed, with a laugh he pulled the door to noisily.

Cowering in the darkness of the unknown room she heard him turn the key in the lock. Then a sharp metallic sound like the fall of a key fell on her ears. She held her breath as he groped without, evidently trying to find it, until with a disappointed oath, and a muttered, "It doesn't matter," she was safe enough, he went slowly downstairs.

Then indeed did she realize, as she quivered with fear at the remembrance of the horror that had perhaps taken place in that very spot, that she was forgotten and forsaken by the man whom she called father.

(To be continued).

#### JUDICIAL.

Towne: "You look rather weary, old man."

Browne: "Yes; I've had a trying time this past week."

Towne: "Ill?"

Browne: "No; on a jury."

#### HE WAS INTERESTED.

Landlady (reading): "I see that Skinner, the grocer, is advertising something new in coffee-pots."

Old Boarder: "What is it—good coffee?"

THOUSANDS TRY THIS

HOME-MADE MIXTURE SAID TO BE CURING RHEUMATISM.

The Philadelphia and New York Newspapers Print Simple Prescription Which Cures Thousands.

Some remarkable stories are being told in the large Eastern dailies of this simple home-made mixture curing Rheumatism and Kidney trouble even after the noted health resorts failed. Here is the recipe and directions for taking. Mix by shaking well in a bottle one-half ounce Fluid Extract Dandelion, one ounce Compound Sarsaparilla, three ounces Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla. Take as a dose one teaspoonful after meals and at bedtime.

No change need be made in your usual diet, but drink plenty of good water. This mixture, writes one authority in a leading Philadelphia newspaper, has a peculiar tonic effect upon the kidneys, cleansing the clogged-up pores of the eliminative tissues, forcing the kidneys to sift and strain from the blood the uric acid and other poisonous waste matter, overcoming Rheumatism, Bladder and Urinary troubles in a short while.

A Toronto druggist who has had hundreds of cures for these ingredients since the first announcement in the newspapers last October stated that the people who once try it, "swear by it," especially those who have Urinary and Kidney trouble and suffer with Rheumatism.

"Any druggist can supply the ingredients, which are easily mixed at home. There is said to be no better blood-cleansing agent or system tonic known, and certainly none more harmless or simple to use."

#### TAUGHT HIM A LESSON.

A young chemist's assistant, who had heard the story of the negro who asked for a flesh-colored court-plaster and was given black by the observant shopman, placed the incident away in his mental storehouse and decided to use it at the first opportunity.

After many months of waiting, his opportunity came when a young negress one day walked into the shop where he was employed.

"Ah wants some cou't-plastah," she said.

"What color?" inquired the youth.

"Flesh culah, sah."

He handed the woman a packet of black court-plaster.

She opened the packet with a deliberation that was ominous, but she was unruffled when she noted the color of the contents.

"Ah guess yo' mis' a misunderstood mah ordah. Ah asked for flesh culah an' you've given me skin culah."

The young man is still a little dazed from the encounter, and he has firmly resolved to subject every joke to a rigid laboratory test hereafter before using.

#### A SPLENDID PRESCRIPTION.

An eminent physician informs us that he has used the following prescription in his practice for a number of years, and found it very successful in the treatment of Kidney, Liver, Bladder, and all Urinary affections. He claims that a very few doses will relieve the most severe pains in the back, arising from disordered kidneys and impure blood. One ounce of sweet spirits of nitre, one ounce of Vinosa Compound, and four ounces of syrup of rhubarb. These ingredients can be obtained at any reliable drug store. It should be taken in dessertspoonful doses after meals and at bedtime in water. It is unsurpassed for the cure of rheumatism, driving the uric acid entirely from the system. The ingredients are inexpensive and harmless, and can be given to children with safety.



Rapid changes of temperature are hard on the toughest constitution.

The conductor passing from the heated inside of a trolley car to the icy temperature of the platform—the canvasser spending an hour or so in a heated building and then walking against a biting wind—know the difficulty of avoiding cold.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens the body so that it can better withstand the danger of cold from changes of temperature.

It will help you to avoid taking cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.

## BEER MAKES BLOOD

### M A L T

has certain food elements which the body can transform into healthy blood quickly and with the least digestive effort.

### H O P S

contain a medicinal principle which tones the nerves without reaction, and so supplies nervous energy and saves it as well.

### B E E R

as brewed in Ontario is made from choicest Ontario barley malt, selected hops, and the purest of water, dealt with under conditions which insure purity and quality.

**T**HE better the blood the sounder the health, and the surer the body to combat disease effectively. Beer, by some counted an intoxicant, is not so—it is a blood-maker with barely enough alcohol in it to help the stomach do its work far better.

Beer with meals is good for 997 people out of every thousand—and is specially good for women. Ask your own doctor about it—beer is probably good for you.

BEER is a term which covers lager, ale, porter, and stout; and in the practice of Ontario brewers, implies beverages made under most hygienic conditions from Ontario barley, the best in the world, malt, hops, and pure water.

## KILLED TWO DEER AT ONCE.

California Hunter Brought Down Two Fine Deer With One Bullet.

A record shot was made by Jay Bowers, of Santa Rosa, Cal., recently, when two fine bucks were brought down by one bullet. One of the animals was a forked horn, and the other a three-pointer, and the former weighed one hundred and thirty-four pounds, dressed.

That two deer had been killed with one shot was not discovered until one of the animals was being dressed, when the bullet was discovered to have entered its right side, while Bowers asserted he had shot the animal on the left side. An investigation brought to light the second deer lying dead close to where the first had been found. Evidently, they had been standing close together when Bowers shot.

## A WARNING TO MOTHERS.

There are unscrupulous dealers who for the sake of trifling gain are willing to sacrifice the health—perhaps the lives—of little ones. This is proved by the fact that there are a number of imitations of Baby's Own Tablets offered. The mother can protect her child by seeing that the full name Baby's Own Tablets and the four-leaf clover with child's head on each leaf is found on the outside wrapper around every box. Do not take anything else, as you may endanger your child's life. If you cannot get the genuine Tablets from your dealer send 25 cents to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and get a box by mail post paid.

## THE CUSTOMER FLED.

A gentleman in a restaurant the other day thought he would have a joke with the waiter, and asked him if he had ever seen a sausage roll.

"Yes," replied the waiter, "I have not only seen a sausage roll, but I have seen a biscuit box, a table spoon, a bicycle pump, a penny stamp, a chimney sweep, a chain link, a nose guy, a camera slide, a garden fence, a sword firm, a spoke shave, a wall flower—"

But when he got to "a fire escape" the gentleman thought it was time he es-

## KING AND SCHOOLBOY.

Had Who Wrote to His Majesty About Attendance Medal.

A touching little incident about a London schoolboy who wrote to the King regarding his school attendance medal was related at a recent meeting of the London County Council.

The Education Committee had proposed that the practice of awarding medals for regular and punctual attendance should be discontinued, but the Progressives were successful in moving that the proposal should be sent back, and further, that the committee should consider the possibility of extending the medal system.

During the debate it was pointed out that these medals are an exceedingly popular institution in London schools. Queen Victoria allowed her effigy to appear upon them, and quite recently King Edward gave a special sitting for a like purpose. Consequently the award of medals has the very highest approval.

The system was started in 1888, and in that year 4,000 medals were distributed. Last year no fewer than 57,000 scholars earned them. Therefore, the medal system must exercise a marked influence upon the attendance returns.

Mr. Hastings Jay mentioned a boy who was competing for his seventh medal, but lost it through falling in the playground and breaking his leg. The lad felt it so keenly that he actually wrote to the King that he had lost his medal. Mr. Jay, apprehensive lest other little boys might do the same thing, appealed to the Council to stop the system.

## NEW WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

Radical Changes Being Made in the Old Structure.

Visitors to London next year will find that a change has come over Westminster Abbey. It is now being restored, a process of which it stood in great need; for London's smoke-laden atmosphere had played havoc with the stonework, which was scaling rapidly and falling away.

The restoration work has been going on for some time, but it only now is apparent what the real character of the work is. Instead of merely repairing the fine ornamental stone parapets which, although of comparatively recent date, had begun to assume the appearance of age, new parapets of the battlement type are being erected by the cathedral authorities.

A good deal of criticism is being hurled at the heads of those responsible for this change, though it is declared that in erecting the battlement style of parapets they are simply following the original design.

Proof of this is shown in an engraving dated 1720, which depicts the Abbey without its towers, but with battlement parapets. The Secretary of the Society for the Protection of Ancient Buildings complains that when the restoration is complete people will say: "This is not Westminster Abbey, but a new building."

## MEDICAL AUTHORITIES.

Say that eight persons out of ten suffer at some time or other from piles. Whether the piles are bleeding or protruding, or itching or "blind," Zam-Buk gives immediate ease.

Mr. Neil Devon, Welwood, Ont., suffered with piles eight years. A few boxes of Zam-Buk cured him. He since says: "I have had no return of the trouble, so that I know I am permanently cured."

Zam-Buk cures Cuts, Chapped Hands, Ulcers, Burns, Sore Legs, Abscesses, Poisoned Wounds, Blisters, Eczema and all skin troubles. Rubbed well in it is a splendid emollient for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Sciatica, etc. 50 cents a box of all druggists and stores or post-paid on receipt of price from the Zam-Buk Co. 3 boxes for \$1.25.

Tom: "I don't see why you should feel insulted just because he said your eyes were like slats." Better: "You don't

## "BRICK'S TASTELESS"

REGISTERED

### What it is

It is an extract of fresh cod livers, containing all the virtues of pure Cod Liver Oil without the nauseous grease, combined with Phosphorus in the form of the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, nutritious Extract of Malt and the Fluid Extract of Wild Cherry Bark.

### What it does

It will promptly relieve, and if its use is continued, permanently cure chronic bronchitis, all pulmonary affections, croup, hoarseness, nervous disorders due to an exhausted condition of the system, prostration following fevers, debility at change of life, or constitutional weakness at any age, and all blood disorders.

### What we do

We positively guarantee "Brick's Tasteless" to do exactly what we claim it will do as printed on the label of the bottle, or any advertising matter, and every druggist who sells "Brick's Tasteless" is authorized to refund to the customer the full purchase price if the bottle does not show a decided improvement, which improvement will result in a complete cure if additional bottles are taken.

We therefore request you to try a bottle of "Brick's Tasteless" on our recommendation, and if no improvement is shown after taking it, return the empty bottle to the druggist from whom you purchased it and he will refund your money.

Can we be fairer?

Two Sizes—8 ounce bottle 50c; 20 ounce bottle \$1.00

# FACTORY

WITH

Power, Heat, Electric Light, to Lease for a Term of Years.

Central location. About ten thousand square feet in four floors and basement. Excellent shipping facilities. Standard Fire Sprinkler System. Low insurance rate.

MURRAY F. WILSON, 81 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

ring an occasional order judiciously apportioned between the foreign builders in order to keep up connection with them.

The Admiralty is aware that the reconstruction of the fleet at home necessitates radical reforms in Russian shipbuilding, but all the rumors to the effect that the Government intends to sell its shipyards to foreigners are denied. On the other hand, it is stated on reliable authority that the new Admiralty shipyard and the immense Izhevsk armor works, which hitherto have been purely Governmental institutions, conducted on the bureaucratic principle, will from the beginning of October become chartered companies, to be run on a strictly commercial basis in regard to profits and losses. The Admiralty will own the stock of these companies, as it now owns the stock of the Baltic works and that of the Obukhov gun foundry. Admiral Bismarck also said that the latest trial of the Rurik, the first-class armored cruiser of 15,000 tons, built in England for Russia, had been satisfactory, she having attained her contract speed of 21 knots per hour.

Any man can get along with any woman; all he has to do is to let her have her way.

"Yes, sir," said the soldier-looking man. "I have spent fifteen years of my life in the service of my country. 'So have I,' volunteered the box-tweel individual, offering his hand. 'What were you in for?'"

NO SUBSTITUTE for "The D. & L. Mental Plaster," although some unscrupulous dealers may say there is. Recommended by doctors, hospitals, clergy and everybody, for stiffness, neuralgia, etc.

## AGENTS WANTED.

MAKE MONEY. Boys and Girls selling Ultra Pens, writes 1000 words with out dipping in ink. Samples 10 cents (refund). Big profits. Valuable premiums free. CAMPBELL CO., Auburn, N.Y.

WHEN IN NEW YORK STOP AT THE NEW FIREPROOF HOTEL NAVARRE 714 Ave. and 28th St. 300 FEET WEST OF BROADWAY. Maximum of Luxury at Minimum Cost.



seen a sausage roll. "Yes," replied the waiter. "I have not only seen a sausage roll, but I have seen a biscuit box, a table spoon, a bicycle pump, a penny stamp, a chimney sweep, a chain link, a nose guy, a camera slide, a garden fence, a sword fish, a spoke shave, a wall flower."

But when he got to "a five o'clock tea," the gentleman thought it was time he escaped, too.

As he was going the waiter went on with "a tap turn, a cane walk, a mountain climb, a sky lark, a honey comb."

But by this time the customer was hurrying down the street in a dazed condition.

#### NO CAUSE FOR COMPLAINT.

"My good man," said the philosopher to the laborer who was mowing weeds on a vacant piece of real estate, "don't you ever have occasion to complain of your lot?"

"No, sir," answered the honest son of toil. "I don't own this lot."

They are Carefully Prepared. Pills which displace themselves in the stomach cannot be expected to have much effect upon the intestines, and to overcome costiveness the medicine administered must influence the action of these organs. Parnelle's Vegetable Pills are so made, under the supervision of experts, that the substance in them intended to operate on the intestines is retarded in action until they pass through the stomach to the bowels.

"What is the most aggravating thing in married life?" asked Dorothy. "Sometimes," said the bachelor friend, "it's the husband, and sometimes it's the wife."

**HIGH MANGE PRITCHES** and every form of contagious itch on human animals cured in 30 minutes by Wellford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all Druggists.

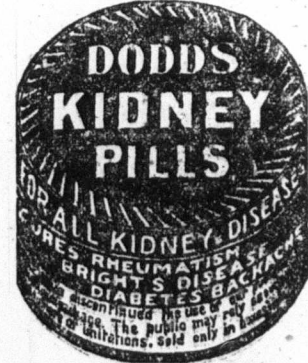
Hostess: "And I suppose you went up the Rhine?" Affected Youth who has been bothering the company with his travelling experiences: "Oh, yes, and many other mountains."

**A Small Pill, but Powerful.** — They that judge of the powers of a pill by its size, would consider Parnelle's Vegetable Pills to be lacking. It is a little wonder among pills. What it lacks in size it makes up in potency. The remedies which it carries are put up in these small doses, because they are so powerful that only small doses are required. The full strength of the extracts is secured in this form and do their work thoroughly.

#### WISE.

"Stung!" exclaimed the stranger. "Mosquito or mining stock?" queried the man who had experienced both.

Merchant: "Yes, we are in need of a porter. Where were you employed last?" Applicant: "In a bank, sir." Merchant: "Did you clean it out?" Applicant: "No, sir. The cashier did that."



As sign DOUTER, introduced with it as a splendid emollient for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Sciatica, etc. 50 cents a box of all druggists and stores or post-paid on receipt of price from the Zam-Buk Co. 3 boxes for \$1.25.

Toni: "I don't see why you should feel insulted just because he said your eyes were like stars." Belle: "You don't! Why stars keep twinkling at you all the time."

If your children moan and are restless during sleep, especially when awake, with a loss of appetite, pale countenance, picking of the nose, etc., you may depend upon it that the primary cause of the trouble is worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator effectively removes these pests, at once relieving the little sufferers.

"I don't know the Barkens kept a dogkey. How long have they had one?" "Oh, ever since I have been staying with them!"

**A LITTLE QUIET** is the best of all diet, yet it will not make bone and muscle but "For-viv" will. Try it. All drug and general stores. \$1 bottles.

"Mary," yelled the poet, "why don't you keep that kid quiet? What's the matter with him, anyway?" "I'm sure I don't know," replied his patient wife. "I'm singing one of your lullabies to the little darling."

Good blood is the secret of health. Keep the blood pure and such diseases as anaemia, rheumatism, scabies, indigestion, heart palpitation, eczema and the secret ills of women will not exist. The most perfect blood tonic and nerve restorer in the world is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

**Would-be Tenant:** "But there are holes in the roof?" Landlord: "Well, I can't help that. If you can't afford a few umbrellas, don't take the house."

**ONE OF THE BEST** old time remedies for all skin affections, such as Eczema, Ringworm, Scall-head and similar affections is Webster's Cerate. It is an ointment that has brought relief to thousands.

"Tommy," said the young man to his prospective brother-in-law, aged five, "will you be sorry when I marry your sister?" "Yes," answered the little fellow. "—I'll be sorry for you!"

Nothing looks more ugly than to see a person whose hands are covered over with warts. Why have these disfigurements on your person when a sure remover of all warts, corns, etc., can be found in Holloway's Corn Cure.

#### LIKE BRITISH DREADNOUGHT.

**Russian Admiralty Has Plans for Increase in Navy.**

The announcement at St. Petersburg that the Russian Admiralty had ordered a battleship of 22,300 tons to be constructed at the Baltic iron works there, appears to be premature. Admiral Bostren, the Assistant Minister of Marine, says that the order has not yet been placed, as the plans for the warship are not yet ready. The Admiralty, he added, was in no hurry, and would wait until the entire programme had been approved, and the plans of warships had been finished, even to the smallest detail.

The Admiralty, however, has decided to build homogeneous squadrons, consisting of four battleships, eight cruisers and the requisite number of torpedo boats and other craft. The plans for the first squadron are being prepared by the Admiralty. It is known that the British battleship Dreadnought has been established as a standard from which the Russian designers cannot deviate very much. The tonnage of the Russian Dreadnoughts will be somewhat less than 23,000. All orders for the work of reconstructing the Russian fleet will be executed in Russia, but

as it now owns the stock of the Baltic works and that of the Obukhovsk gun foundry. Admiral Bostren also said that the latest trial of the Rurik, the first-class armored cruiser of 15,000 tons, built in England for Russia, had been satisfactory, she having attained her contract speed of 21 knots per hour.

"I was going to ask you for a new E. quiet, dear," said the loving wife. "But I won't because I see you can't afford it." "How did you find out that, dear?" asked her husband. "Well," the lady replied, "I took a look into your cheque-book this morning, and I saw you had only one cheque left."

**A Time for Everything.**—The time for Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil is when cough symptoms appear in the children; when rheumatic pains beset the old; when lumbago, asthma, colds, catarrh or earache attack either young or old; when burns, scalds, abrasions, contusions or sprains come to any member of the family. In any of these ailments it will give relief and work a cure.

Hobbs: "Your brother is very anxious. He threatens to kick me. What do you advise me to do?" "Tell him when he appears."

**A FIRE SPREADS** in dry grass so does an inflammation in the throat grow down into the lungs. Deal promptly with a cold with a line, and when you begin to cough use Allen's Lung Balsam.

"Listen to this, Marjot," said Mr. Stubbs, as he unfolded his scientific paper. "This article states that in some old Roman prisons that have been unearthed they found the petrified remains of the prisoners." "Gracious, John," replied Mrs. Stubbs, with a sniffe, "I suppose you would call them hardened criminals?"

Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is agreeable to the taste, and is a certain relief for irritation of the throat that causes hacking coughs. If used according to directions it will break the most persistent cold, and restore the air passages to their normal healthy condition. There is no need to recommend it to those familiar with it, but to those who seek a sure remedy and are in doubt what to use, the advice is—Try Bickle's Syrup.

"If I never see you again," a teacher said, with much earnestness, to a girl whose scholastic career had come to a close. "I hope that yet will never come to do your best wherever you may be, and that you will always be an honest, upright woman—truthful and brave." "Thank you," said the girl, "and I hope you'll be the same."

#### We Guarantee to cure your cough or cold

No "ifs" or "buts" — just a straight statement—Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough or cold and do it quicker than anything you ever tried, or your druggist will return the purchase price. Get a bottle to-day, and cure that cough or cold.

#### Shiloh's cures colds and coughs

Shiloh's Cure is a safe and sure cough and cold medicine for children. It has been effecting cures for 34 years. All druggists—25c, 50c., and \$1.00.

Premiums free. CAMPBELL CO., Auburn, N.Y.

**WHEN IN NEW YORK STOP AT THE NEW FIREPROOF HOTEL NAVARRE**  
7th Ave. and 20th St.  
300 FEET WEST OF BROADWAY.  
Maximum of Luxury at Minimum Cost

Accessible Quiet and Elegant. Within Five Minutes' Walk of Theatre, Shops and Clubs. New Dutch Grill Room, Largest in City. Cable cars pass it to all 64 streets. European plan, \$1.50 per day without bath, \$2.00 per day with bath. Suites \$3.00 upwards. Send for Booklet.

STEWART & DAVIS, Props.

**FOR ANY STORE**

The right metal ceiling lessens fire-risk, beautifies any room, is cleanly and lasts almost forever. Such a ceiling is easily put up, and costs no more than the common kinds. Learn the facts about

**PEDLAR'S STEEL CEILINGS**

More than 2,000 designs, suitable for every room. Ideas wait in our vast variety of stock. Let us send you a book that tells the whole story of the ceiling that shows no signs. Address—

**The PEDLAR People** (Incl. 18c.)  
Oshawa Montreal Ottawa Toronto London Winnipeg

**CLEANING LADIES' SUITS**

Can be done perfectly by our French Process. Try it.

**EDITH AMERICAN DYEING CO.**  
MONTREAL, TORONTO, OTTAWA & QUEBEC

**MACHINERY FOR SALE.**

**DYNAMO**

500 light's, first-class order. Will be sold cheap and must be gotten out of the way owing to 600-light machine taking its place. S. Frank Wilson, 73 Adelaide Street West, Toronto.

**FAN BLOWER**

Buffalo make, number four, 4-inch vertical discharge, 24 inches high; perfect condition. Superintendent, Truth Building, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

**Every Woman**

is interested and should know about the wonderful

**MARVEL Whirling Spray**

The New Vaginal Irrigator. Best—Most convenient. It cleanses thoroughly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions valuable to ladies.

**WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont.**  
General Agents for Canada.

# SEVEN DIE IN RAILWAY WRECK

## Collision Occurred on C. P. R. Main Line East of North Bay.

### KILLED.

JOHN NADEAU, Fireman, Chalk River.  
J. HENDRIE, Engineer, light engine, North Bay.  
J. CLARK, Express Messenger, Montreal.  
J. IRVINE, Baggage man, Ottawa.  
J. YOUNGE, Engineer, North Bay.  
H. K. PRENDERGAST and P. PEN-  
DERGAST, Passengers, Webwood.

### INJURED.

F. BALL, Fireman, North Bay, slight-  
ly.  
ALF. ROBERTS, 68 Nelson Street, Ottawa.  
MRS. GELMAS, Ottawa.  
D. LYNCH, Hintonburg.  
F. HYLAND, Hull.  
THOMAS FERRONE, New York.  
C. LaBELLE, Montreal.  
— MADIGAN, Montreal.  
E. MAGUIRE, Ivelly, Ontario.  
M. MALONEY, Mt. St. Patrick.  
WILFRID MALONE.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A terrible accident occurred at 11.45 on Thursday night near Moore Lake, on the C. P. R., 35 miles west of Pembroke. A light engine was proceeding west, and trying to make Moore Lake ahead of the Soo Express coming east to Ottawa. The express was sharp on time, and the two met with fatal results.

Seven people were killed and cremated, and eight others injured, but not seriously, in the affair.

### FAILED TO TAKE SIDING.

The big locomotive was running light from Chalk River to North Bay when it met No. 8, the east-bound express from the Soo. The accident is the most serious since that at Azilda. It was apparently due to the engine bound light for North Bay failing to take a siding at the proper place to allow the Soo express to pass. No specific orders were necessary, as No. 8 was on her time, and had the right of way.

It may never be known just how the

rule was violated, as the crew of the west-bound engine was killed.

### RUN OF LOCOMOTIVE.

The extra locomotive, No. 1715, which figured in the accident, was being transferred from Chalk River to the North Bay division, and was in charge of Engineer Hendrie and Fireman Na-  
deau. The east-bound Soo train was in charge of Conductor A. E. Wright, of Ottawa, the rest of the crew being Engineer Younge, of North Bay, W. G. Kent, and Baggage man Irvine, of Ottawa.

The Soo train was travelling at a good rate of speed towards Chalk River, the divisional point, while the locomotive, which was on its way, was going equally fast in the opposite direction. At the point of the accident there is a curve, preventing a clear view of any great distance ahead. When the heavy engine met with appalling impact they completely demoralized each other, while the mail and baggage car of No. 8 and part of the forward passenger car were also smashed.

### HOW FIRE STARTED.

The crash caused the fire boxes to be emptied, and a moment later the wreckage of the front cars were afire. Eddie Roberts, the mail clerk, of Ottawa, managed to crawl out, but the fireman of the Soo train and the others on the locomotives, the baggage and mail cars were pinned in the wreckage and before they could be rescued the wreck took fire.

### CARS CAUGHT FIRE.

The demolished cars burned up like tinder, while those pinned in them or under the locomotives were either burned to death or cremated after death had resulted from their injuries received in the collision. Those around were powerless to aid. The passengers on the forward car were thrown from their seats while broken doors, windows and roofing resulted from the crash and passengers sustained more or less severe injuries. None are likely to be fatally hurt, however.

Wrecking auxiliaries were sent from Chalk River and North Bay, doctors were hurried from Pembroke and Mat-  
taw; to the latter hospital most of the injured were taken.

### FOREST MANAGEMENT.

#### How to Supply a Permanent Supply of Fuel for the People.

The selling aside of a timbered tract of country as a forest reserve does not mean that this tract is to be a sort of sacred enclosure within whose bounds no tree is to be cut. On the contrary, the purpose of setting aside the reserve is that it shall furnish a permanent and perpetual supply of timber and fuel for the people depending on it.

In order that this object may be effected, the timbered lands must be put under prompt management. The central idea of this management is that the quantity of timber which shall be allowed to be taken off the area in any period shall not be greater than the amount of timber which is grown on the area during this period. This is the ideal of forest management. Needless to say, the carrying out of this idea meets with various modifications, especially when scientific management is first introduced.

In order that this policy may be carried out, it is necessary to know, not only the actual amount of timber on the reserve at present, but also the rate at which the timber is growing and what amount of timber is being produced. When these have been found out, the amount of timber which may be removed from the tract each year may be calculated. It is to ascertain the points referred to that parties have been sent out each summer since 1905 by the Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior, in whose charge the management of the reserves lies.

The number and diameter of the trees on the tract are arrived at by going over a certain proportion (previously determined) of the tract, counting the trees thereon and measuring the diameters accurately with "tree calipers," record of all which is made at the time and kept. The relation between the diameter and height of the trees is also studied, for instance, how high a tree four inches in diameter will be. Representative trees of each diameter are also felled and "stem analyses" made. From measurements taken in these "stem analyses" it may be determined, not only what are the actual cubic contents of the tree at present, but also what were the contents of the tree ten, twenty, or any number of years ago; and from what it has done in the past, the future growth of the tree may be arrived at. By subsequent calculations in the office it may be determined what is the actual number of timber (in cords, board feet or other measurement) standing on the tract, what is the rate of growth and what quantity of timber will grow on the tract in a given period.

Another object for which forest reserves are often set apart is that of regulating water supply. It is well known that in regions which have been stripped of their timber the streams in spring become torrents, while during the summer the amount of water flowing in them is much less than it was during the same periods before the timber was removed. The value of a supply of water, either for manufacturing purposes or for agriculture, depends on the constant flow of water. Obviously the easiest way of keeping the flow of water constant is to retain the forests, cutting only the mature timber, which ought to be removed anyway. In several of the Dominion Forest Reserves this question of water supply must play an important part in the management.

Besides these principal objects aimed at—namely, the preserving of a permanent timber and fuel supply and the conservation of the water supply, there are various other ends to be aimed at. In some cases, for instance, while these objects are the primary ones, inhabitants of the forest region make considerable money from the summer visitors who come there. But the former considerations are usually head and shoulders above any others that may be offered, and must always be of prime importance in the management of the forests.

### SUICIDE OF A FINANCIER.

Ex-President of Knickerbocker Trust Shot Himself.

A despatch from New York says:

### POLL TAX HOLDS THEM.

#### Half of China Would Come Were It Not Collected.

A despatch from Vancouver, B.C., says: Yip Sang, Vancouver's wealthiest Chinaman, told Immigration Commissioner King on Tuesday afternoon that he believed half of China would come over here if it were not for the practically prohibitive head tax. Yip continued: "If the head tax were removed, I would import Chinese laborers just as did Onderdonk twenty-five years ago, when the fare was only thirty-five dollars. But the companies here cannot afford importations at five hundred each."

Commissioner:—There's no tax on Japs. Are the companies bringing them over?  
"I not tell too fast what I think," replied the witness, sharply, and the examination ended.

Earlier in the inquiry Yip said: "Wages are too high here. That's what brings them. Chinese laborers now want \$2.50 per day, when we got them a few years ago for half that. All over China they know of good wages here, and would come if they could afford it."

The result of the examination went to show that if the Chinese tax were removed there would be a tremendous influx of Chinese that would put in the shade the Japs and Hindoos combined.

### NO CAR SHORTAGE.

Farmers are Loading Grain Direct on to the Cars.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Railroad men claim there is no car congestion in the West and that they have more cars in service than can be filled at this moment. A leading official of the C. P. R. says that the farmers are this year loading their grain in many cases direct to the cars without passing it through the elevators, thus securing, as they suppose, better terms and saving elevator charges, but it ties up many cars, as the loading is very slow. What is worse, many grain men are purposely holding grain for higher prices and thus preventing the movement of the crop before navigation closes.

### SANDBAGGED AND ROBBED.

Fort William Fireman Victim of Gang of Footpads.

A despatch from Fort William says: Ambrose Kelly, a fireman, is lying in the McKellar Hospital in an unconscious condition with concussion of the brain and several severe frost-bites. He was found on Wednesday morning on Alberta Street by several Finlanders, who were on their way to work. He said that he had been sandbagged and robbed by a gang of five or six men about 12 o'clock the previous night. His watch and cheque for ninety dollars is missing, and it is said that he had a large sum of money in Fort Arthur on Tuesday.

## LEADING MARKETS

### BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Nov. 19.—Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white or red, \$1; No. 2 mixed, 99c; goose wheat, 89c to 90c.  
Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.13; No. 1 northern, \$1.11; No. 2, \$1.09.  
Barley—No. 1, 81c; No. 2, 79c; No. 3 extra, 77c.  
Oats—No. 2 white, 53c, outside; mixed, 52c, outside.  
Rye—88c to 89c.  
Peas—87c to 88c outside.  
Corn—No. 2 yellow, American, 68½c to 69c; Toronto freights; No. 2 yellow, 68c to 68½c.  
Buckwheat—70c outside.  
Bran—\$21 to \$22 in bulk outside; shorts, \$23 to \$24.  
Flour—Ontario, winter wheat, \$3.90 asked, \$3.89 bid, and Manitoba patents,

toba bran in bags, \$22 to \$23; shorts, \$25 to \$27.

The corn oat market was fairly quiet to-day. Manitoba No. 2 white, 60c; Ontario and Quebec No. 2, 59c to 59½c; No. 3, 58c to 58½c; and No. 4, 56½c to 57c per bushel, ex-store.

Provisions—Barrels, short-cut mess, \$22.50 to \$23; half barrels, \$11.75 to \$12.25; clear fat backs, \$23.50 to \$24.50; long-cut mess, \$21 to \$23; half barrels do., \$10.50 to \$11.50; dry salt long clear bacon, 10½c to 11½c; barrels plate beef, \$13.50 to \$15; half barrels do., \$7.25 to \$7.75; barrels heavy mess beef, \$10 to \$11; half barrels do., \$5.50 to \$6; compound lard, 10c to 11c; pure lard, 12½c to 13c; kettle rendered, 13½c to 14c; hams, 13½c to 16c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 14c to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15c to 16c; fresh killed abattoir hogs, dressed, \$6.10 to \$6.25.  
Grass butter is quoted at 28c to 28½c and fodder grades bring 26½c to 27½c, according to quality.

## KAISER'S VISIT

### Emperor Makes a Ha Cuild

A despatch from London says: A semi-official pronouncement by the Foreign Office declares the conviction that the Kaiser's visit will materially improve the relations between the two nations. The editorials in the newspapers, which have often been the Kaiser's most capacious critics, admit the truth of his claim that he has pursued a policy of peace. The Emperor made a speech on Wed-



Rye—88c to 89c.  
Peas—87c to 88c outside.  
Corn—No. 2 yellow, American, 68½c to 69c, Toronto freights; No. 2 yellow, 8c to 68½c.  
Buckwheat—70c outside.  
Barley—\$21 to \$22 in bulk outside; shorts, \$23 to \$24.  
Flour—Ontario, winter wheat, \$3.90 asked, \$3.80 bid, and Manitoba patents, special brand, \$5.80; second patents, \$5.20; strong bakers', \$5.10.

**COUNTRY PRODUCE.**

Butter—With the closing down of cheese factories comes an easier tone in values of dairy butter.  
Creamery prints ..... 29c to 30c  
Do solids ..... 26c to 27c  
Dairy prints ..... 26c to 27c  
Do solids ..... 23c to 24c  
Cheese—13½c for large and 13¼c for small.  
Eggs—New-laid 30c to 35c; storage, 2c to 25c.  
Poultry—Nice fat chickens are worth from 9c to 10c, with inferior stock selling around 6c to 7c. Choice ducks and geese are steady at 9c to 10c; fat, clean, dry-picked turkeys are in satisfactory demand at 14c to 15c.  
Potatoes—75c to 80c in car lots on track here.  
Beans—Steady at \$1.80 to \$1.90 for primes and \$1.90 to \$2 for hand-picked.  
Honey—Strained steady, at 11c to 12c per lb. and combs at \$1.75 to \$2.50 per dozen.  
Baled Hay—Timothy, \$18.50 per ton in car lots on track.  
Baled Straw—Firm at \$10 to \$10.50 per ton on track.

**PROVISIONS.**

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 11c to 11½c for tons and 5c; hams, medium and light, 15c to 16c; heavy, 13½c to 14c; backs, 13½c to 14c; shoulders, 10c to 10½c; rolls, 10½c to 11c; breakfast bacon, 15c to 16c; green meats out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.  
Dressed Hogs—\$3.50 for lightweights and \$3 for heavies.  
Pork—Short cut, \$22.75 to \$23 for barrels; mess, \$20 to \$21.  
Lard—Firm; tierces, 12½c; tubs, 22½c; pails, 13c.

**MONTREAL MARKETS.**

Montreal, Nov. 19.—Flour—Manitoba spring wheat patents, \$6.10 to \$6.30; second patents, \$5.50 to \$5.70; winter wheat patents, \$5.75 to \$6; straight rollers, \$5.50 to \$5.75; in bags, \$2.60 to \$2.70; extra, \$2.05 to \$2.10.  
Milled—Ontario bran in bags, \$24 to \$25; shorts in bags, \$25 to \$26; Mani-

11½; half barrels do., \$5.50 to \$6; corn-pollard, 10c to 11c, pure lard, 42½c to 13c; kettle rendered, 13½c to 14c; hams, 13½c to 16c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 14c to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15c to 16c; fresh killed abattoir hogs, dressed, \$6.10 to \$6.25.  
Grass butter is quoted at 28c to 28½c and fodder grades bring 26½c to 27½c, according to quality.  
The cheese market is dull. Quotations on spot are unchanged at 13c to 13½c for September grades, 12½c for fall westerns, 12½c for Townships, and 12c for Quebec.  
Egg dealers report an active market. Prices were steady at 30c to 31c for new-laid eggs, 26c to 27c for selected stock, 22c to 23c for No. 1 quality, and 16½c to 17c for No. 2.

**BUFFALO MARKET.**

Buffalo, Nov. 19.—Wheat—Spring, stronger; winter, firm; No. 2 red, \$1.01; Corn—Unsettled; No. 2 white, 64½c; No. 2 yellow, 64½c. Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, 52c; No. 2 mixed, 46½c. Barley—\$1 to \$1.10. Rye—87c.

**NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.**

New York, Nov. 19.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red, \$1.01 elevator; No. 2 red, \$1.05½ f.o.b. aboat; No. 1 northern Duluth nominal f.o.b. aboat; No. 2 hard winter nominal f.o.b. aboat.

**CATTLE MARKET.**

Toronto, Nov. 19.—The improvement in the demand for stocker and feeder cattle was one of the features of the market. Quotations are at \$3 to \$3.40 for steers and \$2 to \$2.40 for bulls.

Milk cows were in brisk demand. Prices ranged from \$40 to \$50 for good quality up to \$70, the high-water mark to-day.

Calves were quiet. Choice, 4 to 6c per lb. common, 2 to 3c.

Export ewes sold about 25c lower at \$3.75 to \$4, with bucks and ewes at \$2.50 to \$3.25. Lambs were 25c to 50c lower, at \$1.75 to \$3.35 for choice and \$3.50 to \$4.50 for common and medium.

Hogs were quoted unchanged at the recent decline. Selects, \$5.75 to \$5.80; rough thin hogs about \$1 less.

**FOR ST. LAWRENCE SERVICE.**

White Star Line Will Place Two Steamers on Next Year.

Montreal, Nov. 13.—Realizing that the passenger business to Canada will increase rapidly in the coming years, the White Star Line will try and capture a portion of it. They will place two 14,000-ton boats on the St. Lawrence service next summer, to sail under the flag of the Dominion Line. The names of the boats are the Alberta and the Albania.

ders above any others that may be offered, and must always be of prime importance in the management of the forests.

**SUICIDE OF A FINANCIER.**

**Ex-President of Knickerbocker Trust Shot Himself.**

A despatch from New York says: Chas. T. Barney, for many years one of the most prominent financiers of New York city, committed suicide at his residence, 38th street and Park avenue on Thursday. Mr. Barney shot himself in the head and lived four and a half hours. His death was reported to the Coroner's office shortly after 3 p. m., first as a case of sudden death and later as one of suicide. Mr. Barney was President of the Knickerbocker Trust Company up to a day or two before that institution closed its doors, with liabilities amounting to from \$60,000,000 to \$70,000,000. It was understood at the time the company closed that Mr. Barney had been heavily involved by this summer's sharp decline in the prices of all securities. He had not been seen at his office for several days, and it is known to his friends that he was in a state of physical and mental collapse, so that his friends were prepared for the announcement of his tragic death. It is reported that for some time he had not been on speaking terms with his wife. The rumour on the Knickerbocker Trust Company was precipitated by the announcement of the National Bank of Commerce that it would no longer clear the accounts of the trust company through the New York clearing-house. Mr. Barney's resignation as President followed.

**BATTLE WITH ARMED GANG.**

**Montreal Detectives Attack Supposed Bank Robbers.**

A despatch from Montreal says: A pitched battle between city detectives and a band of supposed bank-robbing crooks occurred on Sunday evening at St. Lambert's, just across the river from Montreal, which resulted in the arrest of two of the crooks. Although there were six detectives and six crooks, all of whom were busy emptying revolvers at each other, not one of the whole party was injured, and the detectives scored a bloodless victory. Chief Carpenter of the city detective force, was on Sunday evening informed that a band of men, supposed to be robbers, were camped near St. Lambert's, and he despatched half a dozen of his men to gather them in, guided by the man who brought in the information. While on the way the detectives met four men on the road, but passed them, thinking they were not the men they were after. Later they found two of the men sitting by a camp fire. As soon as the detectives appeared the strangers opened fire on them with revolvers, and the detectives pulled their guns and fired back. The shots alarmed the four on the road, who were also members of the gang, and they at once ran back and attacked the detectives from the rear. The latter, however, won out, and the four decamped, leaving the original two to be arrested. The latter gave their names as John Brown and Will Hudson, but their names do not count for much, as yet. It is thought that the gang was composed of the men who have been travelling through the province, burglarizing banks and stores, lately.

**LAUGHTER KILLED HIM.**

**Old Man Died While Watching Boys Scramble for a Quarter.**

A despatch from New York says: A fit of laughter, due to the efforts of a crowd of boys to recover a 25-cent piece which he had tossed into the fountain in Madison Square Park, caused the death of Cornelius Keenan on Tuesday. Mr. Keenan, who was 83 years old, was a frequenter of the park, feeding the squirrels and the birds and occasionally tossing a quarter into the basin to see the boys scramble. When he laughed on Tuesday the blood rushed to his head. He fell, striking his head. He was dead when an ambulance surgeon came.

A despatch from London says: A semi-official pronouncement by the Foreign Office declares the conviction that the Kaiser's visit will materially improve the relations between the two nations. The editorials in the newspapers, which have often been the Kaiser's most capacious critics, admit the truth of his claim that he has pursued a policy of peace.

The Emperor made a speech on Wednesday at the Guildhall, where he was entertained by the City of London. He urged the strengthening of the Anglo-German relations and emphasized his unalterable desire to foster the peace of the world. The day passed off without the expected Socialistic demonstration, much less any disorder or rioting.

The reception given Emperor William by the people of London was a very cordial one.

**A BRILLIANT ASSEMBLAGE.**

The Emperor and Empress drove several miles, through streets brilliantly decorated with hunting and lined by troops from Paddington railroad station, where they arrived from Windsor, to the city's historic hall, where an assemblage of some eight hundred persons, including members of the Royal family, peers, commoners and naval and military officers, mostly in uniform, and with their breasts glittering with orders, formed a brilliant picture. An address of welcome was presented to the Emperor in a magnificent gold casket. In reply, his Majesty recalled his previous reception at the Guildhall in 1891, and emphasized his unalterable desire to foster

**SHOT HIS WIFE DEAD.**

**Crime Committed Before a Car Full of Passengers.**

A Los Angeles, California, despatch says: "Asserting that he had shot his wife on a Los Angeles street car on August 19, Frederick D. Cook gave himself up at the south-western detective agency. Cook said he was separated from his wife and children after the San Francisco earthquake, and later learned that she was in Los Angeles. Going there he discovered her, threatening her with instant death if she refused to give up her children. In order to gain time she consented to take him to the place where they were. His suspicions being aroused at the long trip on the car, he charged her with playing false, and on her declaring that she would disclose the hiding place next day Cook pressed the muzzle of his revolver against the body of his wife and began shooting. She fell dead, and the passengers fled to the platform. Cook covered the train crew with his gun and escaped in the darkness." Mrs. Cook was a Miss Jennie Harvey, daughter of Mr. Henry Harvey of Linkletter, Prince Edward Island. Cook formerly lived in Summerside.

**GHOULS BUSY IN GLENGARRY.**

**Several Graves in Kirkhill Cemetery Have Been Robbed.**

A despatch from Cornwall, Ont., says: It is reported here that several graves in the cemetery at Kirkhill, Glengarry, have been desecrated lately and the bodies carried off. The blame is laid to medical students of various universities. Two men while hunting in the rear of Lochiel Township found part of a coffin in the woods which looked as if it had been recently disinterred. These grave robberies have been reported to the authorities and an effort will be made to trace the guilty parties.

**FOUGHT WITH WOLVES.**

**Chief Thunderer of the Chippewas Nearly Killed.**

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Chief Thunderer of the Chippewas narrowly escaped being devoured by wolves near War road, Minn., across from Fort Frances. The pack attacked him in the woods, but he succeeded in standing them off with an axe, with which he killed one and maimed another until help arrived from his camp. The Indians believe this early fury of the wolves indicates a severe winter.

# EFFORT TO MOVE CROPS

## Navigation Will Be Kept Open As Long As Possible.

A despatch from Ottawa says: "There is considerable speculation as to the manner in which the Government will co-operate with the banks in assisting to market the Western wheat crop. Mr. Fielding is still reticent on the subject, presumably because he has not yet definitely formulated his plans. One suggestion is for the Government to utilize some of the gold reserve which is deposited with the Finance Department as security against the note circulation. The idea is put forth to place, say, ten million dollars at the credit of those banks that are recognized in the West as being grain banks, that is, banking money to move the crop.

part of this loan. They are the Bank of Commerce, the Imperial Bank, the Dominion Bank and the Bank of Hamilton. The railway companies have assured the parties concerned that they will do all they can to facilitate the movement of the crop. The principal difficulty is with the lower grades of grain that have to be moved before navigation closes, otherwise they may be damaged, if not destroyed.

The Marine Department has arranged to keep navigation on Lake Superior open until Dec. 10. A telegram was sent to Washington asking that the light-house at Passage Island, near Port Arthur, be kept going until that date. The Dominion will pay the extra expense. This has been agreed to.

## GREAT FIRE ON THE SUN.

The Flames Reached a Height of 325,000 Miles.

A despatch from Oxford, England, says: A remarkable outburst on the sun was observed by Prof. Ambau Director of the Radcliffe Observatory, at 11.45 on Friday morning. An immense flame shot up at the rate of over 12,000 miles a minute, until it reached a height of 325,000 miles. At 12.10 it broke into fragments and disappeared. Sun spots and solar disturbances have been observed for some days past. It has been predicted that they would reach their greatest magnitude about the middle of November, and that they would probably lead to violent magnetic disturbances on the earth, causing storms, floods, volcanic disturbances and earthquakes. Prof. Edward C. Pickering of the Harvard Observatory said two days ago that he expected the sun spolia to be attended by an earthquake but of not sufficient gravity to cause alarm.

## LOOKING FOR HER HUSBAND.

Deserted Wife with Eight Children Arrives in Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: A remarkable and distressing case of wife desertion was brought under the notice of the Windsor Station and charity authorities on Wednesday. There arrived by the Boston & Maine train a married woman, a French-Canadian, still young looking and attractive, with a family of eight children, who had been deserted by her husband and left at Woonsocket, Rhode Island, without funds or means of subsistence. He had, she said, skipped away about three weeks ago and left her with a family of eight on her hands. He had been employed as a laborer, and she believed he had returned to Montreal. They had formerly lived in this city, and had only been in the States a year. Her fare here was paid by the Woonsocket authorities.

## DEATH-BED MARRIAGE.

Dramatic Ceremony Performed at a Toronto Hospital.

A despatch from Toronto says: On her deathbed in a ward at Grace Hospital on Tuesday Lydia McLean became the wife of William McArthur. When told that she was dying she expressed a wish that she should be united to her lover, and the Rev. C. Ensor Sharpe of St. Thomas' Church performed the ceremony. Conscious through the whole ceremony, the girl passed away only a few hours after her marriage. Before her illness Miss McLean was employed at the Keen Manufacturing Company, but her relatives were at Peterboro. Wednesday morning the remains were taken to St. Catharines, accompanied by the husband, and there were also present at the funeral service about two hundred girls from the Keen factory.

Mrs. J. Holmes died at Clinton, on Saturday, in her 102nd year.

## CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraph Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

### CANADA.

The new wireless station at Three Rivers, Que., was opened on Thursday.

The C.P.R. will shortly put on a new night train between Ottawa and Toronto.

A building fund of \$100,000 is to be raised in Toronto for a new Knox College.

Dr. H. Elliott, dentist, of Cobden, was drowned while canoeing at Renfrew, on Thursday.

A report on Indian Schools gives an alarming percentage of deaths from tuberculosis.

The frozen wheat of the West is not keeping well and shipments deteriorate very fast.

One man was fatally hurt and another seriously injured in an Italian row in Montreal.

The Dominion Government now has charge of the administration of all leprosy lazarettos.

Charles Raymond, a clerk of Montreal, was on Friday charged with forging six checks and remanded.

A franchise has been granted by the municipalities for an electric railway from Cobalt to Haileybury.

William McIntosh, a Cobalt drug clerk, died from the effects of inhaling the fumes of nitric acid on Friday.

Thomas Aughton, while working on the new Confederation Life Building, Toronto, fell four stories and was killed.

The first car of wheat has been shipped over the new transcontinental line from Dugald to Winnipeg.

Counterfeiters' tools and over \$200 in counterfeit silver were found in an old house being torn down at Montreal on Friday.

The eastern Canada paper and pulp manufacturers, meeting at Montreal on Friday, decided to ask for an export duty on pulpwood.

Mr. George R. Coldwell, K.C., has been sworn in as Provincial Secretary in the Manitoba Cabinet, succeeding the late Mr. McIntosh.

Contracts have been awarded for part of the work on the new normal schools at Hamilton, Stratford, Peter and North Bay.

The Drummond Mining Company of Montreal has secured a lease of the Gloucester, N.B., iron mines, said to be very rich.

Dr. C. K. Clarke, Superintendent of Toronto Asylum, has been appointed professor of psychiatry in the University of Toronto.

Five moulders who spent a night in London Police Station say Canada is to be invaded by an army of unemployed from the United States.

Manitoba farmers suffer severe losses from hail, and the four insurance companies doing business will have to pay \$220,303.

R. H. Gurney is under arrest at Hamilton, charged with stealing \$15 from his landlady and then paying his arrears of \$4 out of it.

O. S. Finnie, chief clerk in the Gold Commissioners' office at Dawson, has been found innocent of the charges preferred against him.

Mr. Mackenzie King announces that he has adjusted all the Japanese claims arising out of the riots at Vancouver, and the total amount to be paid is \$16,775.

A pastoral from Archbishop Bruchest was read in the Roman Catholic churches at Montreal, on Sunday, forbidding marriages between Catholics and Protestants.

The Railway Commission has given the railways until the first of the year to file new rates on east-bound traffic from Windsor, Sarnia and nearly points.

Because her master was in a hurry

## BANK MANAGER FOUGHT

### Daring Robbery of La Banque de St. Jean Napierville, Quebec.

A despatch from Montreal says: Early Thursday morning La Banque de St. Jean at Napierville, Que., was robbed. Mrs. Paul Brault, manager, was sound asleep above the bank, when he was awakened and ordered to come down stairs. He awoke to find three masked men and one unmasked facing him with loaded revolvers. At first the manager thought it must be some nightmare, but the shrieks of his wife, who was also awakened, assured him it was no dream. With oaths the ruffians bade the woman cease her screaming or they would let daylight into her, and, covering Mr. Brault with their revolvers, ordered him to dress as quickly as possible and lead the way to the bank. The unfortunate manager was so taken by surprise that he could scarcely get into his apparel, and one of his assailants struck him a heavy blow in the jaw. This

brought Mr. Brault to himself, and the moment he was dressed he struck out at the nearest burglar and knocked him to the ground. The leader of the gang shouted to his comrades not to shoot or they would kill him and spoil the game, as they required the manager's assistance. Mr. Brault put up a brave fight until a heavy blow on the head sent him reeling to the floor. They carried him down stairs and gave him three minutes to open the safe. Mr. Brault fumbled at the combination. Then, making the excuse that the loss of blood prevented him remembering, he was knocked down and carried up stairs again. One man was left to guard him, while the other three blew open the safe with nitroglycerine and decamped with \$2,400 in bills and over \$600 in gold. Napierville is midway between Montreal and the United States border, and it is thought the robbers got across the border.

a Tokio between April 1 and October 31, 1912.

The antagonism between the two new Grand Councilors, Chang Chi Tung and Yuan Shi Kai, is demoralizing the Chinese Government.

### JAPANESE ARMY IN MIMIC WAR.

41,000 Troops of All Branches to Engage in Manoeuvres.

A despatch from Tokio says: The Emperor left on Wednesday to attend the army manoeuvres, which will be on an unusually large scale. 41,000 troops of all branches of the service, participating with politicians and the commissary corps. They will be employed as in actual war operations. The manoeuvres will be directed through the balloon and electric light corps. The line will extend for 35 miles along the Kmu River, near Nikko, a noted resort. General Prince Fushima and General Viscount Kamamura will command the respective forces.

### MONTREAL CUSTOMS REVENUE.

Has Tumbled in Past Twelve Years, Says Collector.

A despatch from Montreal says: Customs collections continue to show a big increase. "This has been a splendid year up to date," said Collector White, and the revenue shows no recession in trade despite the stringency of the money situation. "During the first half of November our revenue has been \$15,000 ahead of the corresponding period last year, and I feel sure that the total collections for the twelve months will approximate, if it does not exceed, \$18,000,000, which sum aggregates about three times the amount of yearly collections at the time I assumed office some twelve years ago."

### NITRO-GLYCERINE EXPLODED.

Two Men Killed and One Fatally Injured at Bradner, Ohio.

A despatch from Columbus, Ohio, says: Two men were killed and three or four persons injured on Wednesday in an explosion in the Hercules nitro-glycerine factory at Bradner. The factory was demolished and a number of houses shattered in the town. A circus

### BUTTER FROM EUROPE.

Can Be Imported at the Present Prices in Canada.

A despatch from Ottawa says: "The present high price of butter in the cities and towns of Canada is just about the limit which can be charged by the producers in this country," said Dairy Commissioner J. A. Ruddick to a newspaper correspondent on Friday. He explained that any further rise in prices would be met by importations of butter from Denmark or other European sources, which can probably be placed on the market here at about 30 cents per pound. Consequently the fears of city dwellers that the coming winter price might be as high as 50 cents per pound are groundless. There is a plentiful supply of dairy products in Europe this year, and the effect of the high prices now prevailing in Canada has already resulted in considerable exportation to Canada. Mr. Ruddick believes that as the season advances imports of butter will increase, and the result will be to effectively prevent any exorbitant price in Canada during the winter. The ruling price of good butter in London is now about 24 cents per pound. It can be sent across the Atlantic and marketed here with a fair margin of profit at an additional cost of five or six cents per pound.

### FORMER STEWARDS ARRESTED.

Charged With Smuggling Passengers Across the Ocean.

A despatch from Montreal says: Albert Korff and Samuel Davis, late stewards on the Empress of Britain, were arrested on Tuesday on the charge of defrauding the steamship company. For quite a long time the smuggling of passengers was carried out, not only on C.P.R. liners, but, it is believed, on vessels of other lines as well. It was comparatively simple for the stewards on these vessels to smuggle people aboard and at Liverpool, hide them in certain parts of the vessel where they knew they could not be found, and just as easy a matter to provide them with food. Suspicion fell on Korff and Davis, and they deserted some time ago, but were arrested here. They will be taken back to Liverpool to stand their trial.

### TO RESCUE ITALIANS.

The Montreal Police Place a Guard on Hospitals.

## IT TO BRITAIN

### Happy Speech at the Ldhall.

the peace of the world. His Majesty, during his remarks, said:

#### PEACE HAS AIMS.

"I said then, on this spot, that my aim is above all the maintenance of peace. History, I venture to hope, will do me justice in that I have pursued this aim unwaveringly ever since. The main



the peace of the world. His Majesty, during his remarks, said:

**PEACE HIS AIM.**  
"I said then, on this spot, that my aim is above all the maintenance of peace. History, I venture to hope, will do me justice in that I have pursued this aim unwaveringly ever since. The main prop and base for the peace of the world is the maintenance of the good relations between our two countries, and I will further strengthen them in so far as lies in my power."

"The German nation's wishes coincide with mine. The future will then show a bright prospect and commerce may develop among the nations who have learned to trust one another."

The Emperor and Empress, after lunch, returned to Paddington Station on their way back to Windsor by a different route.

Emperor William appeared to be in splendid spirits throughout. He laughed and joked with his immediate neighbors, but he looked haggard. His face was pale, thin and drawn.

**PRESS IS GRATEFUL.**

There is a chorus of gratification among officials and the newspapers at London's reception of the Kaiser and his Majesty's happy speech.

Prime Minister Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, in a speech at Bristol, rejoiced at the popular expressions of friendship and sympathy with the Kaiser and Kaiserin, hailing them as an indication of the cementing of peace.

### GOOD CROPS IN NOVA SCOTIA.

Secretary For Agriculture Issues Annual Review of Season.

A despatch from Halifax says: The Secretary for Agriculture has issued the annual crop review for Nova Scotia. His report shows that despite unfavorable weather the large crop has been housed in a fairly satisfactory condition. He estimates the yield of potatoes in the province at 6,000,000 bushels, the hay crop he estimates at 70,000,000 tons. The value to the farmer approximately of seven of the products mentioned is \$16,857,000. Taking an average crop as 100, Principal Cuming estimates the crop yield of Nova Scotia as follows: Hay, 90 per cent; oats, 100; wheat, 95; barley, 95; potatoes, 110; corn for ensilage, 90; manilles, 95; buckwheat, 99.

### JURY ACQUITS TRAINMEN.

Conductor and Engineer of the Calendon Wreck Go Free.

A despatch from Brampton says: After listening for four days to a mass of technical and other evidence, the jury who have been trying the engineer, George Hodge, and Conductor Matthew Grimes on a charge of negligence in connection with the terrible railway disaster which occurred at the Horse-shoe Curve, near Calendon, on September 3rd, returned into court at 8.45 on Saturday night with a verdict of "not guilty" against both defendants. The announcement of their verdict was the occasion for one of the most remarkable outbursts of popular enthusiasm ever witnessed in the old Court House here. Although both of the defendants are strangers in Brampton, there has been marked sympathy shown by people of the town and district on their behalf. They are young men; and both seemed to feel the seriousness of their position. Hodge, especially, was looking pale and worn from the first, and his pallor increased as the trial progressed.

Alfred Ullmann was killed by an electric shock at Thetford Mines, on Saturday.

Mexico has ceded Magdalena Bay, on the west coast of lower California, to the United States for a coaling station for three years.

The Japanese Government is considering the advisability of preventing the emigration of all persons who are not self-supporting.

chest was read in the Roman Catholic churches at Montreal, on Sunday, forbidding marriages between Catholics and Protestants.

The Railway Commission has given the railways until the first of the year to file new rates on east-bound traffic from Windsor, Sarnia and nearby points.

Because her master was in a hurry to reach Vancouver and did not stop at Victoria to pick up a pilot, the big steamship "Indyville," formerly on the Portland Oriental route, lies a wreck at the end of Henry Island, in the centre of the Gulf of Georgia.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

The British Parliament will re-assemble on January 29.

Prince Charles of Bourbon and Princess Louise of Orleans were married on Saturday at Woodnorton, England.

It is reported that the Dublin Castle jewels have been returned as mysteriously as they disappeared.

The German Kaiser has leased Col. Stuart-Wortley's castle on the coast of Hampshire for three weeks.

The British destroyer Mohawk, in her official trials in the North Sea on Friday, travelled at the rate of 40 miles an hour.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the British Premier, was seized with a sudden, and severe illness after delivering an address at Bristol on Thursday.

At a meeting of Conservative Associations in London on Thursday a platform was adopted advocating preference, protection and a broadening of taxation.

### UNITED STATES.

Three thousand actors and actresses are said to be out of work in New York.

The American Federation of Labor on Saturday refused to endorse Government ownership of railroads and mines. Prof. Underwood of Columbia University in a fit of insanity attempted to murder his wife, and then committed suicide.

During the last year deposits of banks in Kansas City have increased by \$2,000,000.

Small investors are making enormous purchases of stocks in odd lots in Wall Street.

More than 2,000 brewery saloons now in existence in Indiana will close as soon as the licenses expire.

The Zionists are on trial at Waukegan for causing the death of a woman while trying to "cast out devils" from her.

A Nebraska man who attempted to live by eating nothing but peanuts became insane in four days and died in a week.

Many school organs in the country schools of Connecticut were destroyed by field mice during the summer vacation.

Nearly 15,000 complaints of theft from the mails have been received by the Chicago post-office during the past year.

Dr. B. E. Fernow of Toronto University, speaking at Saginaw, Mich., advocated the encouragement of private ownership of timber wastes.

John Roberts, convicted of chicken-stealing at Port Huron, has inherited \$20,000 from the estate of John Law of Stratford, Ont.

William Jennings Bryan has issued a statement saying that he will accept the Democratic nomination for President if it is offered him, but will not fight for it.

John R. Walsh, formerly President of the Chicago National Bank, is on trial at Chicago, charged with defrauding his bank and other companies out of \$77,000,000.

Rev. H. Allen Tupper, pastor of the Fifteenth Street Baptist Church, Brooklyn, who in the past six years has built it up wonderfully, has decided to accept no salary in future.

Because a nurse girl allowed his child to fall, breaking its pose, Henry K. Barnell, of Fort Dodge, Ia., after striking the girl in the face with his fist, seized a carving knife and would have cut her throat had not a crowd prevented.

### GENERAL.

A wireless telephone is now being operated in Germany.

Four sharp earthquake shocks were felt at Manila on Saturday.

The National Exposition will be held

### Two Men Killed and One Fatally Injured at Bradner, Ohio.

A despatch from Columbus, Ohio, says: Two men were killed and three or four persons injured on Wednesday in an explosion in the Hercules nitro-glycerine factory at Bradner. The factory was demolished and a number of houses shattered in the town. W. Cisco and John Washburn, both employees of the factory, were killed. Harry Boston, the Superintendent, was probably fatally injured. Cisco was blown to pieces, not even a shred of his body being found. Washburn died a horrible death, lying screaming on the ground among the debris, and burning to death.

### FASHIONS AND FADS.

New smart patent leather shoes have striped black and white cloth tops.

Pond lilies in gold and bronze green are used for the cuff and decorations.

Yellow chamois moccasins for bedroom wear, headed in pink, blue, and white, are pretty.

Ermine takes a new freak in a hat of the big bell-mushroom order. The fur forms the steep, sloping brim, which is wide.

Pony coats and box coats have long sleeves and narrow shawl collars; the half fitted coats are of hip, three-quarter and full length.

Whole skins are used in handsome neckpieces, so arranged that they cross at the back, and often one single animal is used for the neckpiece.

Neckpieces and muffs are trimmed with numerous heads and tails. The heads are softer and more natural in their mounting than they have been of recent years.

Hand embroideries are used more than ever on elaborate toilets; the work is of the finest, and, in response to the Parisian influence, shows touches of rich color.

The shirtwaists of white linen and of muslin will remain in demand. They will be still more in favor than the colored ones, although striped linen and cotton voile will hold their own.

In choosing purple for night wear great care must be taken to secure exactly the right shade. Some purples change considerably under electric light, and others gain in brilliancy and tone.

Marijoro and other greens and a wide range of taupes with their lovely smoky tones, are popular for daytime uses, and shimmering satin in finis at once soft and delicate, is the newest for evening gowns.

Among the new materials from which fashionable women are picking their winter costumes are the lovely shaded colors. Green has assumed a yellowish tinge under the name of eclaircisse and crocodile. Gray has become dark and indefinite, it runs to iron gray, mole, slate, etc. Other colors are warm and dazzling, such as copper, purple, and old gold. Some of the experts affirm that among these shades purple and dark blue will predominate.

picion fell on Korff and Davis, and they deserted some time ago, but were arrested here. They will be taken back to Liverpool to stand their trial.

### TO RESCUE ITALIANS.

The Montreal Police Place a Guard on Hospitals.

A despatch from Montreal says: Chief Detective Carpenter has received a warning from an Italian of considerable social standing in the city that an effort is to be made to rescue Antonio Carbone and Fortunato Plinio, who lie wounded in the N. H. Dune and the General Hospitals, respectively. These were two of the Black Hand Italians who took part in a fight on Monday night, and both will be tried for attempted murder. Chief Carpenter had guards placed at the hospitals to prevent any rescue.

### AFTER THIRTY YEARS.

A Woodstock Woman Pays Duty on Her Dress.

A despatch from Woodstock says: A local newspaper tells a story of a case in which a woman's conscience awakened after thirty years and she paid into the customs office the duty on a dress which she brought into the country when she came here when a young woman. The dress was worth \$30, and the thoughts of defrauding the customs lay heavily on the woman's conscience all these years, she told the customs officials, so she decided to make recompense. She insisted that she be allowed to pay \$30, the full value of the dress, but the customs officer would only accept \$10.50, which is the amount of the duty according to present rates. The dress was brought here from the old country.

### FRENCH CANADIAN BIRTH RATE.

More Than Double That of Other Races in Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: The annual report of Dr. L. Laterge, Medical Health Officer for the city, was issued the other day. He states that in the year 1906 the death rate of the city was 19.28 per 1,000 of population, being 1.32 less than that of the previous year. The birth rate of the last year is returned at 37.35 per 1,000 of population, or 1.54 per 1,000 more than in 1905. The birth among French-Canadians was 47.66 per 1,000; among other Catholics 21.63 per 1,000; and among Protestants 21.20 per 1,000. Among the French-Canadians the proportions of marriages was 10.83 per 1,000.

Fire did fifty thousand dollars' damage to H. R. Ives & Co's premises at Montreal, on Saturday.

A band of outlaws in the Island of Formosa killed ten Government officers, but were repulsed with heavy loss.

## POISON IN CANNED MEATS

### One Woman Is Dead, and Two Others Are Ill.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: Mrs. Addie Robinson, of 424 Ontario Street, widow of the late John Robinson, fireman, who died of injuries sustained in the recent locomotive boiler explosion at Newbury, succumbed on Thursday night to apparent ptomaine poisoning. She had eaten some potted chicken at six o'clock, and immediately afterwards was taken with violent convulsions. Medical assistance was summoned, but death resulted at seven o'clock. Coroner McLaren could not

say whether a post-mortem examination would be conducted or not.

### ATE CANNED SALMON.

A despatch from Hamilton says: Christina Dickie, 204 Gibson Avenue, and Maud Barrett, 49 West Avenue north, employees of the Dominion Baking Co., were taken seriously ill while at work on Thursday afternoon as the result of eating canned salmon. They were taken to the City Hospital and it is thought they will recover.

# OUR BIG SHOE SALE

Is still booming, and no wonder. We have never given better Bargains than we are now

LOOK OVER THE LIST OF PRICES :

10 Cents

a Pair.

54 Pairs of Children's Boots in sizes 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9. These were damaged in the making at the factory, but can easily be repaired for home wear.

60

Pair of Ladies' and Girls' Over-shoes, fine Jersey Cloth and Cashmerettes, at \$1.75 to \$2—Sale Price

\$1.00.

30

Pairs of Ladies' Corona Patent Colt Lace Boots, made with low heel and medium wide toe. A great boot for school children. Sizes 2½ to 5—Sale Price

\$1.50.

28

Pair of Girls' oil tan Button Boots—strong and solid. Sizes 1 and 2 only—Sale Price

75c.

40

Pair of Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher style Boots, Goodyear welted soles, and worth \$3.50 and \$4 per pair—Sale Price

\$2.50

33

Pair of Ladies' Fine Dongola Kid and Patent Colt, Blucher Style Boots, new styles and good sizes, regular \$3—Sale Price

\$2.00.

30

Pair of Girl's Dongola Lace Boots made with good heavy soles, heel or spring heels, worth \$1.50 per pair—Sale Price

\$1.00.

200

Pairs of Children's Boots, arranged in baskets. Every pair a genuine bargain. Priced at

25c, 40c, 50c,

60c, 75c, 80c.

Don't miss the Big Rubber Sale.

## The J. J. Haines Shoe Houses

Napanee, Belleville and Trenton.

### COAL!

OUR CELEBRATED

+++++ THIS WEEK WE +++++  
RECEIVED

## Touques and Mufflers At LAZIER'S

Old Reliable. New Proprietor  
Fresh Goods.

Full line of Choice Groceries.

Cream of West Flour, cheapest and best, highest test out of 15. All kinds of Feed.

Thanking past customers for trade I solicit a continuation of their patronage as well as that of all customers of my new stand and solicit the patronage of all who want good goods in above lines. Phone 31.

J. G. OLIVER,

Blewett's Old Stand, opposite Royal Hotel.

J. N. Osborne's

Barber Shop is on the north side of Dundas street near Steacy's. Call and see how well he can suit you.

Parish of Ernesttown.

Sunday, Nov. 24th., Hawley, 10 30 a.m.; St. Thomas, Morven, 3 p.m., and St. Alban's, Odessa, 7 p.m.

The Genuine Butter Color Wells and Richardson.

T. B. Wallace is special agent for W. R. Butter color. To be sure of the genuine article get it at the Red Cross Drug Store.

Itch-a-cura—Cures itself, 25c at Wallace's Drug Store.

Fredericksburgh Grist Mill.

The undersigned wishes to notify the public that Fredericksburgh grist mill will be open for grinding every day until further notice. I will be pleased to meet the many customers of the mill, who have patronized it in the past. Satisfaction guaranteed.

WM. WOODRUFF.

Deer Hunters.

Many Deer will likely be killed by the hunters this season. Send the heads into Mills' at Napanee to be stuffed and mounted, equal to city work at less cost.

Cheap fence wire for sale.

15 ft.

Great Sample Sale.

During the next ten days we will sell our samples of China, Lacquered Goods, Metal Baskets, Toys, etc., by retail at wholesale prices. Over six thousand samples to choose from. This will be a grand opportunity to get fine goods at very reasonable prices. A grand opportunity to buy Xmas presents. First come, first served. The W. A. Rose Co., Napanee.

In Memoriam.

At the age of 12 Silas J. Vrooman, signed the pledge, becoming a Christian about that time, and remained faithful, being able to say in his last

## ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.  
Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.

GIVE US A CALL.

Everybody Takes Notice.

Don't forget the Calico Sale Supper and Old Folk's Concert in the Town Hall, Tuesday, Nov. 24th, under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian church.

Cut flowers From Dale Estate.

Carnations, Chrysanthemums, Roses Violets, Valley, fresh from the Dale Estate Florist. Special floral designs delivered in six hours direct from the green-houses. The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

The Napanee Ladies Musical Club.

Rev. Mr. Gray will lecture this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Town Hall on "Beethoven and his relation to the Sonata." Mr. Gray will be assisted by Miss. Murill King, pianist of Kingston. The lecture is open to club members ONLY, but any member may bring a non-resident as a guest on payment of 25c.

Secy.

Re-opened

One door north of my residence a full line of fresh groceries now on stock where you will find goods cheap as the best of them for cash or farmers produce in exchange. Thanking my old customers for their liberal patronage and soliciting a continuance of the same. Old accounts must be settled at once as I must have the money. Be kind enough to call and pay up. The books will be out of my hands soon.

Yours respectfully,  
P. GOULD.

Some claim to, but we lead in flour, feed and groceries. Get our price for the celebrated Royal Household flour, which is the best in the world, before buying elsewhere. Choice groceries and feed at right prices.

E. LOYST.

Collegiate Sports.

The Collegiate Institute sports are being worked off at every favorable opportunity. The following events took place on Saturday last:

1 Mile race, senior—J. McNeil, B. Jemmett, R. Daly.

Junior, half mile—Ross Sills, Earl Perry, Aubrey Cowan.

220 yards, hurdles—Stanley Asselstine, B. Jemmett, E. Anderson.

Girls' potato race—Stella Douglas, Grace Ward, Gladys Miller.

Senior long jump—J. McNeil, R. Daly, E. Anderson.

Junior long jump—V. Horton, Ross Sills, H. Oldham.

Junior, hop step and jump—V. Horton, Ross Sills, H. Oldham.

Throwing baseball—J. McNeil, R. Daly, B. Simpson.

Putting the stone—J. McNeil, E. Anderson, R. Daly.

Junior high jump—V. Horton, A. Cowan, R. Sills.

Senior hop, step and jump—R. Daly, E. Anderson, S. Asselstine.

Recipe Mixed Often.

Some remarkable stories are being told about town and among the country people coming in of this simple home-made mixture curing Rheumatism and Kidney trouble. Here is the recipe and directions for taking: Mix by shaking well in a bottle one-half ounce Fluid Extract Dandelion, one ounce Compound Kargon, three ounces Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla. Take as a dose one teaspoonful after meals and at bedtime. No change need be made in your usual diet, but drink plenty of good water. This mixture writes one authority in a leading Philadelphia newspaper, has a peculiar tonic effect upon the kidneys; cleans the clogged-up pores of the eliminative tissues, forcing the kidneys to sift and strain from the blood the uric



# The J. J. Haines Shoe Houses

Napanee, Belleville and Trenton.

## COAL!

OUR CELEBRATED

## PLYMOUTH COAL!

All sizes for prompt delivery.

We also carry in stock Steam Coal, Blacksmithing Coal

—and—  
Blue Grass Cannel Coal  
for a bright grate fire.

All at close prices FOR CASH.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 104  
Yard : Foot of West Street. 1-tr

CHAS. STEVENS,



LOOKS LIKE  
YOUR COAT

Doesn't it? A pretty nice model, made 44 inches long or 50 inches long in fine melton cloths with fine quality velvet collar. A dressy coat and one that can be worn on almost any occasion. This is another one of those famous 20th CENTURY BRAND STYLE makers.

Graham & Vanalstyne.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS.

## THIS WEEK WE Have RECEIVED

- Cape Cod Cranberries.
- Jamaica Oranges.
- Verdelli Lemons.
- Extracted Honey.
- New Canned Peels.
- New Valencia Raisins.
- New Cleaned Currants.

Give me a call.

FRANK H. PERRY.

## If You Wish to be Successful ATTEND THE KINGSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE Limited.

head of Queen Street, CANADA'S  
HIGHEST GRADE business school.  
Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting,  
Telegraphy and all commercial subjects  
thoroughly taught by competent, ex-  
perienced teachers. Enter at any time.  
Rates very moderate—Send for Cata-  
logue.

H. E. METCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM.  
President. Secretary.

### What to Do With Them.

If you bring that recipe that you cut out of the newspaper to The Medical Hall you will get it properly compounded, and the price will be right.—Fred L. Hooper.

Kingston bakers have restored the old price of bread to 10cents for a three pound loaf.

Will our customers who have empty cement sacks return them on or before Saturday or Monday, Nov. 16th or 18th, as they have to be returned to works at once.

M. S. MADOLE.

A sudden death occurred last Saturday morning in Richmond township, when McCall Carr, a well-known and highly respected farmer, died very suddenly. He was in his usual health up to within an hour of his death. Deceased was sixty-one years of age. The funeral took on Monday after.

Itch, Mange, Pimples, Scratches, Barber's Itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by T. B. Wallace.

The annual drawing in Woodland was held Wednesday evening, Mrs. S. Dryden, Pearl St., being the winner of the handsome eight day clock. The numbers drawn were 966 K, 686 L, 421 K, 860 K, 352K, 507K. The winning no 838K decided upon by the committee of four, P. J. Normie, J. A. Ferguson, Ray Gleason and Huggie Fitzpatrick. The programme furnished by the management, gave the audience perfect satisfaction. The special features for to-morrow and to-morrow are A highly educational paper, "The Paper Factory" and the amusing picture "Baby's First Outing, and the well known comic illustrated song, "Alice where art thou going." Wonder-land is known far and wide as the best theatre of amusement to be had. A matinee every Saturday afternoon especially intended for Ladies and children.

Before you buy a Heater or Range call and see our "Standard Oak," and "Canada Steel Range."

M. S. Madole.

thousand samples, to choose from. This will be a grand opportunity to get fine goods at very reasonable prices. A grand opportunity to buy Xmas presents. First come, first served. The W. A. Rose Co., Napanee, In Memoriam.

At the age of 12 Silas J. Vrooman, signed the pledge, becoming a Christian about that time, and remained faithful, being able to say in his last hours, "His prospects for heaven were never so bright," and among his last words he said with great joy "I'm satisfied." He also pointed with intense interest to the 33rd chapter of Ezekiel, requesting his daughters to sound the trumpet, sound it far and wide, that everyone might be warned. His text, Isaiah 35, 9-10 was his own selection years ago, and was used by the minister at his funeral.

### Official Visit

Pt. Ex-Com. W. S. Morden, of Belleville, Grand Supt. Prince Edward District No 11, made his official visit to Mt. Sinai Chapter, R. A. M., on Wednesday evening. The following officers were also elected:

- Ex-Com.—G. F. Rutan, J. P. J.
- Ex-Com.—Chas. A. Walters, J.
- Ex-Com.—D. A. Vallean, H.
- Com.—H. A. Wood, J.
- Ex-Com.—E. J. Walters, Scribe.
- Ex-Com.—W. J. Shannon, W.
- Pt. Ex-Com.—Jas. Walters, Treas.
- Com.—A. Alexander and Com. W. A. Grange, auditors.
- Com. Bryce Allan, Janitor.

After the work of the evening was completed the members and visitors repaired to the Royal Hotel where a splendid lunch was served by Com. W. H. Hunter.

## All sizes of Glass, also Paints, Oil, Glass and Putty. M. S. Madole.

### Woman's Aid Society.

The Napanee Woman's Aid Society of the Kingston General Hospital, held its annual meeting on Monday the 18th. The large number present showed that the interest taken in the work by the Ladies had not abated. Mrs. R. A. Leonard the esteemed president presided. The reports for the year were most satisfactory, showing with membership fees, variations of canned fruits, jellies, eggs, and etc. Also a large supply of linen and the proceeds from the Booth in The Made in Canada Sale. The large sum of \$523.37c. The Ladies feel very thankful to the public for having responded when ever called upon. The above result was attained without any one person having contributed a large amount, and shows what can be done by united effort in helping a good cause. Officers were elected as follows:

- President—Mrs. C. D. Wartman.
  - 1st Vice Pres.—Mrs. F. F. Miller.
  - 2nd Vice Pres.—Mrs. M. S. Madole.
  - 3rd Vice Pres.—Dr. Symington.
  - Recording Secretary—Mrs. H. Cairn's.
  - Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. F. D. Miller.
  - Treasurer—Mrs. G. C. T. Ward.
  - Buyers—Mrs. J. Young, Mrs. J. R. Dafoe.
- As the membership fee is placed at the small sum of fifty cents a year it is hoped many more will join in the work, which is unselfish in its motive where all the churches can unite.

Heating stoves, Souvenir, Famous, Favorite, Bell Oak, Famous Oak. Full lines, good prices for good goods at  
BOYLE & SON'S.

Stomach troubles, Heart and Kidney ailments, can be quickly corrected with prescription known to druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. The prompt and surprising relief which this remedy immediately brings is entirely due to its Restorative action upon the controlling nerves of the stomach, etc.

A weak Stomach, causing dyspepsia, a weak Heart with palpitation or intermittent pulse, always means weak stomach nerves or Heart nerves. Strengthen these inside or controlling nerves with Dr. Shoop's Restorative and see how quickly these ailments will disappear. Dr. Shoop of Racine, Wis. will mail samples free. Write for them. A test will tell. Your health is certainly worth this simple trial. Sold by ALL DEALERS. 37-m

ounces Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla. Take as a dose one teaspoonful after meals and at bedtime. No change need be made in your usual diet, but drink plenty of good water. This mixture writes one authority in a leading Philadelphia newspaper, has a peculiar tonic effect upon the kidneys; cleansing the clogged-up pores of the eliminative tissues, forcing the kidneys to sift and strain from the blood the uric acid and other poisonous waste matter, overcoming Rheumatism, Bladder and Urinary troubles in a short while. A New York druggist who has had hundreds of calls for these ingredients since the first announcement in the newspapers last October stated that the people who once try it "swear by it," especially those who have Urinary and Kidney trouble and suffer with Rheumatism. The druggists in this neighborhood say they can supply the ingredients, which are easily mixed at home. There is said to be better blood-cleansing agent or system tonic known and certainly none more harmless or simple to use.

## Learn Dress-Making By Mail in your spare time at home, or Take a Personal Course at School

To enable all to learn, we teach on cash or installment plan. We also teach a personal class at school once a month. Class commencing last Tuesday of each month. These lessons teach how to cut, fit and put together any garment from the plainest shirt waist; suit, to the most elaborate dress. The whole family can learn from one course. We have taught over seven thousand dress-making, and guarantee to give five hundred dollars to any one that cannot learn between the age of 14 and 40. You cannot learn dress-making as thorough as this course teaches if you work in shops for years. Beware of imitations as we employ no one outside the school. This is the only experienced Dress Cutting School in Canada and excelled by none in any other country. Write at once for particulars, as we have cut our rate one third for a short time. Address:—  
SANDERS' DRESS CUTTING SCHOOL,  
31 Erie St., Stratford, Ont., Canada.

WANTED AT ONCE—We have decided to instruct and employ a number of smart young ladies to teach our course in Dressmaking, having one teacher for the six nearest towns where they live—age 20 to 35. Those who have worked at dress-making, or like drawing preferred. Please do not apply unless you can devote your whole-time. Address—  
The School.

## CHRISTMAS AGAIN

You will be wanting to show your friends you have not forgotten them by sending some Christmas Remembrance.

Why not get something NEW right down-to-the minute.

We keep this line of goods imported direct from England, France, Germany, Austria, etc.

Newest, Daintiest  
Most Attractive.

line of Christmas Novelties we have ever had.

Remember we always do as we agree. Anything sold that is not as represented will be cheerfully exchanged.

We promise to SAVE MONEY for you if you buy your Christmas Present here.

Examine our Goods and Prices

A. E. PAUL, S

Next Cambridge's.

## EVERY DETAIL



of Clothes making is of the very highest quality.

Should you desire anything in Fall or Winter Clothing we have a splendid variety to select from at money saving prices.

**JAMES WALTERS,**

Merchant Tailor, - Napanee.

### Backache Plasters.

The Genuine P. B. Backache plaster for 25c at Wallace's Drug Store.

### Big Stock Reducing Sale.

Having gone through our stock and finding it much to large for this season of the year, we have decided to put on a big sale at greatly reduced prices.

THE COXALL CO.

### Subscription Agency.

Bring or send your list of magazines and newspapers to me and I will give you as good a price as any Publisher or Agency, in many instances I can quote lower. Try me again.

A. E. PAUL.

### Choral Club

A meeting will be held Monday evening, in the Public Library, to elect officers and settle affairs for the coming season. Will all the ladies and gentlemen who are interested in this Club and intend to join, kindly attend this meeting, promptly at eight o'clock.

### Salvation Army.

A latter service and lecture entitled "Catherine a thrilling story of a drunkard and his blind child, illustrated by 50 beautiful colored stereoscopic views will be given by Capt. H. Hurd on the evening of Nov. 28th at the Salvation Army barracks. This is a splendid service, well worth seeing. Come and spend an enjoyable evening with the Salvation Army.

### A Good Show

Marks Bros. will open a three nights engagement at the Brisco Opera House Thursday, Nov. 28th. They present moving pictures of a high class, the machine used being of the best description. The subjects are given with a distinctness and freedom from vibration that is pleasing, and the collection is something different from anything seen here before. In addition to the moving pictures, illustrated songs are given by Mr. Charles Ross, The Le Vards, William and Beatrice, colored comedy sketch artists, in songs, dances and banjo playing, are clever entertainers, and keep the audience in high good humor between scenes. The company is well worthy of patronage. Matinee Saturday afternoon at 2.30.

### Silver Medal Contest

The fifth Educational Contest for Royal Templars silver medal, under the auspices of the Epworth League of the Western Methodist Church, was held on Tuesday evening last. The large Sunday School room was well filled. The following were the contestants and their selections: Miss Myrtle Bell, "The Bridal Wine Cup"; Lillian Grange, "The Old Man's Story"; Miss

## PERSONALS

Mr. Jonas Lloyd and daughter, Elya, of Wellington, returned home on Monday after a short visit with friends in Napanee and vicinity.

Mr. Stanley C. Warner, of Denver, Colo., is ill, suffering from ulcer of the stomach.

Mr. J. E. Wright, of Toronto, was the guest of M. B. Mills for a few days last week.

Mrs. John T. Grange and Mrs. John Blanchard were visiting in Yarker on Wednesday.

Mrs. Webb returned to Toronto on Monday after spending a week with her parents; Mr. and Mrs. Rev. A. McDonald.

Mrs. A. B. Perry, Camden East, spent last week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Rev. A. McDonald.

Miss Helen Lloyd is spending a few days at Belleville with her sister, Mrs. Wilfred Boyd.

GIANT TRIPLETS "Currency" "Bobs" and "Stag" Chewing Tobaccos, in big plugs. Quality always the same.

Mr. D. S. Collier spent a couple of days this week in Picton.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Lasher and daughter, Rose, are spending a couple of weeks with friends at Flinton and Bridgewater.

Mr. John Fennell is rebuilding his frame building on Dundas street east.

The engagement is announced of Miss Ida Alberta, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Burgess, Napanee, to Mr. Edward Earl Irish, of Yarker. The marriage will take place in December.

Mr. Martin Sedore is visiting relatives at Sheen, Quebec.

Mrs. Rev. W. H. Montgomery joined her husband, who is stationed at White River, this week.

Miss Loreta Meagher, of Marysville, spent last week the guest of Miss Allie Meagher.

Mr. Ray Rikley has returned home from Cobalt.

Mrs. Davidson, of Picton, spent a few days last week the guest of her sister Mrs. G. A. Blewitt.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Barr Hall and little son, of Princeton, B. C., are expected here about Dec. 1st to visit her mother, Mrs. J. R. Perry on their way to spend Christmas with his parents in Croydon, England.

Mr. Ed. Symons returned from Hespeler last week.

Miss Alice Pruyn was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. W. H. Shaw, Toronto, last week.

Mr. Thos. Marsh, New York, is spending the week with his mother, Mrs. Peter Marsh, having come to attend his sister's wedding.

Miss Northmore, of Brooklyn, N.Y., is the guest of her brother, Dr. H. S. Northmore, Bath.

Miss Ida Dawson, Fellows, spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Rev. A. McDonald.

Mrs. Nelson Dean, Thomas street, is very ill. Her many friends in Napanee and vicinity will be sorry to learn this, and will hope for her speedy recovery.

Rev. W. P. Reeve, B. A., has been appointed rector of the Anglican Church, at Kempsville.

For Quality and Quantity ask your dealer for the new big plugs of "Bobs" "Stag" and "Cency" Chewing Tobaccos.

Miss Gertrude Lloyd has returned to Peterborough after spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Lloyd.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Rutten returned from the west on Wednesday.

Misses Mary and Charlotte Sanderson returned on Monday from Queensboro, where they have been spending a few weeks with friends.

Mrs. Bennett spent last week with friends in Toronto.

Miss McGonegal returned to Toronto

# NOW IS THE TIME

To buy your stock of Winter Footwear at less than present Wholesale Prices

## Our Special Sale for Saturday, November 23rd

Lot No. 1 comprises 50 pairs Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Boots patent and self tip, regular \$2.50 and \$3 **Sale Price..... 75c**

Lot No. 2 comprises 50 pairs Ladies' Laced Shoes, patent and self tip, regular 75c to \$1.50 **Sale Price..... 50c**

## Now for the New Goods THAT DELIGHT THE EYE AND SUIT THE PURSE.

30 pairs Men's Dongola Blucher, Goodyear welted, new toe regular \$3.00 **Sale Price..... \$2.00**

15 pairs Men's Kangaroo Bals, Goodyear welted, solid oak soles, worth \$5.00 **Sale Price..... 3.50**

30 pairs Women's Dongola Bluchers, new toes, regular \$3.00 **Sale Price..... 2.25**

20 pairs Women's Dongola Laced Boots, patent tips, worth from \$1.35 to \$1.50. **Sale Price..... 1.00**

Watch the big TICKETS marked in RED.

At Curry's Old Stand.  
Opposite Royal Hotel.

# Wilson & Bro.

5c. "WONDERLAND" 5c.

NEXT DRAWING will be held Wednesday November 27th at 7.30.

Every purchaser of 5c admission ticket will receive a coupon at all performances up to evening of drawing.

Drawings held weekly.

Winning number and name will be published in this paper every week

Mrs. S. Dryden, Pearl street, was the winner of the Handsome Eight Day Clock—number of coupon 838 K.

The other numbers were 966 K, 686 L, 421 K, 860 K, 952 K, 507 K.

See local column.



## Silver Medal Contest.

The fifth Elocutionary Contest for Royal Templars silver medal, under the auspices of the Epworth League of the Western Methodist Church, was held on Tuesday evening last. The large Sunday School room was well filled. The following were the contestants and their selections: Miss Myrtle Bell, "The Bridal Wine Cup"; Elvonia Grange, "The Old Man's Story"; Miss Pearl Spencer, "The Voice from the Poor House"; Keitha Chatterson, "How He Signed the Pledge"; Rena Dinner, "Good Night Papa"; Grace Martin, "A Terrible Charge." The judges were: Messrs. Wm. Harrison, E. J. Walters, and E. J. Pollard. The decision was awarded Miss Rena Dinner. Rev. J. R. Real made an admirable chairman for the occasion. A good musical programme was rendered.

## Have You Been Misled?

Some time ago, owing to an erroneous report in circulation that a raise in the CAMPBELL HOUSE rates had been made on the farming community hereabouts, a correction appeared in these columns. Further stories have made it necessary to again enter a denial. In this connection we have much pleasure in saying that not only does the rate remain \$1.00 PER DAY - 25c A MEAL TO THE FARMERS' AND LOCAL PATRONAGE EXCLUSIVELY (\$1.50 and \$2.00 per day to the travelling public) in the face of a high market, but an expenditure of a steam heating plant, telephones, etc., which will enhance very materially the well known conveniences, comfort and quality of this commodious hostelry. A courteous welcome is extended. THE CAMPBELL HOUSE, H. Taylor.

Horse blankets, halters, horse brushes, curry combs. Cut prices in horse blankets at

BOYLE & SON'S.

## IMPORTANT.

You have no further need to send away for your Music. A large up-to-date stock is now on hand at

## FISHER'S MUSIC STORE,

(Opposite Madills)

where you can get any Music you require, and thus save postal or express charges.

The latest songs—Piano and Organ Music.

Church Music, — (all the newest anthems.)

See the splendid Song Volume—30 fine Songs for 60c

A Great Display of Pictorial Post Cards.

## What's Wrong

Headaches, eyes feel dull, heavy and watery after sewing or reading, eye lids twitch, print blurs and letters mix? A few minutes will suffice for a complete examination of your eyes. Glasses only prescribed where necessary.

Remember Our Motto is Satisfaction

It is the link that binds pleased customers to us. We have fitted thousands with Spectacles. Why not you?

H. E. SMITH, Optician.

Smiths' Jewellery Store

J. M. Lloyd.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Rutan returned from the west on Wednesday.

Misses Mary and Charlotte Sanderson returned on Monday from Queensboro, where they have been spending a few weeks with friends.

Mrs. Bennett spent last week with friends in Toronto.

Miss McGonegal returned to Toronto last week.

The Misses Spink, of Winnipeg, who have been the guests of their aunt, Mrs. W. H. Emsley, left for Toronto on Tuesday.

Mr. L. H. Bennett returned from the west last week.

Mrs. Augustus Hooper, Camden East, is spending the winter with Mrs. J. D. Ham.

Mr. W. A. Grange attended court in Verona last Friday.

Mr. G. G. Carins, of Toronto, visited in Napanee Monday.

Mr. W. S. Herrington attended court in Adolphustown last Friday.

Mrs. Martha Finkle, Napanee, left for Belleville Friday, to visit Mrs. J. A. Shibley and Mrs. Deming.

Mrs. Dr. Booth, formerly Miss Carrie Friar, of Odessa, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Lockwood this week.

Dr. Fred Warner, of Toronto, was calling on friends in Napanee Saturday.

W. S. Morden, of Belleville, barrister, was in Napanee on Wednesday.

Mr. W. S. Herrington, of Napanee, went to Toronto Wednesday.

Mr. J. P. Lawrason, of St. George's, is spending a few days in town.

Mr. Chas. Solmes, of Buffalo, and Mr. Dorland Solmes, of Syracuse, were in town this week having come to attend the funeral of their father, the late Nathaniel Solmes.

Mrs. Martha Walker, of Deseronto, spent a few days in town this week.

Mr. John Henderson left on Friday last for Toronto to spend the winter there.

Mr. and Mrs. Walker are spending a few weeks in Watertown.

Mr. D. A. Vallean spent last week in Chicago.

Mr. Dorland Hayes, Lansing, Mich., spent last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hayes.

Miss Madge Clapp is very ill.

## DEATHS.

SOLMES—At Richmond, on Tuesday, October 19th, 1907, Nathaniel Solmes aged eighty three years, five months, fifteen days.

STEACY—At Napanee, on Tuesday, Nov. 19th, 1907, Aubrey Bothwell Steacy, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Steacy, aged 9 years and eight months.

## Do You Wear a Truss.

Don't send away from home for a Truss. At Wallace's Drug Store you can get the most improved Trusses at less than half the price you pay a specialist.

## Parlor Meeting W. O. T. U.

There will be a parlor meeting of the W. O. T. U. held at the residence of Mrs. C. H. Wartman on Tuesday, November 26th at 3 p. m. The report of the delegate to the Provincial Convention will be given. All the Ladies of the town are cordially invited.

It is probable that the Ontario Government will appoint its own agent-general to represent the province in England. Premier Whitney has had a call from the Hon. J. H. Turner, British Columbia's Agent-General, in England, who holds strongly the view that all the provinces should have such a representative. There is no doubt that, considered by itself alone, good results would come from the appointment of such an agent, said the Premier, but the question has to be considered with reference to the authority and powers of the High Commissioner of the Dominion.

## CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Mrs. S. Dryden, Pearl street, was the winner of the Handsome Eight Day Clock—number of coupon 838 K.

The other numbers were 966 K, 686 L, 421 K, 860 K, 952 K, 507 K.

See local column.

Open Evenings at 7 o'clock. Tuesday, Children's Day, Admission 2c. Open Saturday commencing at 2 p. m.

**SPECIAL FEATURE**—Mr. Parkinson, the local baritone singer, will sing the Illustrated Songs.

## Are You Pestered With Rats?

Wallace's Electric Rat Paste will rid your premises of these pests in short order—25c at Wallace's Drug Store. Coal Oil Still 13c at Wallace's.

## Western Methodist Church.

On Sunday morning Mrs. Symington will give a report of the S. S. Convention at Brantford. Special music. Quartette led by Mr. Fisher. In the evening Rev. Real will preach as usual. Special music has been prepared for the evening service.

The regular monthly meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held Tuesday next, Nov. 26th, in the board room of the Public Library, at 3 o'clock.

All members are urged to be present as the report of the provincial convention will be given.

L. ANDERSON, Rec. Sec.

A. S. Kimmerly is selling 21 lbs. Redpath's granulated sugar \$1.00 or \$1.15 per 100; new selected raisins 1 lbs. 25c; Lemon and orange peel, 15c lb; Citron peel, 20c lb; Lamp chimneys 6c; 3 pkg. orange meat 25c; 6 bars surprise soap 25c; 4 pkg. corn starch 25c; 4 lbs washing soda 5c.

Aubrey Bothwell Steacy, youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Steacy, passed away on Tuesday, after quite a lengthy illness, during which time he suffered intensely. Aubrey had been a cripple since a baby and though his parents spared no expense and secured for him the best specialist advice, nothing could be done to cure him. The funeral took place on Thursday afternoon at three o'clock from his father's residence, Dundas street, to the vault of the Eastern Cemetery. A number of beautiful floral offerings were placed on the casket by friends of the family.

## CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

A simple and effective remedy for

## SORE THROATS AND COUGHS

They combine the germicidal value of Cresoline with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps. LEONARD, MILLS CO., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 401

A very quiet wedding took place on Monday morning when Miss Ella Marsh was united in marriage to Mr. Edward Embury, at St. Patrick's Church, by the Rev. Father O'Connor. The bride was assisted by her sister, and Mr. Spencer acted as best man. After the ceremony the happy couple left on the east bound train where they will spend a few weeks in the Metropolis. The bride was one of Napanee's most popular young ladies, having been connected with the Robinson Co. Ltd., for the last few years. The employees took the opportunity of showing their esteem for the bride by calling on her in a body and presenting her with an eight day clock. Among the many other presents was a handsome rug from the Robinson Co. Ltd. Thos. J. Marsh, proprietor of the Marsh Iron works, of New York City, and brother of the bride came to attend his sister's wedding and returned to New York on Tuesday.

## Lantern Globes That Won't Break.

It's impossible to get a lantern globe that won't break, but we have some at Wallace's Drug store that will last longer than most kinds. Price 10c.

## TALK ABOUT GROCERIES

If you want good Groceries and the best, no cheap trash, you want to go to

H. W. KELLY, Campbell House Corner.

and you can get the best Rolled Oats in town, also

Headlight Coal Oil	13c a gallon
Water White Oil the best	16c a gallon
3 Tins Gillet's Lye	25 cents
1 lb Laundry Starch	6c per lb.
1 lb Corn Starch	7c per box
Canada Laundry Starch	7c per box
Benson's Corn Starch No 1	3 for 25c.
6 bars Surprise Soap	25 cents
10 bars Judd Soap	25 cents
6 Green Castile	25 cents
1 lb French Castile (Toilet)	10 cents
Maple Leaf Baking Powder	15c a tin
Royal Baking Powder	40c a tin
Pure Cream Tartar	30c a tin
Grapenuts	2 for 25c.
3 Boxes Silver Gloss Starch	25 cents
New Mixed Peel	18c a lb
3 Corn Flakes	25 cents
O-Wee Kay-No Salmon	15c a tin
2 lb Paris Lump Sugar	15 cents

The best 25c Green Tea in town.

If you want good Breakfast Bacon try our PEA MEAL.

## H. W. KELLY

## NOTICE!

All Seed Accounts of over one year's standing are now liable to be placed for collection, without further notice.

And all 1907 accounts standing after December 1st next will be in the same condition.

THOS. SYMINGTON.

Napanee, November 10th, 1907.

I have now on hand a full assortment of Mitts, Horse Blankets, and Rope and Leather Halters, etc.

M. S. Madole.